### **CALIFORNIA**



WARNING: Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

WARNING: Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, and chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

ANY PICTURES CONTAINED WITHIN THIS OPERATOR'S MANUAL THAT DEPICT SITUATIONS WITH SHIELDS, GUARDS, RAILS, OR LIDS REMOVED ARE FOR DEMONSTRATION ONLY. HAGIE MANUFACTURING STRONGLY URGES THE OPERATOR TO KEEP ALL SHIELDS AND SAFETY DEVICES IN PLACE AT ALL TIMES.



## OPERATOR'S MANUAL FOR HAGIE MODEL STS 14 HI-TRACTOR SPRAYER- DETASSELER

# HAGIE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

721 CENTRAL AVENUE WEST BOX 273 CLARION, IOWA 50525-0273

(515) 532-2861

COVERS MACHINE SERIAL NUMBERS:U1671001001 thru U1671001100

08-09 493479

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## **INTRODUCTION**

# **A CAUTION**

READ OPERATOR'S MANUAL. BE ALERT. LEARN TO OPERATE THIS MACHINE SAFELY. OBSERVE ALL SAFETY PRACTICES. MACHINES CAN BE HAZARDOUS IN THE HANDS OF AN UNFAMILIAR, UNTRAINED, OR COMPLACENT OPERATOR. SHUT OFF ENGINE BEFORE SERVICING. WHEN MECHANISM BECOMES CLOGGED, SHUT OFF ENGINE BEFORE CLEANING. DON'T RISK INJURY OR DEATH.

650852

## A WORD FROM HAGIE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Congratulations on your selection of a Hagie Model STS 14 COMBO SPRAYER-DETASSELER. We recommend that you study this Operator's Manual and become acquainted with the adjustments and operating procedures before attempting to operate your new sprayer. As with any piece of equipment, certain operating procedures, service, and maintenance are required to keep it in top running condition.

We have attempted herein to cover all of the adjustments required to fit varying conditions. However, there may be times when special care must be considered.

Hagie Manufacturing Company reserves the right to make changes in the design and material of any subsequent sprayer without obligation to existing units.

We thank you for choosing a Hagie sprayer and assure you of our continued interest in its satisfactory operation for you. If we might be of assistance to you, please call us.

We are proud to have you as a customer.

## TO THE OPERATOR:

The following pages and illustrations will help you operate and service your new sprayer. It is the responsibility of the user to read the Operator's Manual and comply with the safe correct operating procedures and lubricate and maintain the product according to the maintenance schedule.

The user is responsible for inspecting the machine and having parts repaired or replaced when continued use of the product causes damage or excessive wear to other parts.

Keep this manual in a convenient place for easy reference when problems arise. This manual is considered a permanent fixture with this machine. In the event of resale, this manual should accompany the sprayer. If you do not understand any part of the manual or require additional information or service, contact the Hagie Customer Support Department:

Hagie Manufacturing Company 721 Central Avenue West Box 273 Clarion, Iowa 50525-0273 (515) 532-2861

The following symbols, found throughout this manual, alert you to situations that could be potentially dangerous conditions to the operator, service personnel, or the equipment.



This symbol indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

This symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or injury.

This symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

# **Table of Contents**

Introduction	i-ii
Table of Contents	iii
Safety	05-1
Decals	
Identification	
Specifications	
Operator's Station	
MD3 Operating Instructions	
Hydrostatic System	
Hydraulic System	40-1
Spray System	45-1
Foam Marker System	
Detasseling System	
Quick-tach System	60-1
All Wheel Steer	
Raven Spray Control Console	
Tasseltrol®/LS System 12™	
Transporting	
Service Intervals	
Service: Fluids	
Service: Filters	
Service: Lubrication	
Service: Electrical System	
Service: Belts	
Service: Bolt Torque	
Service: Toe-In	
Service: Misc.	
Storage	
Troubleshooting	
Warranty	140-1
Index	

Tasseltrol is a registered trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company.

LS System 12 is a trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company.

# SAFETY

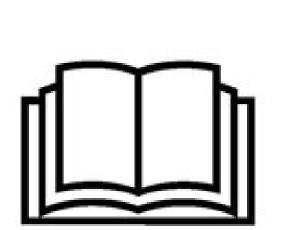
Most accidents occur as the result of failure to follow simple and fundamental safety rules. For this reason, most accidents can be prevented by recognizing the real cause and doing something about it before the accident occurs.

Many conditions cannot be completely safeguarded against without interfering with efficient operation and/or reasonable accessibility. Therefore, you must study this Operator's Manual and learn how to use the sprayer controls for safe operation. Likewise, do not let anyone operate without instruction.

Do not make modifications such as weldments, add-ons, adaptations, or changes from the original design of sprayer. Such changes and/or modifications may become safety hazards to you and to others and will void all warranties.

If you have All Wheel Steer installed on your machine, pay special attention to instructions, components, and safety warnings marked with "

Replace missing, faded, or damaged safety signs. See the operator's manual for correct sign and placement.

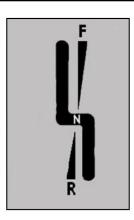




# SAFETY

#### Do Not By-Pass Safety Start Switch

• Start the machine from the operator's seat only. The machine must be in neutral to start.

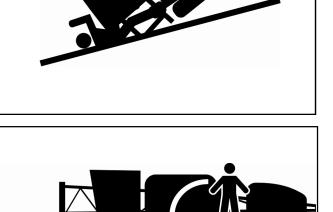


#### Use Caution While Driving **A**

- Never drive too close to ditches, embankments, holes, mounds or other obstacles.
- Never drive on hills too steep for safe operation.
- Reduce the sprayer speed while turning.
- Do not permit passengers on machine when it is moving; they may fall off or obstruct the operator's view.

#### **Keep Riders Off Machine**

 Do not permit passengers to ride on the machine or in the cab. The only time passengers should be permitted is for instructional or diagnostic purposes. The passenger should be seated on the buddy seat next to the operator and never allowed to ride outside of the cab.

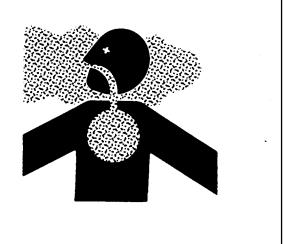


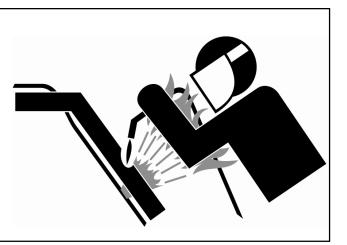
### Remove Paint Before Welding or Heating

- Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust. Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch.
- Do not use chlorinated solvents in areas where welding will take place.
- Do all work in an area that is well ventilated to carry toxic fumes and dust away.
- Dispose of paint and solvents properly.

#### **Avoid Heating Near Pressurized Lines**

 Avoid torching, welding, and soldering near pressurized hydraulic lines. Pressurized lines may accidentally burst when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area.





#### Handle Fuel Safely- Avoid Fires

- Always turn engine off and allow it to cool before re-fueling.
- Never smoke while re-fueling.
- Do not fill tank completely, fuel may expand and run over.
- Always clean up spilled fuel with soapy water.
- Keep a fire extinguisher close when refueling.

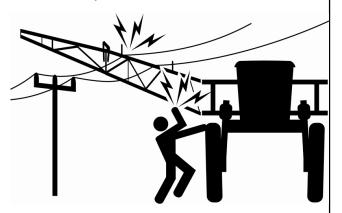


#### **Operate Safely**

- Before moving sprayer, make sure there are no obstacles or persons in the path of travel.
- Never operate a machine in the same field as walking personnel.
- Always drive at a reasonable field speed.
- Never operate sprayer on roadway with any solution in the tank. Additional weight caused from partially full or full solution tanks may cause erratic or increased stopping distance.
- Never operate the sprayer at transport speeds with a full tank. The wheel motors and planetary gear hubs are not rated to with stand high speeds under full loads and may over heat or blow out.
- Pull over to the side of the road before stopping.
- Always come to a complete stop before reversing directions.
- Keep a fire extinguisher close at all times.
- Keep all shields in place.
- Keep clear of all moving parts and keep others away when operating.
- Do not wear loose fitting clothing that may be blown or drawn into moving parts.
- Do not activate parking brake while machine is in motion.
- Stop slowly to avoid "nose diving".
- Reduce speed for icy, wet, graveled or soft roadway surfaces. ▲
- Use flashers/hazard warning lights, day or night, unless prohibited by law.



 Make sure SMV and SIS emblem is in place and visible from rear when traveling on public roadways.



- Keep away from overhead power lines. Serious injury or death to you or others may result should the machine contact electrical wires.
- Do not adjust factory engine RPM settings.
- Operate engine at one bump to assure proper charge pressure for brakes to work properly.
- Never use starting fluid to assist engine start up.
- If equipped with ground speed sensing radar or light sensing depth units, do not look directly into radar beam. It emits a very low intensity microwave signal which may cause possible eye damage.

A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

# SAFETY

#### **Be Prepared**

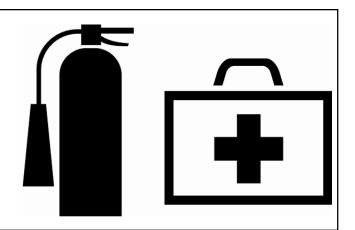
- Be prepared for an emergency. Keep a fire extinguisher handy. Keep a first aid kit and clean water in the cab also.
- Make sure to service the fire extinguisher regularly. Keep an accurate inventory of supplies in the first aid kit and dispose of anything that has expired.

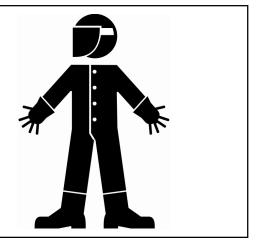
#### Wear Protective Clothing

- Do not wear loose fitting clothes that could get caught in moving parts. Wear safety equipment that is appropriate for the job.
- Do not store chemical soaked clothes in the cab. Clean off as much mud and dirt from your shoes as you can before entering the cab.

#### **Protect Against Noise**

- Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating the machine.
- Prolonged exposure to loud noise could cause loss of hearing. Wear suitable hearing protection.





05-5

#### **Battery Acid Accident Prevention**

Avoid serious injury by avoiding battery acid contact with your body. Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid that is strong enough to eat holes in clothing and cause blindness if splashed into eyes.

Make sure to:

- Fill batteries in a well ventilated area.
- Wear Personal Protective Equipment when servicing a battery.
- Avoid breathing in the fumes when recharging with electrolyte.
- Avoid spilling or dripping electrolyte.
- When charging a battery, connect positive cable to positive terminal and negative cable to negative terminal. Failure to do so may result in an explosion and cause injury.

If you spill on yourself:

- Immediately begin flushing affected area with cold water while removing any contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to flush the area for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- Call a physician.
- While transporting or waiting for medical attention, apply compresses of iced water or immerse affected area in iced water. Do not allow tissue to freeze.
- Do not apply creams or ointments until you have been seen by a physician.

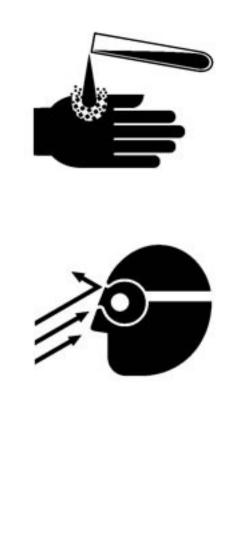
#### If acid is swallowed:

Do not induce vomiting.

- Drink large amounts of water.
- Get medical attention immediately!
- Do not neutralize the acid.

If fumes are inhaled:

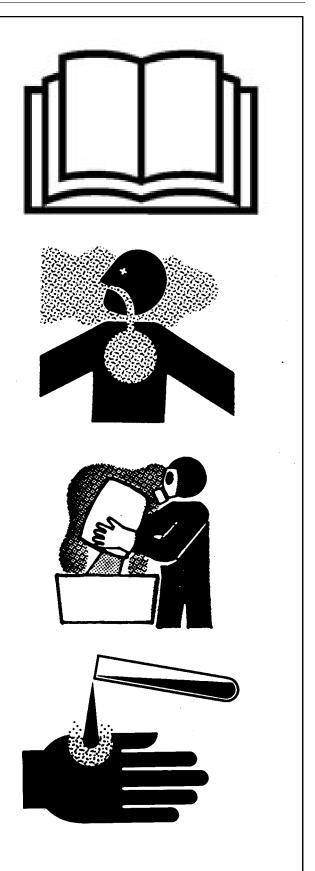
- Move the person into fresh air.
- Do not give artificial respiration to a person that is able to breathe on their own.
- Give CPR only if there is no breathing AND no pulse.
- Seek medical attention IMMEDIATELY!



#### Handle Agricultural Chemicals Safely

Agricultural chemicals used in applications can be harmful to your health and the environment if not used carefully.

- Always follow the manufacturer's label directions for use.
- Never allow chemicals to come in contact with your skin or eyes.
- Never pour chemicals into an empty tank, fill tank half full of water first.
- Dispose of empty chemical containers properly.
- Wash spilled chemicals or spray residue from the sprayer to prevent corrosion and deterioration.
- Select a safe area to fill, flush, calibrate, and clean sprayer where chemicals will not run off to contaminate people, animals, vegetation, or water supply.
- Never place a spray nozzle to your lips in an attempt to unclog it.
- Do not spray when wind is in excess of chemical manufacturer's recommendation.
- Store chemicals in their original containers with the label intact.
- Store chemicals in a separate, locked building.
- Wear protective equipment as recommended by chemical manufacturer.



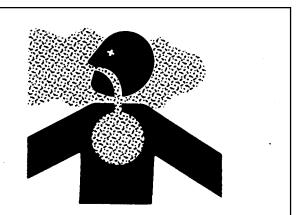
# SAFETY

#### Safe Hydraulic Maintenance

- Always practice personal safety when performing service or maintenance on the hydraulic system.
- Use caution when working with hydraulic fluid under pressure. Escaping fluid can have sufficient force to penetrate your skin causing serious injury. This fluid may also be hot enough to burn.
- Always lower the load or relieve the pressure before repairing a hydraulic oil leak.

#### **Beware of Exhaust Fumes**

Never run the machine in a closed building.
 Proper ventilation is required. Use an exhaust pipe extension to remove fumes if you must operate in a building. Also open doors and windows to bring in enough outside air into the area.



#### **General Maintenance Safety**

- Turn off engine before checking, adjusting, repairing, lubricating, or cleaning any part of the sprayer.
- When servicing the radiator, let the engine cool before removing pressurized cap.
- Disconnect battery ground cable and turn main battery switch off before servicing electrical system or welding on machine.
- Each Hagie machine outfitted with AWS has position sensing internal to the steering cylinders. Please disconnect each sensor before welding on the machine. Then re-connect when done welding. ▲



#### **Operating Optional Components**

Tread Width

• Select a tread setting to fit between crop rows.

Sprayer Booms

- Cradle booms when leaving sprayer unattended.
- Make sure booms are folded when cradled.
- Select a safe area before unfolding booms.
   Avoid power lines and overhead structures.

#### Outriggers

- Make sure the outriggers are locked when folded in or out.
- Fold the outriggers before traveling on a public roadway.

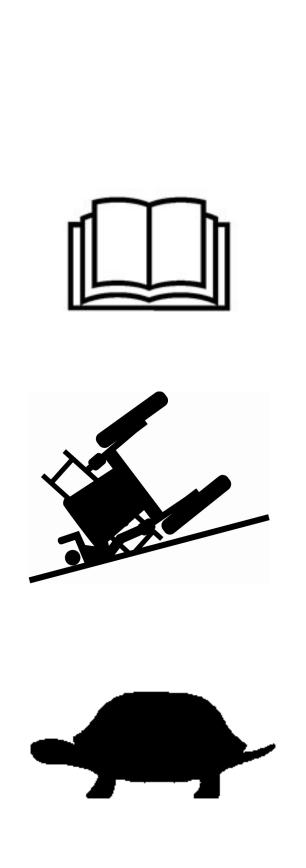


A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

#### All Wheel Steer Safety **A**

Many of the precautions listed below are repetitious to the precautions for a standard machine. It is very important that they receive special consideration. Failure to obey the precautions and operating instructions regarding the ALL WHEEL STEER system will result in serious injury or death and machine damage.

- Make sure that you understand how to operate the machine with the standard set-up (conventional steering only). You will need to get a feel for how the drive system works by sitting behind the wheel and driving the machine.
- It is very important to understand all of the aspects that are related to the ALL WHEEL STEER system. You will need to know how to turn the system on or off and understand when the system will limit itself or even turn itself off. You will also want to understand the graphics and tools that will help you maintain your system operating to your liking.
- REDUCE SPRAYER SPEED BEFORE
   TURNING .
- NEVER DRIVE ON HILLS TOO STEEP FOR SAFE OPERATION.
- NEVER DRIVE NEAR DITCHES, EMBANK-MENTS, HOLES, OR OTHER SIMILAR OB-STACLES.
- COME TO A COMPLETE STOP BEFORE REVERSING DIRECTION.
- ALWAYS DRIVE AT A REASONABLE FIELD SPEED.



A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

## WARNING DECALS

Decals warning you of avoidable danger are located on various parts of the sprayer. They are there for your personal safety and protection. DO NOT remove them. They will fracture upon attempted removal and therefore must be replaced.

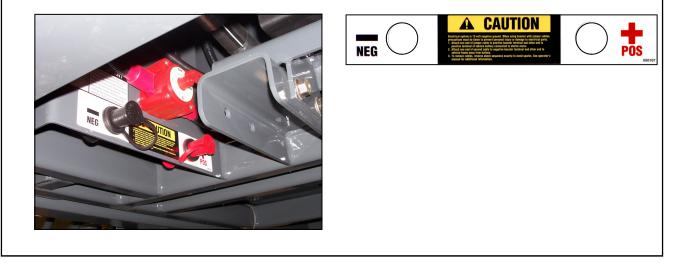
Following are locations of important safety decals. Replace them if they are torn or missing. All warning decals and other instructional Hagie decals or machine striping may be purchased through Hagie Customer Support Department. To replace decals, be sure the installation area is clean and dry; decide on exact position before you remove the backing paper.



#### DECAL LOCATION

#### 650107

Rear of frame around the booster terminals.



#### 650118

On engine compartment in front of air cleaner.



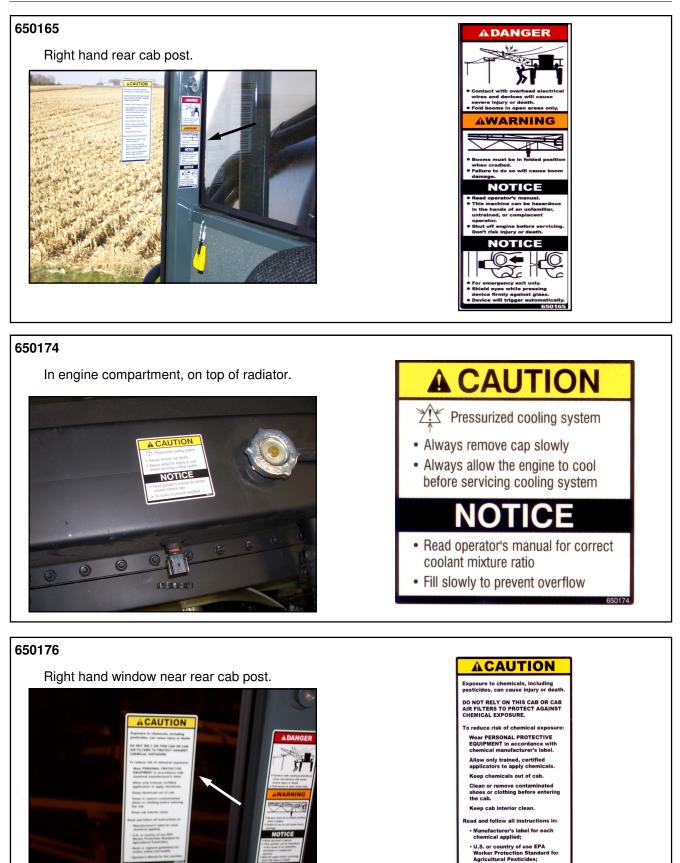
#### 650164

Left hand rear cab post.





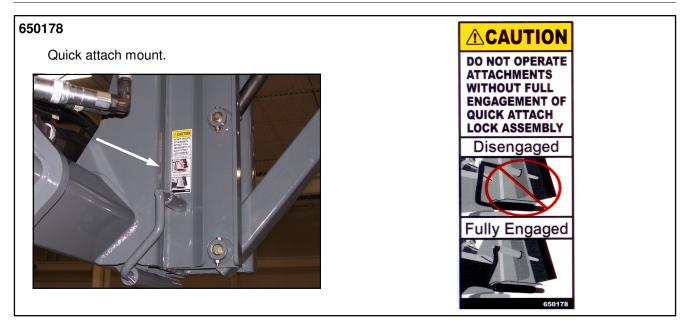




NOTICE

 State or regional guidelines for worker safety and health;

• Operator's Manual for this m



#### 650218

2-1 on each end of the combo attachment.





#### 650303

Right side window, rear corner.



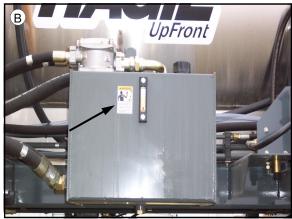


#### 650339

Front cross member: left hand side (A)

Hydraulic reservoir: left of the sight gauge (B)







#### 650379

Right side window, rear corner.



#### \* TO ENGAGE DETASSELING HEAD HYD MTRS:

- 1. Reduce engine speed to an idle.
- 2. Clear area of unauthorized personnel.
- 3. Turn individual motor control switches to "ON".
- 4. Slowly increase engine RPM to desired speed.

#### 650819

2 on each side of the cutter head deck.





#### 650820

1 on each quad puller head. .





#### 650848

On ladder pivot tube.





#### 650849

On engine compartment, near fuel cell cap.





#### 650850

Front fill- on solution tank near fill lid (1).

Side fill- on educator tank lid (2).







Left side rear mainframe, near ladder.



ACAUTION SHIELDS ARE FOR YOUR PROTECTION.

THEM IN

650851

AWARNING

LABELS

#### 650981

In engine compartment, near radiator cap.





#### 650982

On fuel cell near batteries.



Etconaitypeter is 2 voir register to revent personal injury or damage to electrical parts. 1. Attach one end of jurnoer cable to positive terminal of booster battery and other end to positive terminal of vehicle cattery cornected to starter motor 2. Attach one end of second cable to negative terminal of booster battery and other in vehicle frame away from battery. Do not attach to cab or cab support. 3. To remove cables reverse above sequence exactly to avoid sparks. See operator's

# **IDENTIFICATION**

Each Hagie sprayer is identified by means of a frame serial number. This serial number denotes the model, year in which it was built, and the number of the sprayer. For further identification, the engine has a serial number, the hydrostatic pumps have serial numbers, and the planetary hubs have identification plates that describe the type of mount and gear ratio.

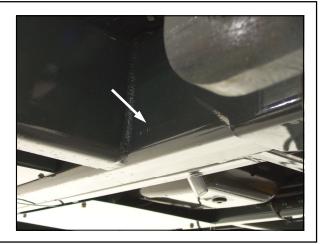
To ensure prompt, efficient service when ordering parts or requesting service repairs from Hagie Manufacturing Company, record the serial numbers and identification numbers in the spaces provided below.

# NOTICE

Reference to right hand and left hand used throughout this manual refers to the position when seated in the operator's seat facing forward.

#### Sprayer

The sprayer serial number is stamped in the frame on the right rear corner.



#### Engine

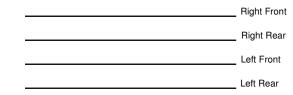
The diesel engine serial number is located on the engine block valve cover.

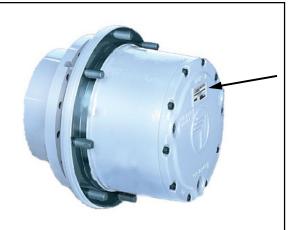


# **IDENTIFICATION**

#### Wheel Hubs

Each wheel hub has an identification plate attached to the front of it. The plate also contains information regarding gear ratio.



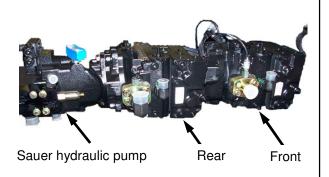


#### **Hydrostatic Pumps**

The engine has two hydrostatic pumps stacked on the engine block. Refer to the Hagie Parts Manual for Hagie part number.

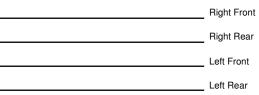
\_\_\_\_\_ Rear

Front



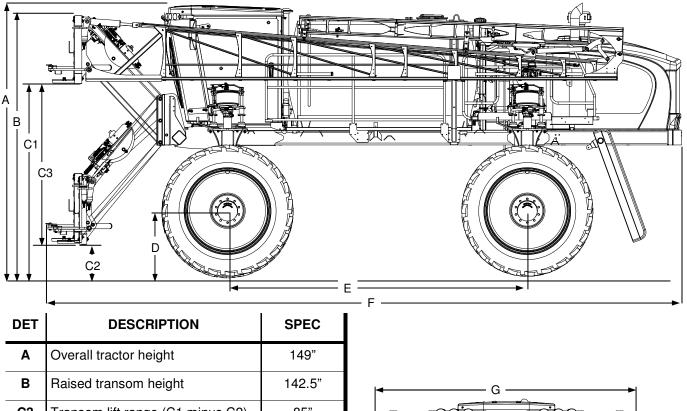
#### Wheel Motors

The wheel motors each have an identification plate permanently attached to it. The identification plate contains the serial number and other manufacturer information. Refer to Hagie Parts Manual for Hagie part number.





#### **SPRAYER DIMENSIONS\*\***



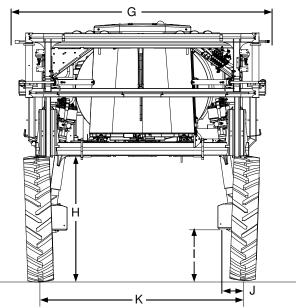
В	Raised transom height	142.5"
C3	Transom lift range (C1 minus C2)	85" (108"-22")
D	Static loaded hub height	33.5"
Е	Wheel base	166"
F	Sprayer length	344"
G	Width (booms folded, 120" tread)	143"
Н	Frame clearance	72"
I	Lower leg clearance (from shield)	27"
J	J Tire center to inside of shield	
К	Tread width* (non-hydraulic tread) Adjustable hydraulic tread (option)	120" 120"-152"

#### **General Sprayer Information**

- Frame type ...... 4x8" modular platform frame •
- Suspension......4-wheel, individual, auto air-ride
- Approximate dry weight ......24,240 lbs. •
- Shipping width ......143" •

\*tread width is measured at 1/2 the tire height

\*\* may vary with tire option



Because Hagie Manufacturing offers a variety of options, the illustrations in this manual may show a machine equipped other than standard. Weight and height do not consider options, values may be

different depending on options.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
ENGINE	
Manufacturer	Cummins
Model	QSB6.7
Туре	Electronic with air to air cooler and turbo charger
Number of Cylinders	6
Displacement	6.7 liter (360 c.i.)
Horse Power	275 hp (205 KW)
Type of Fuel	Number 1 or Number 2 diesel
Fuel System	Filtered, direct-injected
Air Cleaner	Dry-type, single element
Engine Air Filter Restriction Monitors	Filter Minder®
Slow Idle	850 RPM
Fast Idle (no load)	2500 RPM
HYDROSTATIC DRIVE	
Hydrostatic Pump	Sauer-Danfoss Tandem 90 series
Displacement	150 cc (75x2) with electronic displacement control
Drive Train	All-wheel four wheel drive
Speed ranges <b>A</b>	4 in field state 5 in road state
Hydrostatic Wheel Motors	Sauer-Danfoss (90 Series)
Final Drives	Planetary gear reduction hubs
Front	Bonfiglioli hubs w/brake (22:1)
Rear	Bonfiglioli hubs w/brake (30:1)
Lubrication	Oil Bath
Brakes (Parking Only)	Multiple disc, spring applied, hydraulically released
Steering System	Hydraulic, dedicated circuit
Control	Full time power
Steering Cylinders	Self-centering, double action
Turning Radius	22.5 ft
All Wheel Steer (optional)	Coordinated Steering

Filter Minder is a registered trademark of Engineered Products Company

A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
AUXILIARY HYDRAULIC SYSTEM	
Туре	Single closed center pump
Pump Type	Load sense
SPRAY SYSTEM	
Booms	60/80/90/100ft. (5 sections) optional 90/120ft. (9 spray sections)
• Туре	Dry with variable row spacing (optional wet)
Controls	Electro-hydraulic (fold, lift, level)
Level Shock Absorber	Gas charged accumulator
Outer Boom Hydraulic Breakaway	Self-actuated, auto-reset hydraulic
Solution Fill Connection	
Quick-fill Connection	3 in. (7.6 cm) inner diameter
Solution Tank	
Standard	1400 gal. (5299L) stainless steel w/ sight gauge
Agitation	
Stainless Steel Tank	Sparge-type w/ electric variable speed control
General Spray System	
• Pump	Centrifugal– hydraulically driven with pulse width modulated control valve
Solution Valves	Electric ball valves
Pressure Gauge	100 PSI glycerin filled
Console	Raven 4600 (GPS ready)
Fence Row Nozzle	Two-position, remote activated

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
FOAM MARKING SYSTEM	
Make	Hagie Foam Marker
Туре	Live air
RINSE SYSTEM	
Spray System Rinse (solution tanks, pump, and booms)	Standard
High Pressure Washing System	Optional
DETASSELING SYSTEM	
General	
Monitors/controls	Tasseltrol® 6L control box
General System	Light sensing system, depth command, electrical disconnect, hydraulic couplers
Outriggers	
• 12 Row	134" (1 left, 1 right)
• 8 row	75" (1 left, 1 right)
Quad Puller	
Number of rows available	6,8,10,or 12
Drive	Hydraulic
Tire size	4.10/3.50 2 ply
Operating speed	Up to 400 RPM
Cutter	
Number of rows available	6,8,10,or 12
Drive	Hydraulic
Blade size	18"
Operating speed	Up to 3100 RPM

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	
General Electrical System	
Battery	Dual 12V, negative ground
Alternator	160 AMP, voltage regulated
Starter	12V with solenoid
Circuit Breakers/Fuses	
Fuse Module 1	
MD3 Module	3 AMP (1)
Console lights, field lights, work lights, console switch power, con- trol handle	5 AMP (4)
Road lights, ignition, hazard lights, horn, seat air pump, radio power	10 AMP (3)
• Power port 1, HVAC control, wiper/ washer, switch power to power connectors (1, 2, 3), switch power to power point 2, boom lights	15 AMP (6)
• Battery power to power connectors (1, 2, 3), Raven monitor, cab module 1 (XS2-A0), cab module 2 (XS2-A1), boom spray valve 1	20 AMP (5)
HVAC fan-high	25 AMP (1)
Fuse Module 2	
<ul> <li>Ignition ON, radio memory, RTC battery</li> </ul>	5 AMP (2)
<ul> <li>Diagnostic plug, solution pump valve</li> </ul>	10 AMP (2 )
• Field lights relays (1, 2, 3), boom spray valve 2, Norac (if equipped), switch power to power connectors (4, 5, 6)	15 AMP (7)
<ul> <li>Battery power to connectors (4, 5, 6), chassis module #1 (XT2-A0), chassis module #2 (XA2-A0), chassis module #3 (XS2-A2), 90' boom implement module #1* (XA2-A1). 90' boom implement module #2* (XS2-A4), 90' boom implement module #3* (XS2-A5), NTB (if equipped) implement module #4* (XA2-A3)</li> </ul>	20 AMP (8)

\* if the machine is equipped with the 120' boom the implement module will be replaced as follows: module #1, XA2-A3; module #2, XS2-A4; module #3, XS2-A5; module #4, XA2-A4.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Relay Module 1	
• Ignition ON, start interlock, fan high, start switch signal, start relay control signal, high fan relay out- put, high fan relay control signal, field lights relay out, RM1 ground wire, relay control jumper, console light, spare (1)	12V micro relays
Relay Module 2	
• RM2 ground wire, field lights #1 and #2 relay out, field lights control signal, field lights relay power, spare (4)	12V micro relays
Engine Electrical Box	
Fuses	15 AMP (3), 20 AMP (1), 30 AMP (1), 125 AMP (2)
Relays	
Start, Auxiliary	12V/ 40 AMP (2)
Intake heater 1 and 2	12 V micro (2)
Circuit Breaker	
Main Breaker	120 AMP (1)
Other Fuses and Relays	
Flasher/light Harness	12V flasher relay, 15 AMP fuse (6), 40 AMP relay (5)
90' Boom Harness	30 AMP fuse
Lights	
Front of Cab	2 Trapezoidal head lights, 4 flood lights
Transom	2 Trapezoidal head lights
Transom Mount	2 Trapezoidal head lights
Boom Cradle (forward facing)	2 Trapezoidal flood lights (1 each cradle)
Boom Cradle (rear facing)	2 Trapezoidal flood lights (1 each cradle), 2 Oval amber lights (1 each cradled)
Rear Engine Hood	2 Round red lights, 2 round amber lights
Transom (boom indicators)	1 Oval white LED, 2 oval amber LED, 5 oval red LED (10 if equipped with 120' boom)

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
CAB AND INSTRUMENTS	
Cab	
General Cab	Tilt steering, windshield wiper/ washer, dual side mirrors, dome light, tinted glass, training seat
Temperature Control	Full range
A/C Charge Type	R-134a
Fresh Air Filtration	Paper and charcoal filter
Seat	Air ride
Instruments	
MD3	Hour meter, fuel, water temperature, battery voltage, engine oil pres- sure, ground speed, engine RPM, tread adjust assist
Stereo	AM/FM/WB with CD
Tasseltrol®/LS System 12™	Control box, switch panel
CAPACITIES	
Solution Tank	1400 gallons (5299.58 L)
Fuel Cell	150 gallons (530 L)
Cooling System (including block, lines, and radiator)	18 gallons (68 L)
Hydraulic Oil (including tank, filter, and cooler)	55 gallons (208 L)
Rinse System Tank	100 gallons (379 L)
Foam Marker	36 gallons (136 L)
Engine Oil (including crankcase, lines, filter, and cooler)	17 quarts (16 L)
Wheel Hubs (front and rear)	40 ounces (1.18 L)

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
TIRES	
Standard	
380/85R46	Radial TU
Load Rating	165A8/B
Air pressure	Inflate tires to max pressure indicated on tire sidewall
Tread Width	15.2 in. (38.61 cm)
Load Capacity *	11400 lbs. (5170kg)
Overall Diameter	71.8 in. (182.37 cm)
Static Load Radius **	32.9 in. (83.57 cm)
Rolling Circumference	217.0 in. (551.18 cm)
Optional	
380/90R54	Radial TU
Load Rating	170A8/B
Air Pressure	Inflate tires to max pressure indicated on tire sidewall
Tread Width	15.0 in. (38.10 cm)
Load Capacity *	13200 lbs. (5987.42 kg)
Overall Diameter	80.4 in. (204.22 cm)
Static Load Radius **	37.3 in. (94.74 cm)
Rolling Circumference	243.0 in. (617.22 cm)
320/90R50	Radial TU
Load Rating	161A8/B
Air pressure	Inflate tires to max pressure indicated on tire sidewall )
Tread Width	12.6 in. (32.0 cm)
Load Capacity *	10200 lbs. (4626.64 kg)
Overall Diameter	72.6 in. (184.40 cm)
Static Load Radius **	33.8 in. (85.85 cm)
Rolling Circumference	219.0 in. (556.26 cm)
320/105R54	Radial TU
Load Rating	166A8/B
Air pressure	Inflate tires to max pressure indicated on tire sidewall
Tread Width	13.6 in. (34.54 cm)
Load Capacity *	11700 lbs. (5307.03 kg)
Overall Diameter	80.3 in. (203.96 cm)
Static Load Radius **	37.7 in. (95.76 cm)
Rolling Circumference	239.0 in. (607.06 cm)

\* Load capacity measured at 30 mph (48.28 km/h) unless otherwise specified

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
TIRES	
Optional	
520/85R46	Radial TU
Load Rating	158A8/B
Air Pressure	Inflate tires to max pressure indicated on tire sidewall
Tread Width	21.3 in. (54.10 cm)
Load Capacity *	9350 lbs. (4241.09 kg)
Overall Diameter	80.6 in. (205.23 cm)
Static Load Radius **	37.0 in. (93.99 cm)
Rolling Circumference	243.0 in. (617.22 cm)

 $^{\star}$  Load capacity measured at 30 mph (48.28 km/h) unless otherwise specified

 $^{\star\star}$  Static load radius is suggested and will vary with load.

# **OPERATOR'S STATION**

#### **Front Console**

- A. Hazard/warning light switch
- B. Highway lights, running light switch
- C. Steering wheel
- D. Turn signal indicator light
- E. Horn
- F. Turn signal switch
- G. Ignition switch
- H. Steering wheel tilt adjust
- I. Steering column release pedal



#### Hazard/ Warning Lights

To activate the hazard/ warning lights (A, B, E) depress the FLASHER switch. Use the hazard/ warning lights anytime, day or night, that you are traveling on a public roadway unless prohibited by law.

### Highway/ Running Lights

The highway/ running lights are mounted on the transom (D) and on the transom mounts (C). Use these trapezoid headlamps when traveling on a public roadway at night. Turn them on using the highway/ running light switch located on the front console.

Activating the highway lights will also turn on the red running lights on the rear of the machine (F).

The ignition does not have to be on to operate these lights. Prolonged use of these lights without the engine running is not recommended.

### **Turn Signals**

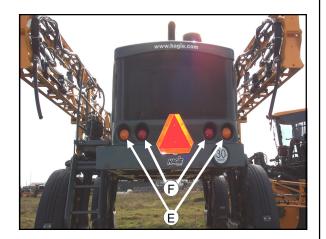
To activate the front turn signals (A) and the rear turn signals (B, E), move the turn signal lever forward, away form the operator, to signal a right turn and back, toward the operator, to signal a left turn.

Steering column mounted indicator lights will correspondingly flash when either turn signal is activated.

The turn signal switch is not self-centering and must be manually returned to the OFF position after completing your turn.







#### **Ignition Switch**

The ignition switch has three positions. The first position is the OFF position. The second position is referred to throughout this manual as the ON position and the last position is the START position.

Before engaging the starter, turn the key to the ON position and wait for the "wait to start" light on the message center to go off.

To engage the starter, turn the key to the START position and hold momentarily until the engine engages. If the engine does not engage after 15 seconds, turn the key to OFF. Constant cranking of the starter when an engine fails to engage will cause damage to the battery and the starting system. Refer to the section on the hydrostatic drive for more information.



#### Horn

The horn is a push button located on the front console below the turn signal indicator lights.

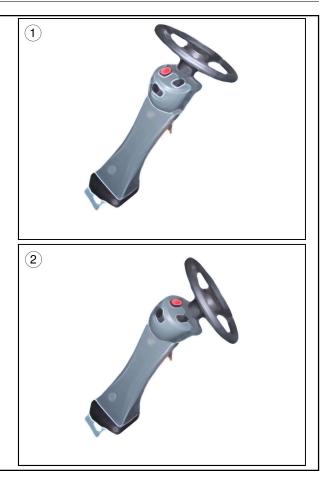


#### **Tilt Adjust Handle**

The steering wheel tilt adjust handle is for the movement of the upper portion of the steering column only. The steering wheel has infinite position possibilities.

To use the adjustment handle, turn it down (toward the operator) to loosen it. You do not need to remove the handle all the way, simply loosen it enough to freely move the steering wheel.

With the handle loosened, push or pull on the steering wheel until it is in a comfortable position. Hold the steering wheel in that position while tightening the adjustment handle. To tighten the handle, turn it upward (away from the operator).



### **Steering Column Release Pedal**

The steering column release pedal is for easy exit/ entry of the cab. Push the pedal to release the locking gas spring. With the spring released, you can smoothly move the entire steering column forward or rearward.

To lock the column in place, simply remove your foot from the pedal while holding the column in place. Once the gas spring has been locked again, check the column by firmly trying to move the column in either direction.



# NOTICE

Be sure that the steering wheel and column are locked into place before trying to move the machine. Failure to do so will make it difficult to maintain control of the machine.

#### Side Console

- A. Speed control
- B. Throttle switch
- C. Brake/ ladder switch
- D. Agitation switch
- E. Solution tank switch
- F. Rinse tank switch
- G. Boom extension switch
- H. Tread adjust switches
- I. Boom spray section switches
- J. Fence row nozzle switch
- K. Power ports
- L. Warning buzzer
- M. Hagie diagnostic port
- N. Engine diagnostic port
- O. Hydrostatic lever
- P. Foam marker switch
- Q. Hydraulic lift
- R. Left boom (level, horizontal extension)
- S. Right boom (level, horizontal extension)
- T. Master spray switch ON
- U. Speed range switches



#### **Hydrostatic Lever**

The hydrostatic lever is used to control the direction of motion of the machine and the speed at which it travels. It is a part of the ACE hydrostatic system or the Automatically Controlled Engine hydrostatic drive. To learn more about the ACE system, refer to the section on the hydrostatic drive system.

The lever also houses controls for the spray system and foam marking system. For more information on these controls, refer to the section on the spray system.



#### **Speed Control**

Another feature of the hydrostatic drive system is the speed control. This feature will help the operator to regain consistent field speeds when re-entering a field from the end rows.

The speed control will maintain its setting until you reset it. It does not have to be re-set each time you turn off the machine.

For more information on how to use the speed control feature, refer to the section on the hydrostatic drive system.



#### **Throttle Switch**

The throttle switch (A) is used to control engine speed (RPM) between 850 and 2500 RPM. The switch works with a timer to tell the engine how fast to turn. The longer the operator holds the switch in either direction, the more the engine will speed up or slow down. (Note that this is not the only way the engine receives this information, refer to the section on ACE. )

The buttons on the side of the hydrostatic lever (B) are to control the speed ranges within the RPM setting. For more information on the throttle controls, refer to the section on the hydrostatic drive system.





#### **Parking Brake**

The parking brake switch is located next to the throttle switch on the side console. The switch also controls the ladder. The brake switch must be on to lower the ladder and to operate the side fill or pressure washer (if equipped).

The parking brake is not intended for normal or emergency stopping and will not engage if the machine is traveling over 1 mile per hour. Activating the brake while the machine is still moving is hazardous to the operator and the sprayer. Bring the sprayer to a complete stop with the hydrostatic lever in the neutral position before applying the parking brake.



#### Forward, Neutral, Reverse

The hydrostatic lever is used to determine the direction of motion of the machine. To move the machine forward, pull the lever slightly to the right and push forward. The farther you push, the faster the speed of the machine.

To stop the machine, or put the machine in neutral, slowly pull the lever back to the center position and move it slightly to the left. The neutral position must be met before changing direction of the machine. The machine must also be in neutral before several functions can be performed.

To move the machine in reverse, move the lever to the far right and slowly pull back. The farther back the lever is pulled, the faster the machine's speed.



#### **Boom Solution Valve Switch**

The solution valve switches (A) each control a valve located on the transom or the booms. The valves control the flow of solution through the boom. The boom is divided into 5 sections (3 on a 60 ft. boom), the far left tip being the beginning of the first section. More information is available in the spray systems section.

#### **Agitation Switch**

The agitation switch (B) controls the rate of flow through the sparge system. For more information on the agitation system, refer to the section on the spray system.

#### **Tank Switch**

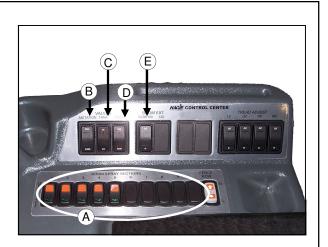
The tank switch (C) controls the solution tank valve. This switch must be in the ON position to spray. For more information on the tank switch, refer to the section on the spray system.

#### **Rinse Switch**

The rinse switch (D) is used when you wish to rinse the solution tank or the booms. For more information on how to use the rinse system, refer to the section on the rinse system.

#### **Boom Extension Switch**

The boom extension switches (E) are used when vertically extending or retracting the booms Refer to the section on the spray booms for more information.



continued on next page

#### **Tread Adjust Switch**

The tread adjust switches (A) are used to hydraulically adjust the tread width. These switches will not do anything if the machine is not equipped with hydraulic tread adjust. For more information on hydraulic tread adjustment, refer to the sections regarding tread adjust.

#### **Fence Row Switch**

The fence row switch (B) is for the selection of right or left fence row spray nozzle. More information on fence row spraying can be found in the section on the spray system.



#### **Power Ports**

On the front side of the console there are two power ports for extra equipment to be plugged in. They are each protected by a 15 amp fuse. They are not intended for the permanent connection of extra systems to the sprayer. There is a terminal strip, inside the console, intended for the installation of extra radios and computer equipment. See your parts manual for electrical diagrams.

#### **Hagie Diagnostic Port**

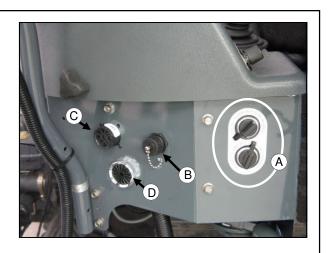
The Hagie diagnostic port (B) is located on the front rear panel of the side console. This port is for the use of a laptop to diagnose machine program errors and machine reprogramming. This port is to be used by Hagie service technicians only. DO NOT use this port to connect personal digital assistants (PDA's) or other personal electronic equipment.

### **Engine Diagnostic Port**

Much like the Hagie diagnostic port, the engine diagnostic port (C) is used to connect directly into the engine by Hagie service technicians or Cummins service technicians. DO NOT attempt to plug into this port with personal electronic equipment.

#### Warning Buzzer

The warning buzzer (D) located on the front rear panel of the side console alerts the operator when there is an immediate need of attention for one of the machine's systems.



#### Foam Marker Switch

The foam marker switch (A) located on the top of the hydrostatic lever controls the foam option on both sides of the machine. See the section regarding the foam marking system for more information.

### **Main Solution Switch**

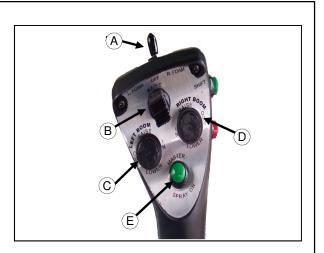
The main spray control (E) in the lower middle of the hydrostatic lever makes it so that the operator can turn all spray valves off at the same time. See the spray systems section for more information.

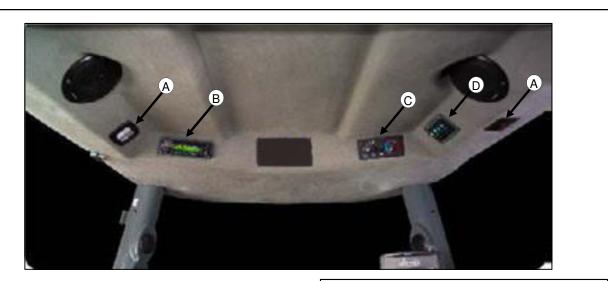
### Lift, Level, Horizontal Extension

The lift (B), level (C, D) and horizontal extension (C, D) are all hydraulic boom functions. A complete explanation of their operations can be found in the spray system section.

### All-Up/Hold

The lift switch (B) is also used during detasseling operations. The switch is used to control all of the lifts on the detasseling combo bar. Instructions for programming the switch are found in the Tasseltrol® section of this manual.





#### **Overhead Monitors and Controls**

- A. Courtesy light/ interior work light
- B. Stereo
- C. Climate controls
- D. Wiper and lights switch panel
- E. Raven console
- F. MD3
- G. TassesItrol® control box
- H. Detasseling switch panel





#### Courtesy Light/ Interior Work Light

The courtesy light comes on when the cab door is opened.

The interior work light can be turned on manually by pushing on the right (front) or left (rear) edges of the lens.



#### Stereo

The cab has an AM/FM/tuner with a CD player and Weather Band broadcasting. Refer to the stereo manufacturer's manual for operating and programming information.



#### Warning Indicator Message

The warning indicator message (A) will come on if there are any malfunctions or faults in the systems monitored by the MD3. These warnings include, but are not limited to: engine oil pressure, oil level, hydraulic oil level, coolant temperature, battery voltage, and fuel level. An explanation of the fault will appear on the screen. If a fault appears, shut the engine off immediately and resolve the fault before continuing. Failure to shut the engine off may result in damage to the system with the detected fault.



#### MD3

The MD3 (A) is the machine's control center. The MD3 takes the place of the conventional gauges. The MD3 can give you information on tread width, engine RPM, engine oil pressure, hour meter, fuel level, coolant temperature, tire size, battery voltage, speed range, and machine program version. The information can be viewed by using the different function keys to move through it. The MD3 will also display any faults found in the monitored systems.

Refer to the section on the MD3 for more information. Call Hagie Manufacturing Customer Service if you are unable to navigate the MD3 successfully.

### Spray System Indicator Light

The spray system indicator light (C) will illuminate when the main spray control on the hydrostatic lever (B) has bee activated. If the light is not on, the spray system is not on.



#### **Climate Controls**

The climate controls are continuous adjusting dial switches located on the front upper cab headliner.

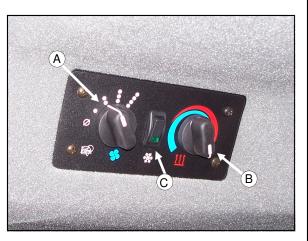
Adjusting the Fan Blower Speed– fan blower speed is controlled by the left rotary dial (A). To increase the fan speed, rotate the dial clockwise. To reduce the fan speed, rotate the dial counterclockwise. To shut off, rotate the dial all the way counterclockwise.

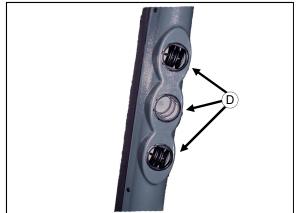
Adjusting Temperature Setting– forced air temperature adjustments are controlled by the right rotary dial (B). Temperature control is a continuously variable adjustment. To increase the forced air temperature, rotate the dial clockwise. To decrease the forced air temperature, rotate the dial counterclockwise.

Operating the Air Conditioning– to activate the air conditioner, press the air conditioning switch (C). Adjust the fan speed and temperature accordingly. See the service section for more information.

#### Vents

There are six adjustable vents (D), three on each front cab corner post. They may be adjusted by rotating them for desired direction, or individually turned on or off with the directional fins.



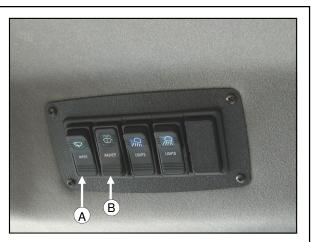


### Windshield Wiper and Washer Fluid Switches

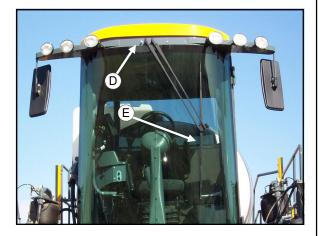
The windshield wiper switch (A) located on the right side of the cab headliner operates the windshield wiper (E). The wiper will continue to operate until the switch is returned to the OFF position. Replace the 39 inch wiper blade as necessary.

To activate the washer fluid pump, press the washer fluid switch (B) and hold until the desired amount of fluid is dispensed and then release the switch. You must turn the wiper OFF when the fluid has been completely wiped away. The washer fluid reservoir is located behind the cab (C).

The fluid spray nozzle (D) is adjustable. The fluid spray pattern should be checked at the beginning of each season and adjusted as necessary.







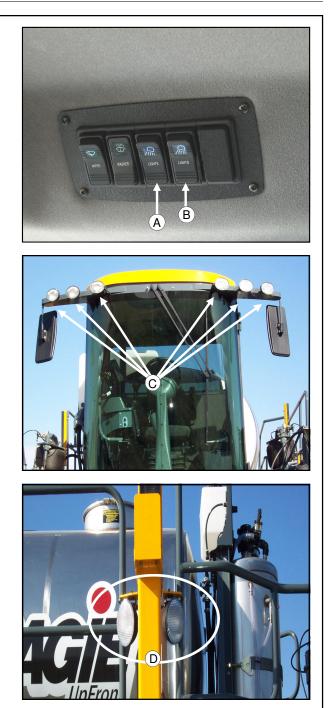
#### **Field Lights and Work Lights**

The field lights (C), located on the front of the cab with the headlights, are activated by pushing the switch located on the upper right cab headliner (A).

Use these lights when operating in the field after dark. Turn them off before entering a public roadway.

The work lights (D), located on each boom cradle, one facing forward and one facing rearward, are activated by pressing the other switch (B) located on the upper right cab headliner. These lights can also be used when operating in the field after dark. Turn them off before entering a public roadway.

The ignition key has to be on to operate these sets of lights, but extended use without the engine operating to charge the battery is not recommended.



#### **Raven Spray Control Console**

The spray system is controlled by the Raven SCS 4600 (A) and the Pulse Width Modulated Control Valve (B). The system receives data and automatically makes adjustments based on the target rate of application set by the operator.

For detailed information regarding the programming and operating of the Raven console system, please refer to the manufacturer's installation and operation manual.



### Tasseltrol<sup>®</sup> Control Box & Detasseling Switch Panel

The detasseling heads and lift assemblies are controlled by the Hagie Tasseltrol® LS System 12<sup>™</sup> (A) and the controls on the detasseler switch box assembly (B). Refer to the Tasseltrol® section for details on the programming and use of the system.

These controls are changed out with the Raven console when the detasseling option is being used. Store the panel that is not in use in a safe and dry place. Excessive moisture may cause corrosion of the electrical components. Before plugging a control panel into the machine's electrical system, check the panel for damage such as a loose or cut wire, or corrosion. If damage exists, do not connect the panel as it may cause a short in the system and could potentially cause a fire.



#### **Other Features and Controls**

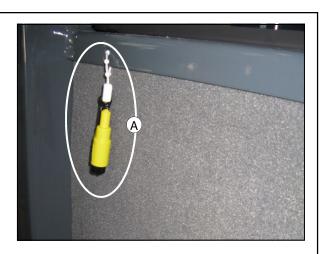
- A. Emergency exit tool (Res-Q-Me tool)
- B. Cab glass
- C. Rear-viewing mirrors
- D. Air ride seat
- E. Buddy seat
- F. Fresh air filters



#### **Emergency Exit (Res-Q-Me Tool)**

The Res-Q-Me tool is located on the right rear cab frame. The tool is used to shatter the glass of the cab in the event of an emergency and the cab door is unable to be opened.

The tool, when firmly pressed against any glass in the cab, will automatically trigger, shattering the glass. Do not look directly at the glass when you use the tool.



#### Cab Glass

The glass of the cab (A) is DOT approved tempered glass. The front windshield is rounded with a green UV reflective tint and the side and rear glass panels are flat with a UV reflective gray tint.

The design of the cab and the use of the glass allows a 210° view, tip to tip of the booms from the operator's seat.

### **Rear Viewing Mirrors**

The cab is equipped with two external rear viewing mirrors (B).

### **Fresh Air Filters**

Inside the cab are two filters, a charcoal filter and a paper filter. Refer to the Service section on the filters for maintenance information. Refer to the Hagie Parts Manual for replacement part information.



A

#### **Buddy Seat**

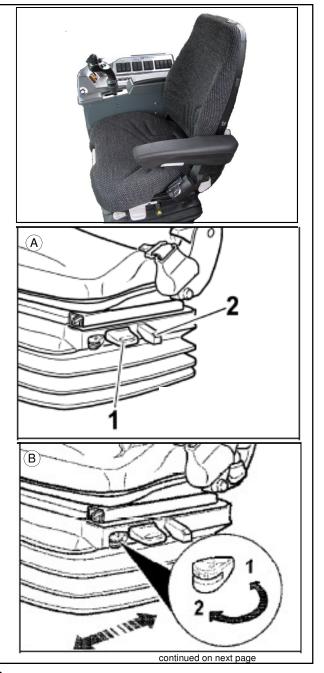
The buddy seat (1) was designed as an instructional tool. It is specifically designed for a "co-pilot" to be seated in a good position to be taught how to use the sprayer.

The buddy seat has a hinged seat the lifts to reveal a storage compartment. Do not use the compartment to store chemical soaked clothing or gloves.

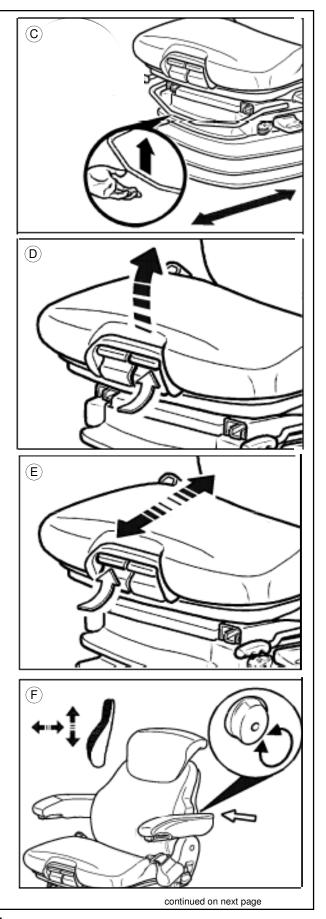


- Height and Weight Adjustment– Push or pull the actuator lever (A-1) until the green marking is visible in the indicator (A-2).
- B. Fore/Aft Isolator- Adjust the lever to lock or unlock the seat's lateral movement. Position 1 is locked and Position 2 is unlocked. After an adjustment from Position 2, the seat must be pushed back until there is an audible click. Once the seat is locked, it should not be possible to move it to another position.

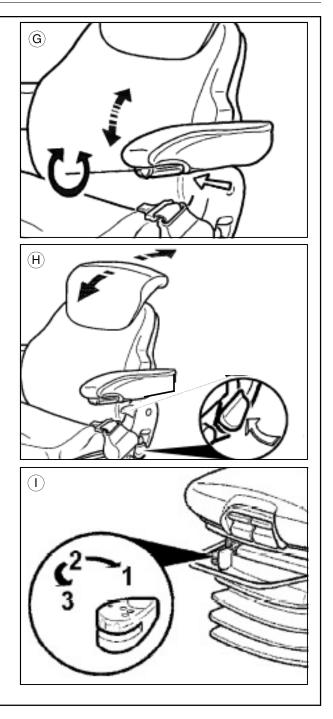




- C. Fore/Aft Adjustment- Lift lever to allow adjustment.
- D. Seat Pan Angle Adjustment– Lift the left hand handle and exert pressure on or off the seat pan to adjust to the desired angle.
- E. Seat Depth Adjustment– Lift the right hand handle and move the seat cushion forwards or backwards to the desired position.
- F. Lumbar Support Adjustment– Turn the adjustment knob to adjust both the height and curvature of the backrest cushion.



- G. Armrest Tilt Adjustment– Turn the adjustment knob to the outside to raise the front of the armrest and to the inside to lower the front of the armrest.
- H. Backrest Adjustment– Lift the lever to release the lever. Apply or release pressure to allow the backrest to move to the desired position.



The MD3 is the control center of the machine. It helps to control approximately 90% of the machine's electronically driven products which in turn help to influence how the machine drives, how the All Wheel Steer operates, how the attachments operate, how the tread adjust operates, how the spray sections and the lights work, and how all of the diagnostics given to the operator work.

There are nine buttons that line the bottom and right hand side of the screen. For the purpose of customer service, the buttons have been assigned names, please be sure to use these names when speaking with a technician to help them understand what may be happening with the machine.

Button names:

- A. F1- far left side of the screen
- B. F2- second button from the left
- C. F3- third button from the left
- D. F4- fourth button from the left
- E. Cancel/Home- the fifth button from the left.
   The button has a left pointing arrow symbol on it.
- F. **Menu** the far right corner. The button has three lines across its face.
- G. **Up Arrow** top button on the right side. Has an upward pointing arrow on its face.
- H. **OK** the second button down on the right side.
- Down Arrow– the third button down on the right side. The button has a downward pointing arrow on its face.



The MD3 currently has three display pages, Home page (A) and Machine Hours page (B), and the Misc. Page (C). This is how these pages will be referred to throughout the rest of these instructions. The Home page should come up every time the machine is started.

The Up and Down Arrow buttons are the toggle buttons that will navigate through the pages. Push the Up Arrow button to go to the next page and the Down Arrow button to go to the previous page. Continuing to press the button will get you back to the page that you started from.



#### **Toggling Between Menu Screens**

To navigate from the Home Page to the Main Menu (A), press the Menu button (B) in the lower right hand corner of the display face.

Use the Cancel/Home button (C) to go back one page at a time while in the Adjust, Measure, Preferences, and Info menus.

Use the "F" buttons (D) to select the group or menu from the Main Menu page. Also use them while in the menu for prompted requests.

Use the Cancel/Home button to go back to the Home Page from the Main Menu.

### Adjusting the Display Lighting

To adjust the lighting of the display:

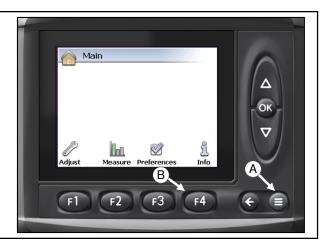
- Press the Menu button (B). The Main Menu will appear.
- 2. Press the F3 button (C) under "Preferences"
- 3. Press the F1 button under "Display"
- Press the F2 button under "Backlight" to change the lighting or press the F3 button under "Screen Saver" to adjust the time that the screen is lit to its full intensity.
- Toggle with the Up and Down arrow buttons
   (D) to desired level and then press the OK button (E) to accept the change.





#### **Software Version**

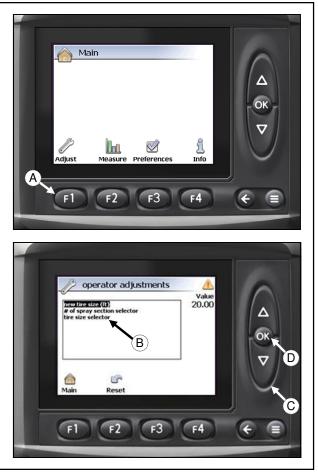
To view the software version in the MD3, press the Menu button (A) in the lower right hand corner of the display face. Enter the Info menu by pressing the F4 button (B) and the software version should be displayed at the top of the screen.



#### Changing the Tire Size Value

It may be necessary to change the tire size value. Remember that for an accurate spray job, the speed of the machine must be accurate. If the tires are replaced with a different sized tire, this value must be changed.

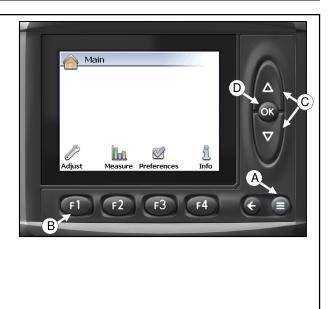
- 1. Press the Menu button.
- 2. Press the F1 (A) button (Adjust).
- 3. Select "Operator Adjustments".
- Toggle down to "Tire Size Selector" (B) using the DOWN arrow (C)
- 5. Press the OK button (D).
- 6. Toggle to the desired tire size.
- 7. Press the OK button.



#### Changing the Unit of Measure

To change the unit of measure:

- Press the Menu button (A) to get to the Main Menu.
- 2. Press the F1 button (B) under Adjust.
- Use the Up and Down arrows (C) to toggle to display adjustments and select OK (D)
- 4. Toggle to UNITS ADJ parameter and select OK.
- 5. Toggle to a value of 1 for Standard Units or to a value of 2 for Metric Units and press OK.



#### **Home Page**

The Home Page has many features and functions. On this page is the analog tachometer, temperature gauge, fuel gauge, digital gear reading, digital speed reading, time, different warnings, and different operating system statuses. Continue reading this section for more information. Do not hesitate to call Hagie Manufacturing Company with any questions.

#### Clock

The clock is located in the upper left corner of the display screen (A).

The clock is set to standard time. If this time zone is not correct, the time can be changed.

To change the date or time:

- 1. Press the Menu button (B).
- 2. Press the F3 button (Preferences)
- 3. Press the F2 button (Date/Time)
- Press the F1 button for adjusting the Date or F2 for adjusting the Time.
- Use the Up Arrow or Down Arrow to adjust the Date or Time to the desired value and then press the OK button the accept the changes.





#### Warning Light Indicator

There is a red light that will illuminate to the right of the clock (A) when there is an error that needs attention. The light will be accompanied with a message (B) telling what the error is and what should be done to correct it. The message can be cleared by pressing the F2 button below OK, but the light will remain illuminated until the error has been corrected.

#### Refer to Operator's Manual

A blue manual icon (A) will appear to the right of the page title when an error has occurred (such as a service interval has been reached) that requires the operator to refer to the manual for more information. A warning will accompany the icon also stating that the operator need to refer to the manual for more information.

#### **Main Spray Indicator**

A green indicator light (A) will illuminate directly above the tachometer indicating that the main solution control switch on the hydrostatic lever has been activated. Read more about this indicator in the Spray Systems section of this manual.







#### Tachometer

There is an analog and digital tachometer display in the left middle of the Home Page.

The tachometer displays the engine's revolutions per minute (RPMs).



### **Temperature Gauge**

The temperature gauge (A) is an analog gauge located next to the tachometer in the center of the display page.

The gauge indicates the temperature of the engine. If the engine temperature gets to an intolerant level, a warning light directly above the gauge will illuminate (B).

If the temperature rises still after the initial warning, a second warning (C) will appear shortly before the machine begins to go into a protective mode. If this warning appears, immediately reduce the engine speed to help prevent engine damage. Shut the machine down as soon as possible and troubleshoot the issue. Contact Hagie Customer Service if you are unable to resolve the issue.

When this warning appears, the machine may be severely limited in engine and hydraulic functions to prevent damage to those systems. The warning will disappear and the buzzer will go off by pressing F2 to clear, but it does not correct the problem. The red warning light at the top (D) will continue to flash until the fault is resolved.



### **Fuel Gauge**

The fuel gauge is a bar gauge indicating the amount of fuel in the tank. Below the bar reading is a digital reading that indicates the number of gallons (liters) in the tank.

When the fuel level in the tank reaches a minimum level, a warning light will appear directly above the gauge. The light will not disappear until the fuel level is above the minimum level.



### **Gear Display**

The gear (speed range) that the machine is traveling in is digitally displayed in the far right hand center section of the display screen.

The gears are the same in both road and field state with road state having an extra gear that is not achievable while in field state.



### Speedometer

The speed in which the machine is traveling is digitally displayed directly below the gear reading on the right hand side of the Home Page.

The unit of measure can be changed from miles per hour (MPH) to kilometers per hour (K/h). The unit of measure is displayed to the right of the word "SPEED".



#### Drive State (F1)

The drive state of the machine is displayed at the bottom far left corner of the screen. The drive state is a safety measure that can not be changed unless the machine is in neutral. The machine has three drive states, road, field and fault. The drive state helps the machine determine what kind of work it is meant to do, field work or transport work.

In road state, the machine is limited on what functions can be operated, for instance, the spray booms are not able to be operated. Road state is used for the transporting of the machine and therefore will allow the machine to reach maximum speed.

Field state allows the functions of the attachments, such as the spray boom, to operate. All wheel steer (if equipped) is also only allowed while in field state. The machine is also limited on speed and is unable to reach maximum speed while in the field.

The third drive state, "drive fault" (B), may show if there is a system error that effects the machine's ability to function. This is called a drive fault and the MD3 should show a message explaining why it happened and what if anything should be done. Severe warnings will be accompanied by a shut down or power down of systems to protect the machine (C). This drive state is automatic and can not be voluntarily selected.

To toggle between the two drive states, make sure there are no drive faults present and that the machine is in neutral. Press the F1 button until the desired drive state appears below "Drive State" on the display screen.



#### **F2 Function Button**

The F2 function button is not directly associated with anything on the Home Page. The warnings that appear on the screen (drive faults, service warnings, system errors, etc.) will be able to be acknowledged through pushing the F2 button.



### All Wheel Steer (F3) **A**

The F3 function button is associated with the AWS. The AWS will appear on the screen even if it is not installed on the machine (A) and pressing the button will not change the machine's functions.

All conditions must be met before AWS will engage. First the machine must be in "field" drive state, and second, the machine must be in gear 1. If these conditions are not met, the AWS will remain on, but will still be in conventional steering.

The F3 function button will only toggle the AWS from ON to OFF, the machine will automatically determine if the proper conditions are met and change the status of the drive functions. These changes will be reflected on the MD3. When AWS is activated and engaged, the display will read "coord" shortened for "coordinated steering" (B). If the AWS is on, but not engaged, the display will read "normal" meaning that you are in conventional steering, but the AWS will engage automatically when the proper conditions are met. When the AWS is not on, the display will read "OFF".





A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

### Float (F4)

The float button (A) will only appear if an attachment requiring float functions is connected to the machine. Such attachments would include the Nitrogen Tool Bar. If there isn't an attachment connected that requires float, there will be dashes that appear on the display.

The functions of float are not discussed any further in this manual, but are included in the manuals for the attachments that require its use.



#### **Machine Hours**

The second page of the MD3 is titled "Machine Hours" and can be found by using the Down Arrow (A) key to toggle to the next page from the Home Page.

This page is a service tool for operators to use to set and track service intervals. There are several things that need to be serviced at specific intervals and you will see these intervals on this page (50 hrs, 100 hrs, 500 hrs, etc.). Please refer to the service section of this manual for details regarding on what parts of the machine need serviced and the procedure to perform the service at each interval.

Some of the service intervals can be adjusted to suit your schedule if you do not want to wait as long as possible to perform some of the services, such as oil and filter servicing. The default on the Machine Hours page is the recommended practices of the engine manufacturer, however, these practices are also discussed as being fairly loosely interpreted based on how the machine is used and they can be done on shorter intervals than what is recommended. The default will not be able to be extended past the recommendation.

When a service interval is reached, a "manual" icon (B) will appear at the top of the Home Page and a message telling you that a service interval has been reached (C). The message will disappear by pressing F2, but the icon will remain at the top of the page until the hours of the interval have been reset.



### **MD3 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Adjusting Service Intervals

The Machine Hours page has three columns of information. The first column tells you what service action or interval the hours are referring to. The second column tells the hours since the last service. The third column tells how many hours before the next service.

The engine oil/filter, hydraulic filter, and hydraulic oil intervals can be adjusted to suit your needs. The remaining intervals can not be adjusted.

To adjust the service intervals:

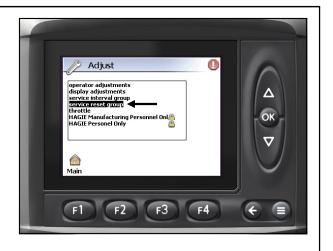
- Press the Menu button (A) in the lower right hand corner of the display face.
- 2. Press the F1 button under adjust.
- Use the Down Arrow to toggle down to the Service Interval Group (B). Press OK to select.
- 4. Adjust the interval and press OK to accept the changes.

#### **Resetting Service Hours**

Once a service procedure has been completed, the hours must be reset. To reset the service hours:

- 1. Press the Menu button in the lower right hand corner of the display face.
- 2. Press the F1 button to adjust.
- Use the Down Arrow to select the Service Reset group.
- Reset the parameters, by toggling the parameters to 1 and then back to 0 using the UP and Down Arrow keys.





### **MD3 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

#### **Miscellaneous Page**

The third page is an information only entitled Misc Page. This page gives you current tire size, current tread adjust setting, and the tread setting on both the left and right side separately. You can not adjust anything from this page.



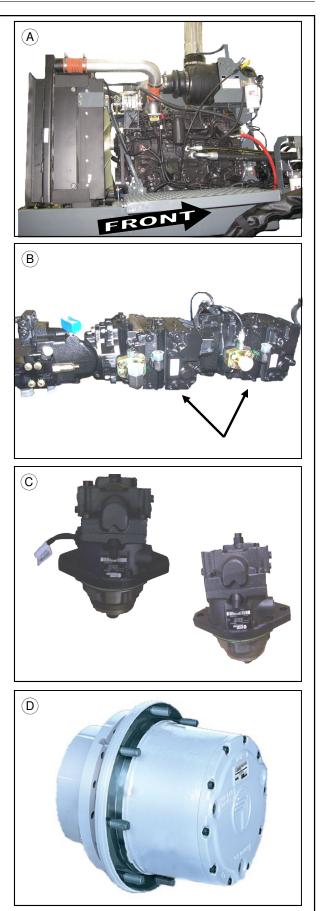
#### 120 Boom Sensor Page

The 120 Boom Sensor Page is present in all machines, but will not function in machines without the 120 boom attachment. If your machine is equipped with the 120 boom, please refer to the attachment's manual for instruction on the use of this page.



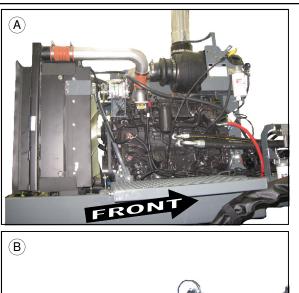
#### Hydrostatic Drive Components

- A. Cummins engine
- B. Tandem hydrostatic pumps
- C. Front and rear wheel motors
- D. Wheel hubs



#### **Cummins Engine**

The STS comes standard with a 275hp Cummins diesel engine (A) equipped with an automatic exhaust brake. The engine has a direct-mounted Sauer-Danfoss 90 Series tandem hydrostatic pump (B). More information on the operation of the engine is contained in this section.



#### Wheel Motors and Wheel Hubs

The all-time four wheel drive system consists of Sauer– Danfoss hydrostatic wheel motors (A) and the planetary gear reduction hubs (wheel hubs)(B).



**Caution:** Start the engine from the operator's seat only. When running the engine in a building, be sure that there is adequate ventilation.

#### **Pre-operational Checks**

!

- Check the engine oil level. Do not operate when oil is below the low mark on the dipstick.
- 2. Check the coolant level in the radiator and the coolant overflow reservoir.
- 3. Check the hydraulic oil reservoir level.
- 4. Check the cooling air intake screen.
- 5. Check the Filter Minder®
- 6. Drain fuel/ water separator.
- 7. Check the engine drive belt.
- 8. Drain any water out of the air tank daily.
- 9. Check for any oil or fuel leaks and correct them if needed.

**DO NOT USE ETHER!** Engine equipped with electronic starting aid. Use of ether may cause explosion and severe injury.

WARNING

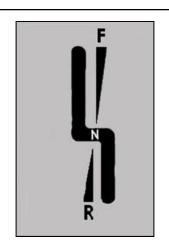
NOTICE

Cold oil may not flow in quantities adequate

to prevent pump cavitation.

#### Starting the Engine

- 1. Position the hydrostatic lever to the neutral position.
- Put the parking brake switch to the ON position . (See the information contained in this section on the parking brake)
- Turn the ignition ON, but do not engage the starter. Wait for the "wait to start" warning light and message to disappear. Make sure that there aren't any other warnings before continuing.
- 4. Engage the starter. If the engine fails to start after 15 seconds, turn the key to OFF, wait one minute and repeat the procedure. If the engine does not start in three attempts, check the fuel supply system. Absence of blue or white exhaust smoke during cranking indicates that no fuel is being delivered.
- Observe the warning lights on the MD3 after start up. If any functions do not operate, shut off engine and determine the cause.
- 6. Always allow at least a five minute warm-up period before operating the engine at high RPM. This means that the engine must reach operating temperature and oil pressure must stabilize in the normal operating range before it is run faster than idle (1000 RPM or less).



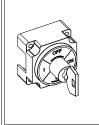


#### **Battery Disconnect**

The STS is set up with a battery disconnect safety device. The device is located on the left side of the rear frame cross tube. When the key is turned to the OFF position the electrical circuit is broken therefore rendering the machine unable to start. Do not use this device as a safety when working on the electrical system– disconnect the negative battery cable before servicing.

This device is also used an anti-theft safeguard. Keep the key in a safe place, out of the machine when it is not in use.





### IMPORTANT

Do not use disconnect to stop engine. Do not bypass disconnect. Do not terminate electrical devices to battery terminals. Disconnect negative before servicing electrical equipment. Completely isolate electronics before welding. Key must be inserted and rotated to "ON" position for operation.

#### **Parking Brake**

The parking brake will engage the charge pressure falls below 150 PSI or the engine is shut off. To engage the brakes manually, press the top of the Parking Brake/Ladder switch located on the side console.

To disengage the brakes, press the bottom of the switch. Always turn the brake off before moving the sprayer.

The brake switch must be engaged to lower the ladder and to run the side-fill or pressure washer. The ladder will automatically lower when the brake switch is pressed (see the section on the ladder for more information).

**Caution:** Activating the brake while the machine is moving is potentially hazardous to the operator and the sprayer.

NOTICE

The parking brake will not engage at speeds

over 1 mile per hour.

#### ACE: Automatically Controlled Engine

- Speed ranges are selected by a red (decrease speed range) and green (increase speed range) electronic switch mounted on the hydrostatic lever. The lower the setting, the higher the torque, but the lower the speed.
- 2. To move forward, slowly push the hydrostatic lever forward. The farther the lever is moved, the faster the sprayer will travel and the engine speed (RPMs) will increase. To stop, slowly pull the lever to the neutral position.
- To reverse the machine, slowly pull the lever back. To stop, slowly push the lever to the neutral position.
- Before turning off the engine, reduce the engine speed and allow the engine to idle for at least three minutes.





# NOTICE

The operator can choose the minimum level above 850 RPMs of engine speed that they want to operate the machine with by using the throttle switch. See the throttle switch section for more information.

#### **Speed Control**

Speed control may be adjusted with the speed control dial. This will conveniently help regain consistent field speeds when re-entering a field from the end rows.

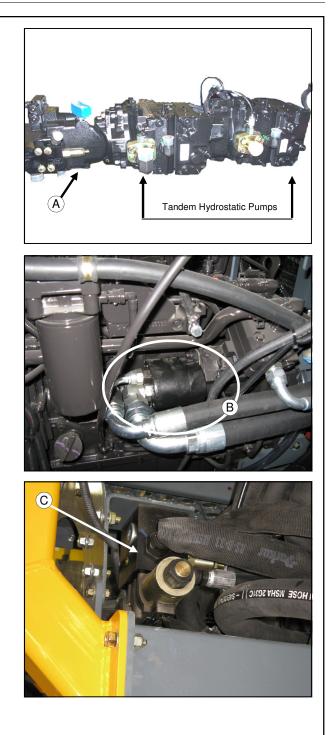
To set a speed limit, start with the engine at 1800 RPM and speed control dial all the way counterclockwise. Push the hydrostatic lever all the way forward. Now turn the speed control clockwise while observing ground speed and stop turning the dial when the desired ground speed is reached. Now your maximum field speed is set and you simply reposition the lever all the way forward to regain that speed.



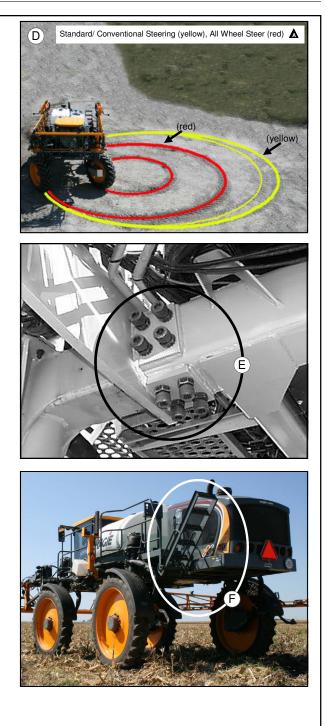
#### Hydraulic System Basic Components

- A. Hydraulic pump
- B. Gear pump
- C. Relief manifold

continued on next page



- D. Power steering
- E. Tread adjust
- F. Ladder



A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

## Auxiliary Hydraulic System (Hydraulic pump and Gear pump)

The auxiliary hydraulic system is a load sensing, pressure compensated system with efficiency in mind. That means it only pumps the amount of oil needed to do the job.

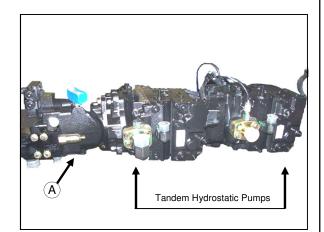
The pump is mounted to the "front" of the second hydrostatic pump (A). The system consists of a single variable displacement pump that supplies the required hydraulics to operate the full time power steering unit, boom control cylinders (lift, level, and fold), tread adjust, ladder, outer boom breakaway, and the solution pump.

The pump circulates the hydraulic oil throughout the necessary systems and back through a cooler before returning it to the reservoir. If the level in the reservoir drops too low to safely operate the machine you must shut down the engine immediately to prevent damage to the hydraulic system.

The return oil from the load sense pump is mixed with the oil from the gear pump (B) on the side of the engine. This pump supplies a constant flow of oil from the hydraulic tank to the cooler and then back to the tank through the filter. This is considered a kidney loop and is dedicated to the cooling and filtration of the hydraulic system.

The detasseling system includes an additional valve to incorporate the oil flow from the gear pump into the system to supplement the hydraulic flow for operation of three or more lift sections.







#### **Gear Pump**

The hydraulic pumps circulate the hydraulic oil throughout the necessary systems and back through a cooler before returning it to the reservoir.

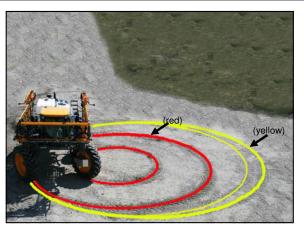
during detasseling operations, the gear pump and relief manifold (A) are used to supplement the hydraulic pump in maintaining the correct operating pressure while still allowing the oil to move through the filtration and cooling systems.

If the level in the reservoir drops too low for safe operation, you must shut down the engine immediately to prevent damage to the hydraulic system.



#### Power Steering System

The power steering system is a dedicated circuit steering system with full time control, self centering/ double action steering cylinders. (See the section on All Wheel Steer for more information)  $\blacktriangle$ 



Standard/ Conventional Steering (yellow), All Wheel Steer (red)

#### Ladder

!

To raise or lower the ladder you will need to locate the BRAKE/LADDER switch at the front of the right hand console (A). When the brake is applied the ladder will lower automatically. The ladder will not raise until the machine is running and the switch has been returned to the OFF position.

> **Caution:** Upright ladder is not a service platform or step. DO NOT step on the ladder while in upright position. DO NOT lower the ladder while anyone is on the ground near the sprayer. DO NOT attempt to lower the ladder from the ground level.

## **A**CAUTION



#### **Hydraulic Tread Adjust**

To adjust the tread width hydraulically follow the instructions below:

- Survey the surroundings and allow yourself enough room to adjust the tread in either forward or reverse.
- 2. Locate the tread adjustment switches on the rear of the side console (A). They are marked LF (left front), LR (left rear), RF (right front), and RR (right rear). The legs may be moved in or out on each side independently\*. While driving between one and two miles per hour, press and hold the desired switches to move the tread in the desired direction. Pressing the top of any switch will move that leg OUT and pressing the bottom of any switch will move that leg IN.
- 3. Observe the tread width on each leg. The front legs use indicator decals (B) while the rear legs use electronic sensors and display the readings on the message center (C). Release the switches when the tread indicator reaches the desired tread width.
- After tread adjustment is complete, all four tread width indicators should have identical readings.



continued on next page

\*When a significant adjustment is being made, it is recommended that you adjust one leg at a time and do the adjustments in smaller increments. Binding may occur if a larger adjustment is made all at once, especially if adjusting one leg at a time.

5. To recalibrate (phasing the cylinders) toe-in:
1) While driving forward slowly, turn the steering wheel all the way one way until both steering cylinders bottom out; continue turning the wheel a little more to let fluid bypass the cylinder.

2) Then turn the wheel all the way the other way and repeat the process.

3) When the wheels are then straightened, the steering cylinders should be re-centered and correct toe-in should be obtained. To check the cylinders for center, measure the cylinder rod (B) (both cylinders should measure 7.64 in. at center). (see the service section regarding toe-in for more information)

**Caution:** Never adjust the hydraulic tread width on a public roadway. Make sure the sprayer is on level ground where there are no ditches or valleys to interfere while you perform the adjustment.

1

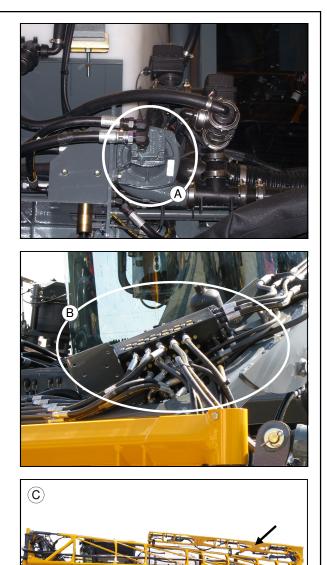




AWS machines do not need to do step three. The steering will be set to center after cylinder calibration which must be performed by Hagie Service personnel.

#### Spray System Hydraulic Components

- A. Solution pump
- B. Boom control valve
- C. Spray booms

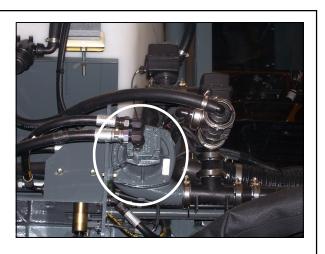




#### **Solution Pump**

The solution pump is a centrifugal pump controlled hydraulically with the pulse width modulated control valve. The valve is controlled by the Raven console per the calibration settings entered by the operator.

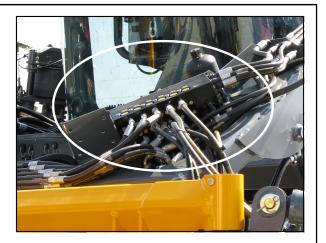
The solution pump is also used to distribute the water or cleaning solution from the rinse tank through the rinse systems.



#### **Boom Control Valve**

The boom control valve is the electro-hydraulic valve that controls the flow of hydraulic oil to the various boom cylinders. All the functions are controlled manually by the operator from inside the cab.

The valve is located on the boom's lift arm assembly.



#### **Spray Booms**

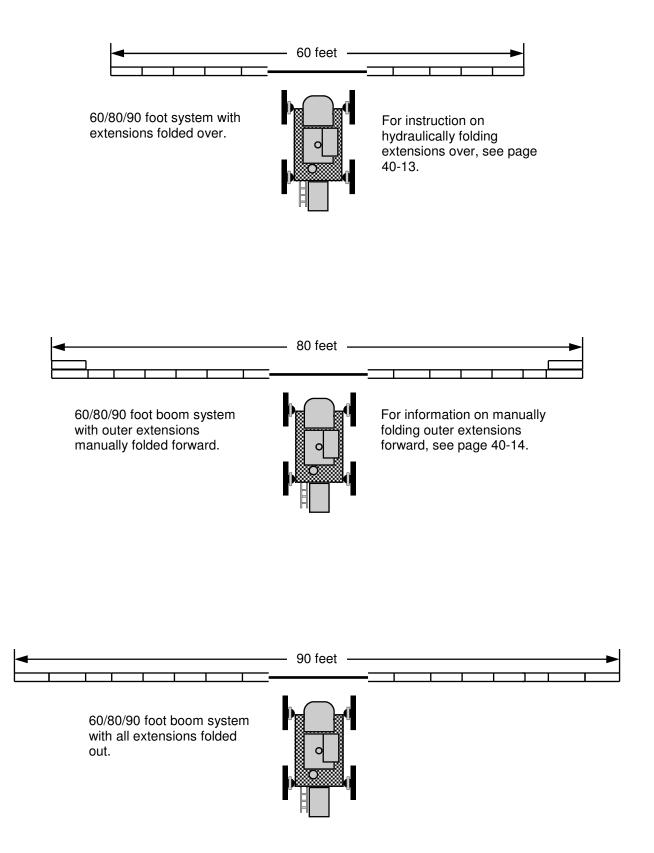
Hydraulically folding the extensions of the 60/80/90 foot boom system, adjusting the spray valves, and recalibrating the spray console essentially turns it into a 60 foot boom. (see the next page for diagrams and continue reading this section for more information). Manually folding the outer extensions of the 60/80/90 foot boom, adjusting the spray valves, and recalibrating the spray console turns it into an 80 foot boom. Refer to the section on the spray console for information on calibration.

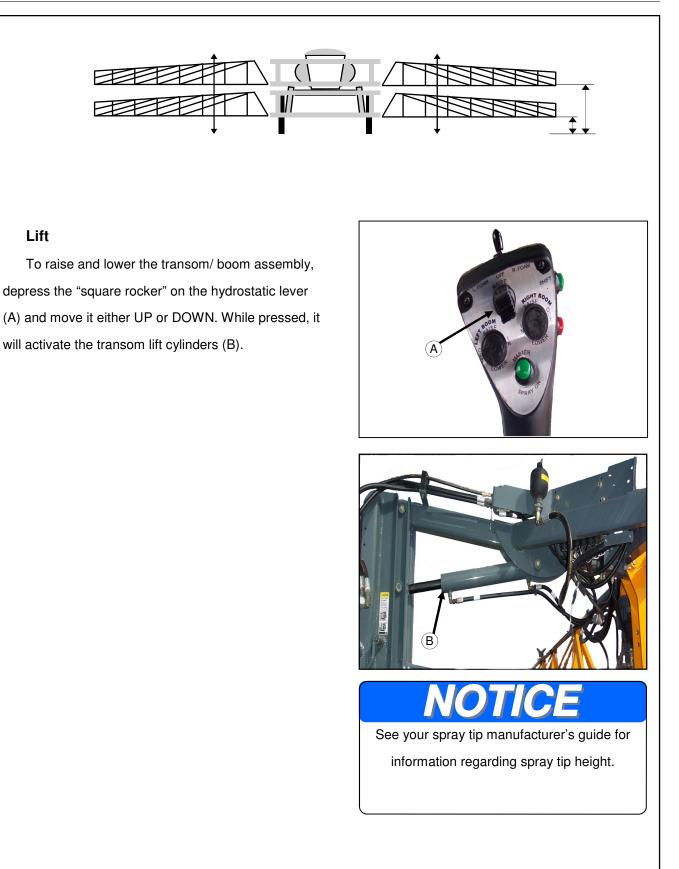
The spray booms are controlled by an electrohydraulic system. This system consists of operator manipulated switches located in the sprayer's cab and hydraulic cylinders attached to the booms. It provides lift, level, horizontal extension, and vertical extension.

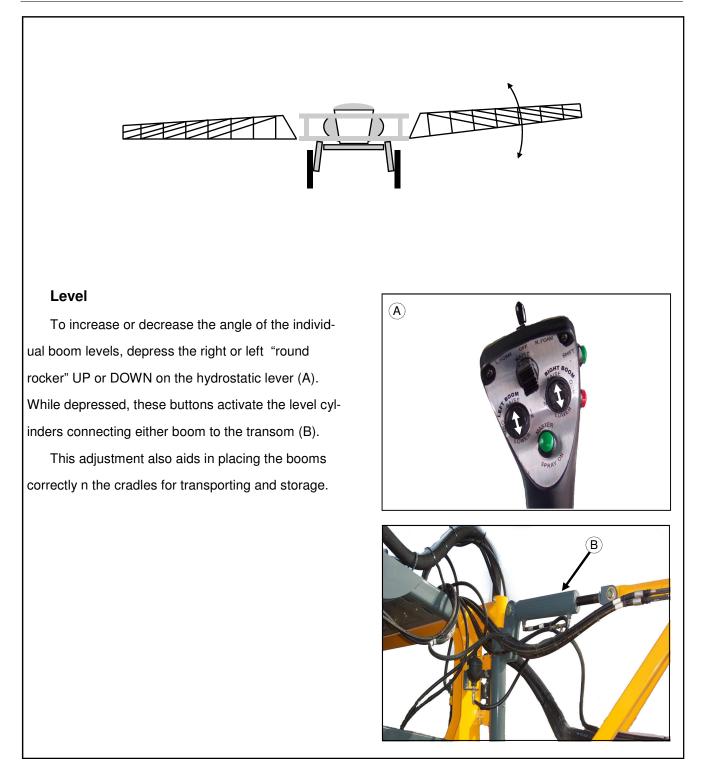
All STS spray booms are equipped with a hydraulic breakaway circuit (A). When folded out as an 80 or 90 foot spray boom, a one-way hydraulic circuit on the outer boom section provides outer boom breakaway functions. The outer breakaway is self-resetting and will return to normal operating position after it has cleared the hazard.

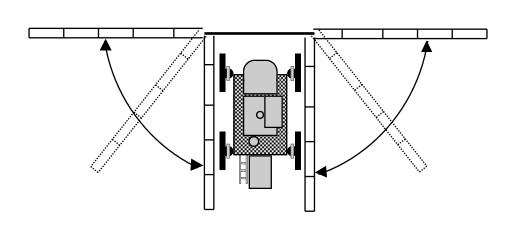


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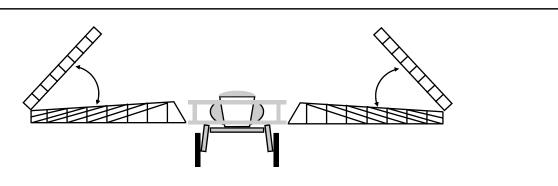


#### **Horizontal Boom Extension**

To fold either boom horizontally in toward the machine or out, depress the right or left "round rocker" IN or OUT switches on the hydrostatic lever (A). While depressed, these switches activate cylinders connecting either boom to the transom (B).

Fold or unfold the booms in an open area only. Make sure no one is standing in the boom fold's travel path. Booms can be folded if the machine speed is less than 5 MPH.





#### **Vertical Extension**

To fold the boom extensions vertically in or out, depress the top or bottom of the BOOM EXTENSION switch (A) on the side console. This activates **BOTH** extension cylinders connecting the inner boom section and the center boom section (B).

Fold or unfold the booms in an open area only. Make sure that there are no overhead obstructions or power lines to interfere with extension folding.

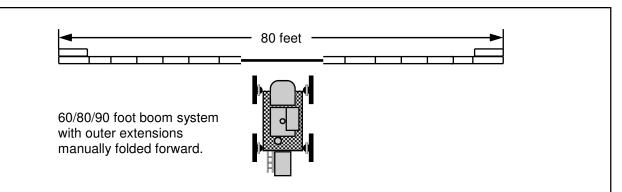
The booms will vertically unfold even if they are still in the boom cradle or are not horizontally extended!

Caution: Boom extensions can only be folded when the hydrostatic lever is in the neutral position and you have pushed the ACK (acknowledge) on the MD3 showing that you have acknowledge that there are no power lines overhead. If the sprayer is put in gear during folding, the boom movement will stop. ADANGER





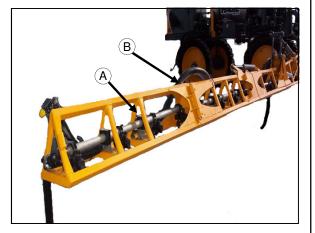




#### Manually Folding from 90' to 80'

To convert a 90 foot boom to an 80 foot boom, manually close the solution valve on the outer section (A). Remove the pin on the back side of the boom (B) so it will hinge forward (C) and secure it with the rear pin (D). Repeat these steps on the other side and recalibrate the console accordingly (see the Raven manufacturer's guide) before spraying resumes.

Continue reading the manual for information on adjusting the foam marker.



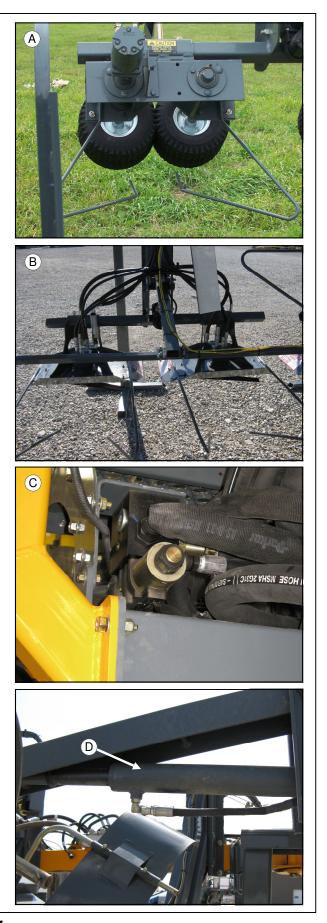




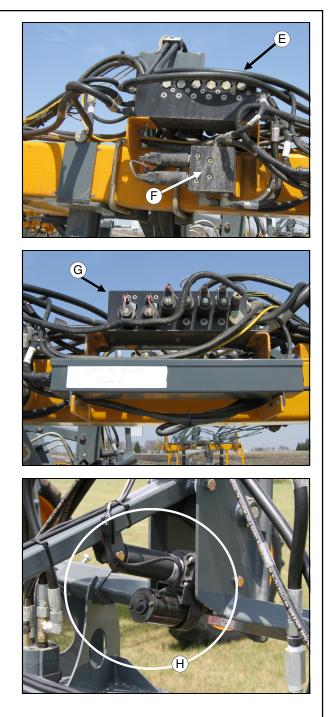
#### **Detasseling System Hydraulic Components**

- A. Quad puller assembly
- B. Cutter head assembly
- C. Relief manifold
- D. Lift cylinders

continued on next page



- E. Electro-hydraulic lift control valve
- F. Hydraulic outrigger fold valve
- G. Motor control valve
- H. Depth command

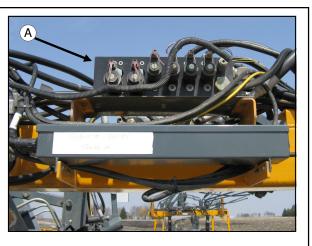


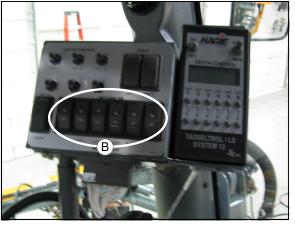
#### **Motor Control Valve**

The motor control valve (A) is an adjustable needle valve that controls the flow of hydraulic oil to the hydraulic motors of the detasseling heads.

The solenoids are opened using the switches on the combo control panel (B). Depress the top of the switch to turn them on, and the bottom of the switch to turn them off.

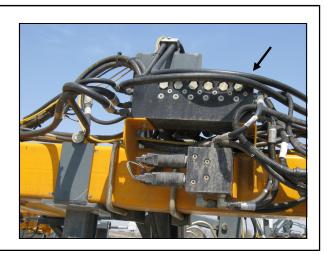
The machine's drive state must be in "field mode" and the main solution switch on the hydrostatic lever must be activated for the hydraulic motors to work.





#### **Electro-hydraulic Lift Control Valve**

The electro-hydraulic valve or lift valve is located on the left hand side of the operator when seated in the operator's seat. It controls the lift cylinders in their upward and downward movements.



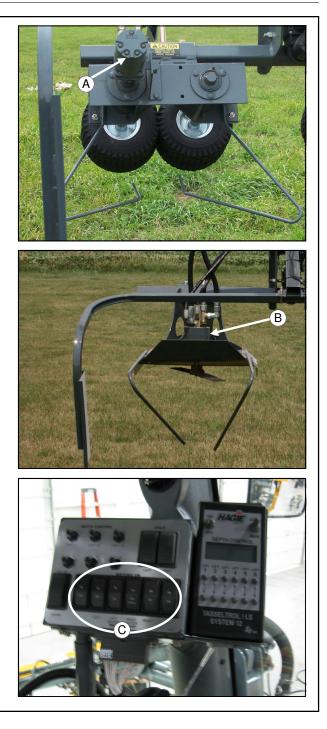
## Detasseling Heads (Quad Pullers/Cutter Heads)

The detasseling heads each have a hydraulic motor (A, B) that is responsible for the rotation of the tires or blade. Careful attention must be paid to the flow direction when replacing hoses! Failure to properly attach hoses may result in personal injury or machine damage.

Each set of motors is individually turned on with a switch located on the combo control panel (C). The switches correspond with the lift sections (not the detasseling heads) from left to right when sitting in the operator's seat. If there are only four lift sections, the first and last switch will not control anything.

Depress the top of the switch to activate the set of detasseling heads and the bottom of the switch to turn them off.

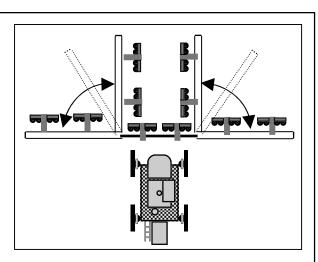
The motors are hydraulically driven in direst relation to engine RPM. This means that in order to have the optimal pressure for the motors the engine RPM must be maintained at 2500 RPM during operation.



#### **Outrigger Fold Valve**

The outriggers are hydraulically folded in and out by the operator using the left or right fold switch on the combo console (B). The buttons control the outrigger fold valve (A).

To fold the outriggers out, depress the bottom of the button. To fold the outriggers in, depress the top of the button. Do not operate the detasseling heads with the outriggers folded in.

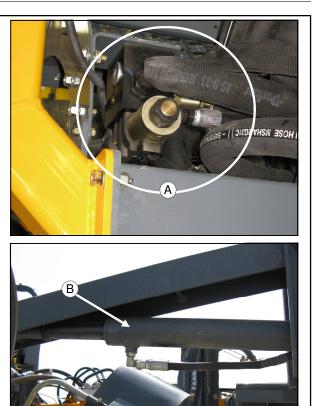




#### **Relief Manifold**

The relief manifold (A) controls the amount of hydraulic oil flow from the cooling system and into the auxiliary system when 3 or more lift sections (B) (cylinders) are activated.

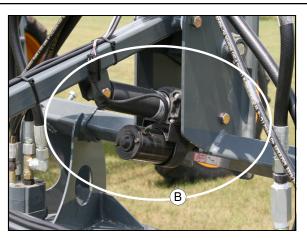
The lift control valve has a .042" orifice which give the operator better control of the speeds in which the lifts operate and the evenness of their operation.



#### **Depth Command**

The depth command allows the operator to adjust the depth of the LS (light sensing) system (C) from the operator's seat. The switches are located on the combo switch panel (A). They are labeled Lift 1 though Lift 6. The correspond with the lifts from left to right while sitting in the operator's seat. If there are only four lifts, the switches in the first and last positions will not control anything.

To lower the cutting or pulling height, select the appropriate switch and push down. This will extend the actuator (B) raising the LS system, which in turn lowers the cutting or pulling height. To raise the cutting or pulling height, lower the LS system by pushing the appropriate switch up.







### **SPRAY SYSTEM**

#### Introduction

The spraying system is a constantly monitored and continuously adjusted computer controlled system. The cab mounted digital console receives information from various inputs to help determine GPM (gallons per minute) and GPA (gallons per acre).

This section explains the components of the spray system. Please read the entire section before operating the spray system. This section is not designed to replace the Raven manual and the numbers used may not reflect your specific situation. Read all manuals before operating the equipment.

#### **Getting Started:**

- 1. Calibrate the spray system console.
- 2. Check the quantity of solution in the tank.
- 3. Start the engine.
- 4. Open the tank valves, if desired, activate the agitation system.
- 5. Press the F1 switch on the MD3 until the machine's drive state reads "field".
- 6. Turn on the main spray power.
- Place the individual boom solution valve switches to the ON position.
- Slowly move the hydrostatic lever forward to obtain the desired ground speed.
- Frequently observe the pressure gauge.
   When it drops to zero, or spray pattern deteriorates, shut off the main spray power, solution pump, and agitation system until refilling solution.

## NOTICE

A MARCHARD MALE

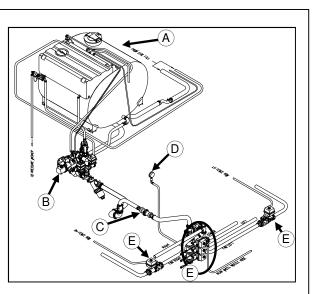
Never attempt to operate the spray system without solution in the spray tank. Operating the spray system with no solution in the tank will cause severe damage and void the warranty.



### **SPRAY SYSTEM**

#### Spray System Components

- A. 1400g Stainless steel tank
- B. Solution pump
- C. Flow meter
- D. Pressure gauge
- E. Individual solution control valves





continued on next page

### **SPRAY SYSTEM**

- F. Sump valve
- G. Solution tank valve
- H. Solution tank valve switch
- I. Agitation switch
- J. Individual spray control switches
- K. Main solution spray control switch



### **SPRAY SYSTEM**

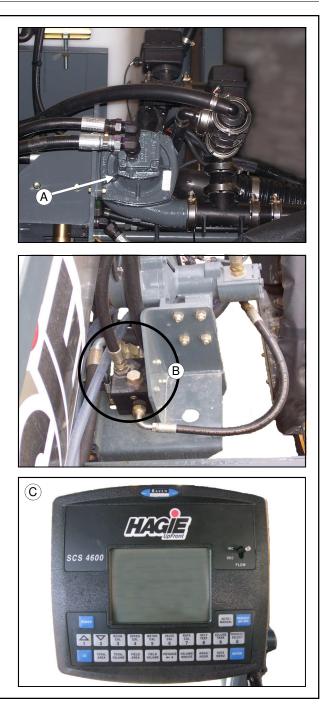
### Solution Tank

The solution tank (B) is a 1400 gallon stainless steel tank. The tank has a variable sparge type agitation system.



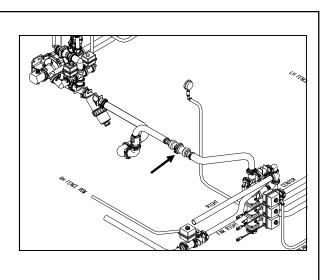
### **Solution Pump**

The solution pump (A) is a centrifugal type hydraulic pump that is controlled by the Pulse Width Modulated Valve (B) and the Raven console (C). The pump draws the solution out of the tank at the rate determined during the calibration of the Raven console. It dispenses it through the many valves and hoses that make up the spray system. The pump also dispenses fluids through the agitation system and the rinse systems.



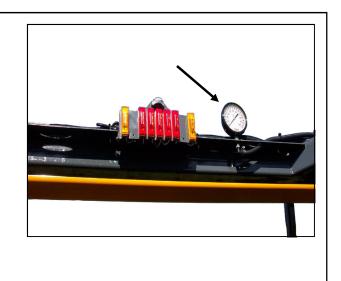
#### **Flow Meter**

The flow meter located in the main solution line monitors the solution flow and sends information back to the console and control valve. If the flow rate is not within the parameters programmed, the control valve will compensate by either opening or closing. If the rate continues to be outside the parameters, an alarm will sound signaling a low flow rate. (see the Raven console guide for more information on low flow limit)



#### **Solution Pressure Gauge**

The pressure gauge gives you a constant visual display of the amount of the solution being applied (measured in PSI). The pressure, as determined by the pulse width modulated control valve, will vary according to ground speed. If applying solution manually, the solution pressure gauge visually informs the operator of needed manual adjustments. The gauge also shows when there is a drop in pressure indicating that the solution tank maybe empty or there is a problem with the system.



### **SPRAY SYSTEM**

### Individual Boom Solution Valve Switches

The spray booms are divided into sections that are independently supplied with solution and can therefore be shut off or turned on independently. The hydro-electric boom solution valves are controlled by a row of switches mounted on the right hand console (A).

Sixty foot boom configurations are divided into three sections and the valves are mounted on the transom. Eighty and ninety foot booms are divided into five sections with three of the valves mounted on the transom and one on each boom.

### Boom Solution Valve L.E.D. Indicators

Boom solution valve status is displayed on the transom by a series of L.E.D. indicators (B). Each indicator will illuminate if that particular boom solution valve is turned **OFF.** 



### **SPRAY SYSTEM**

#### **Solution Tank Valve**

The solution tank valve (A) controls the amount of solution coming out of the tank. The valve is controlled from inside the cab with the TANK VALVE switch (B) located on the right hand console.

### **Tank Sump Valve**

The tank sump valve (C) is a ball type valve that has to be turned on and off manually. This valve is to allow the fluid into the tank from the fill option.



### Agitation

The speed of the sparge agitation system (stainless steel tank option) or the eductor agitation system (poly tank option) is controlled by a variable flow solution valve (A) mounted on the solution pump (B). The agitation switch (C) on the right hand console controls the rate of flow through the sparge system. While watching the indicator on the agitation valve, increase or decrease the flow rate with the control switch. To increase the flow, press the switch up. To decrease the flow press the switch down. When the desired rate of flow is achieved, release the switch.

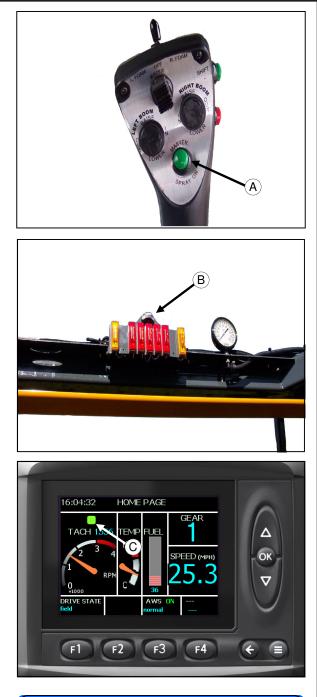
To turn the agitation system off, decrease the flow rate all the way down.



### **Main Solution Switch**

Main spray power can be controlled from a switch on the hydrostatic lever (A). This controls the panel of boom solution valve switches. The main switch must be on to supply the individual switches with voltage. This allows you to turn all of the boom solution valve ON or OFF at the same time such as turning them off when you arrive at the end rows and turning them back on when you re-enter the field. The individual switches allow you to turn the valves ON or OFF separately.

When the main spray power is ON a green indicator light located on the left side of the MD3 (B) above the tachometer reading will illuminate and a white indicator light (C) mounted on the transom assembly will also illuminate.



NOTICE

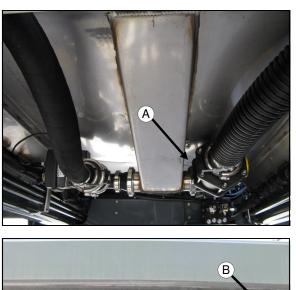
**DO NOT** allow the pump to keep running when the boom switches are turned off. Failure to do so will generate in over-heating and cause severe pump damage and void the warranty.

### **Solution Quick Fill**

To fill the solution tank, make sure the sump valve under the tank (A) is open. To access the front fill, pull the front fill latch lever out (B) and lower the assembly. Connect your solution supply to the front fill and fill to the desired level.

You may also fill the rinse tank (C) from the ground level with an owner supplied connection. When finished, shut off all of the valves and return the front fill to the locked position. See the next page for information regarding the use of the side fill inductor for filling the solution tank.

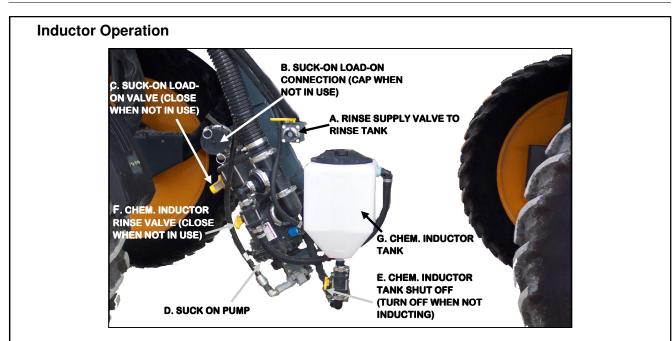
**Caution:** Wear the appropriate clothing and protective gear when working with agricultural chemicals. Do not store the clothing inside the cab.







### **SPRAY SYSTEM**



With the engine running and the parking brake set, flip the lock switch up (H). Lower the inductor assembly with the inductor control box switch (I). If filling with the suck-on attachment, leave the engine running. If filling with the push-on attachment, turn the engine off.

Load water only: B-connected, C-on, E-off, F-off Suck water only\*: B-connected, C-on, E-off, F-off

Load water/induct chem.: B-connected, E-open, F-off

Suck water/induct chem.\*: B-connected,

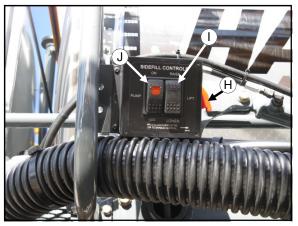
E-open, F-off

Fill rinse tank (K): A-handle perpendicular to sprayer

Rinse inductor tank rinse tank: F-valve on

Rinse inductor tank with nurse tank (suck or load): F-valve ON, E-valve ON

\*To activate "suck on" pump, flip the inductor control switch up (J). This will start the pump. Flip the switch down when filling is complete.





### **Fence Row Applicator**

To operate the fence row nozzle, locate the fence row switch on the console (A). If you wish to turn the right fence row nozzle, depress the top of the fence row switch. To turn on the left fence row, depress the bottom of the switch. To turn either fence row nozzle off, return the switch to the center position.

As you engage either fence row you may notice a drop in solution pressure.

A pair of amber L.E.D lights mounted on the transom (B), on either side of the boom solution valve indicator lights, will inform the operator of fence row status. If the left fence row nozzle is ON, the left amber L.E.D light will be on. If the right fence row nozzle is ON, the right amber L.E.D light will be on. If neither amber L.E.D light is on, there is no solution being applied through the fence row nozzles.



### **SPRAY SYSTEM**

### Hand Washing System

Fill the hand wash tank (A) with fresh water only! The hand wash valve is located under the left side of the sprayer (B). Remember to close the valve before refilling.







### HAND WASH ONLY

### **Rinse System**

Activate the rinse system only after the solution tank is empty. Select a safe area to rinse spray system and clean sprayer where the chemicals will not drift off to contaminate people, animals, vegetation, or water supply. Refer to chemicals manufacturer's guide for types of cleaning solution combinations (plain water, cleaning agents, etc.).

TO RINSE THE SOLUTION TANK AND 3" FILL LINES:

- 1. Turn on the spray system console.
- 2. Turn the rate switch to the MANUAL position.
- Using the flow increase/decrease lever (A), increase the solution pressure to maximum PSI.
- 4. Close the solution tank valve (C).
- 5. Depress the "SOLU TANK" rinse switch (D).
- When finished rinsing the solution tank, return the switch back to the OFF position and turn the spray system OFF (including the solution pump switch, and the console).

TO RINSE THE BOOM SUPPLY AND NOZZLES:

- 1. Follow steps 1 through 4 from above.
- 2. Turn agitation OFF (B).
- Close the solution tank valve (C) and open the boom supply valves (E).
- 4. Depress the boom rinse switch (C)
- 5. When finished rinsing the boom, return the rinse switch back to the OFF position and turn the spray system OFF (including the solution pump, console, boom solution valves, and main spray power switch).



### FOAM MARKER SYSTEM

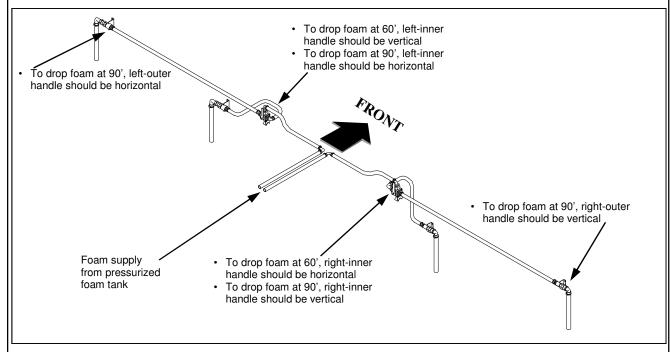
### Foam Marker Operation

To operate the foam marking system, locate the toggle switch on the top of the hydrostatic lever (A). Push the switch left if foam is desired from the left foam drop. Push the switch right if foam is desired from the right foam drop. Return the switch to the center position if no foam is desired.

System pressure is indicated by a pressure gauge on the regulator which is mounted next to the foam tank (B). To adjust the air pressure in the foam tank, turn the knob on the regulator clockwise for more pressure, and counterclockwise for less pressure. To correctly decrease pressure in the foam tank, you must first open either the left or right foam valve for a moment to relieve system pressure. Then adjust the regulator accordingly.

See illustration for foam drop configurations.





### FOAM MARKER SYSTEM

#### Filling the Foam Marker Tank

- Relive the pressure from the foam marker tank by opening the 1/4" ball valve on the side of the foam marker tank (B).
- Close the ball valve after the pressure is relieved.
- 3. Open the top 2" ball valve (A).

!

- 4. Add water to the tank, leaving enough room for the foam concentrate.
- Next add the foam concentrate according to the label on the container.
- After filling is complete, close the 2" ball valve on the top of the tank.
- Start the sprayer 's engine and adjust the air pressure accordingly (see previous page).

**Caution:** Before performing any service on or refilling of the foam marker, shut the engine off and relieve system pressure from the tank.

**Warning:** DO NOT stand directly over or in front of the valves when opening.





#### Introduction

The detasseling system is a constantly monitored and continuously adjusted system. The cab mounted control system receives data from photo light sensors to determine detasseling height. In the following section, the components of the detasseling system will be explained. Please read the entire section before operating the STS Combo option.

#### **Operating Instructions**

- Program the Hagie Tasseltrol ®/ LS System 12<sup>™</sup> control box.
- 2. Test the photo light sensors.
- 3. Start the engine.
- 4. Put the machine in "field mode".
- 5. Turn on the desired detasseling head motors.
- Activate the main solution control switch on the hydrostatic lever.
- Shut the system down if there is a loss of hydraulic pressure or low oil warning. Failure to do so will result in system damage and void the warranty.

In order to achieve the recommended 2500 RPM to operate the detasseling head motors, use the throttle switch on the side console. By bumping the engine's RPM, the heads will be available for immediate use.

# NOTICE

Operating the system below the recommended 2500 engine RPM will not provide the system with adequate hydraulic oil flow and may cause degraded or poor performance.

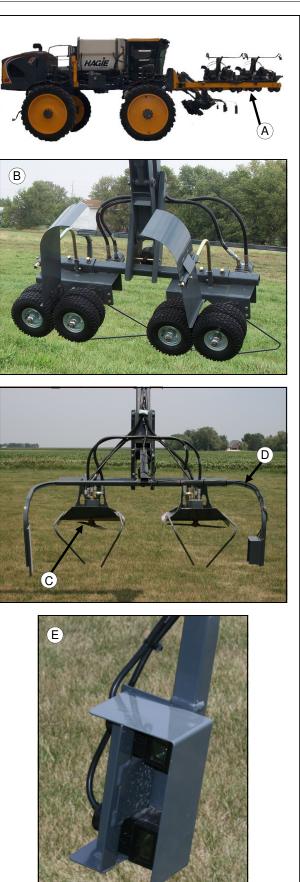


LS System 12 is a trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company. Tasseltrol is a registered trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company.

### **Detasseling System Components**

- A. Combo attachment
- B. Puller heads
- C. Cutter heads
- D. LS System 12<sup>™</sup>/ depth command
- E. Photo-light sensor

continued on next page



LS System 12 is a trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company.

- F. Tasseltrol® box
- G. Combo control panel
- H. Main control switch
- I. All- Up/ Hold button



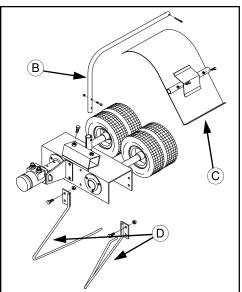


Tasseltrol is a registered trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company.

### **Quad Pullers**

- Attach the quad pullers to each lift arm tool bar (A). (Some quad pullers may come preassembled to the tool bar.)
- Install the stalk guides (D) to the quad puller head assembly.
- Attach the deflector shield mount tube (B) and the deflector shields (C) to mount tube for left or right deflection.
- 4. Refer to the parts manual for the hydraulic hose diagram.
- Adjust the puller tire pressure to approximately 10 psi.







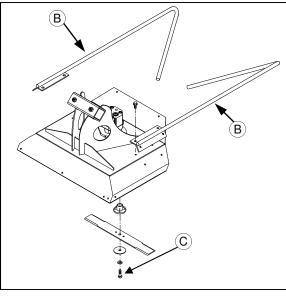
Be sure all four tires have equal pressure.

Check tire pressure daily.

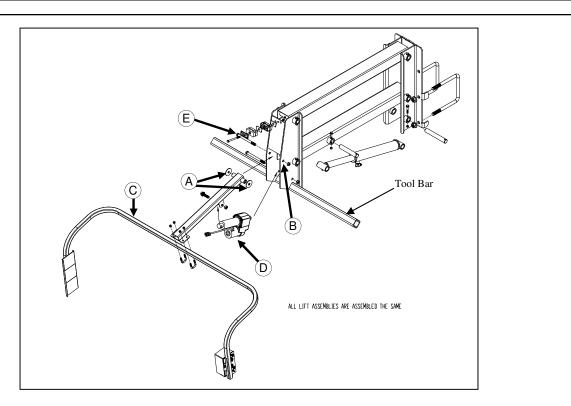
### **Cutter Heads**

- Attach the cutter head assembly to the tool bar (A). (Some quad pullers may come preassembled to the toolbar.)
- Install the stalk guide (B) to the cutter head assembly. Refer to the parts manual for proper hardware.
- Check and tighten (if necessary) the retaining bolt (C).
- 4. Refer to the parts manual for the hydraulic hose diagram.









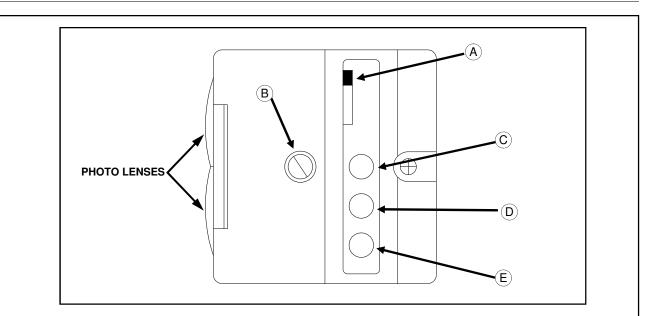
### LS System and Depth Command

- Install the LS sensor mount support weldment with the two nylon washers (A) in the forwardmost hole of the tool bar (B).
- 2. Install the LS mount weldment (C) to the sensor mount to the sensor mount support arm.
- Install the cable assembly according to the wire diagram in the Hagie STS Parts Manual.
- Turn the ignition key to the ON position to check the sensor installation. DO NOT start the engine.
- 5. Attach the depth command actuator (D) to the light sensor mount and the toolbar.

# NOTICE

Over tightening of the sensor arm pivot bolt

(E) may cause the actuator to stall.



### LS Photo Light Indicators

The upper and lower LS photo lights (F) have L.E.D lights (A, C, D, E) that indicate operational status.

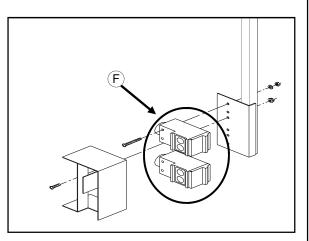
LT/DK Switch– Light/ Dark switch (A) on the photo light sensor changes the activated condition of green L.E.D (see below) from ON (LT) to OFF (DK). The switch does not affect the functional operation of the light, only how it is displayed. The switch should be set to LT.

Sensitivity Adjustment Screw– The sensitivity adjustment screw ((B) should always be set to maximum.

Yellow L.E.D– The yellow L.E.D (C) indicates that the power is on.

Green L.E.D– The green L.E.D (D) indicates output energized (sending signal to the Tasseltrol® box, opening the raise or lower stack valve).

Red L.E.D– The red L.E.D (E) indicates that the photo light is receiving reflected signal.





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### All– Up/Hold Button

The All-Up/Hold button on the hydrostatic lever (rocker switch) (A) is used to raise or lower all row units at the same time. There is a switch on also located on the combo control panel (B) that has the same function as the button on the hydrostatic lever.

Depress the top of either button to raise all the row units. Depress the bottom of the switch to lower all the row units.

Learn how to program the parameters of these switches in the section on Tasseltrol® programming.



#### **Tasseltrol®**

The Hagie Tasseltrol®/ LS System 12<sup>™</sup> control box is used for the programming of the detasseling heads as well as the depth command system. This control box can also be used to control the detasseling heads manually.



#### **Combo Control Panel**

The combo control panel houses most of the switches for the detasseling system. More information on the functions of the switches can be found in the Hydraulics section of this manual.

None of the functions of the detasseling system will function if the machine is not in "field" drive state.



The Hagie "Quick-tach" system is a convenient way of changing between sprayer attachments.

#### Removing the boom

- Determine where to place the boom once it is off the machine.
- Lower the boom and secure the boom stands on the down position.
- With the booms folded, horizontally fold the booms so that the folded tip is approximately even with the rear of the cab.
- 4. Disengage the quick-tach lock assemblies.
- Slowly and gently lower the boom and transom assembly until the quick-tach hook is free of the lock pin.
- Make sure the solution valves are OFF and turn off the engine before disconnecting any hoses or electrical lines.
- Once you have cleared the lock pin. unhook the hydraulic, solution, electrical, and foam marker lines (if equipped), being careful not to leave the ends in a place that they may get damaged or contaminated.
- If no other attachment is going to be installed, re-lock the quick-tach lock assembly to keep it safe from damage. Be sure to unlock it again when installing an attachment.
- Start the machine and slowly back out and away from the boom. Alarms will sound notifying you of modules being offline, accept the warnings on the MD3.



### Storage

When looking for a place to store the boom, there are three important things to consider:

- 1. **Level ground:** The ground must be relatively level to help prevent tip over. Look at the ground in all directions. Level ground will also minimize stress on the frame of the attachment while in storage.
- Space: The boom option has to be partially open in order for it to stand properly. Make sure that there is adequate room to allow for the boom.
- Accessibility: Make sure that there is enough room that the boom is not blocking anything or is blocked.

If temporarily storing the boom on a soft surface, such as grass, it may be necessary to put blocks under the stand's feet to prevent the attachment from sinking into the ground. It is not recommended that booms be stored on a soft surface for an extended period of time because of the risk of the soil settling even when blocks are used.

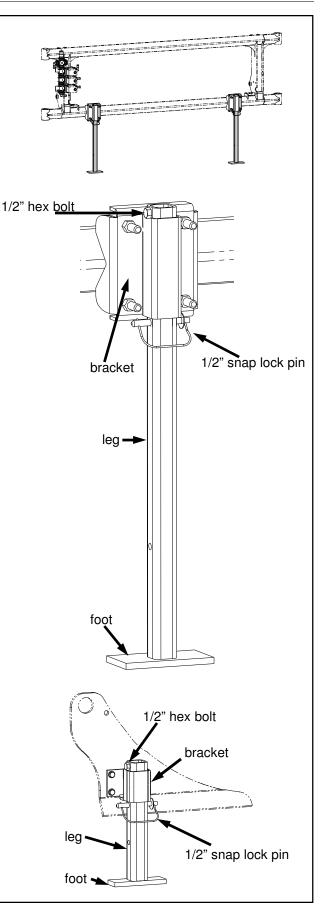


### **Boom Stands**

If the boom option is equipped with boom stands, there are two on the transom and one on each of the inner sections of the boom. Boom stands are an option and therefore may not be on the boom. Contact Hagie Customer Service Department to order stands.

The stands are brackets attached to the end of the first boom section on both the left and right boom and two on the transom. Each stand has a "leg" with a "foot" on the bottom. Each has a hex bolt in the top hole of the leg to secure it from sliding off, and a snap lock pin in the hole directly below the bracket to maintain its position.

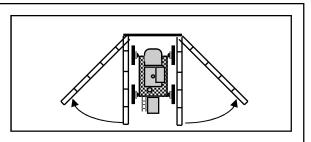
Do not leave the stands in the lowered position at anytime while moving the boom. Damage may occur to the boom if the stand were to catch uneven ground or an unseen object. Raise the foot all the way up and place the pin in the hole above the bracket.



### **Opening the Boom**

The booms must be partially open for stability while unattached from the machine. Unfold the booms to approximately 45° while maintaining sufficient clearance for repositioning during reattachment.

This position will allow the booms to sit level with the transom without causing too much stress on either part. It will also keep the weight from shifting too much either way (rearward or forward) which could cause the boom to tip over or be difficult to connect or disconnect.



### **Disengage the Lock Assembly**

Disengage the lock pin assembly only after the boom has been lowered the close to the ground.

To disengage the lock assembly, pull the pin out as far as it will go. Once the pin is out as far as it will go, it should lock in the out position. Make sure that the lock assembly does not re-lock while you are trying to remove the boom.



### Lower the Boom to the Ground

Slowly, and gently ease the boom to the ground. Continue to lower the boom until the quick attach hooks have cleared the lock pin.

A "bounce back" effect may be felt when the weight of the boom has been relieved from the machine. Once the airbags have cycled, the machine will adjust to the new weight.



### Disconnect Solution, Electrical, and Hydraulic Lines

Once the lock pin has been cleared, all hoses and electrical lines must be disconnected.

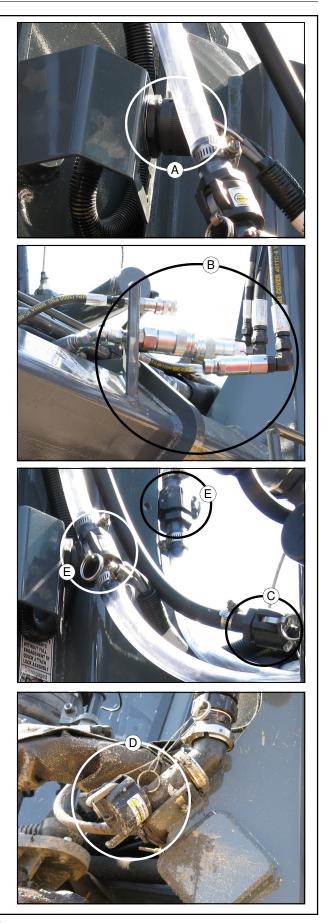
Make sure that the solution valve is OFF. There may be a small amount of solution leak out. If it doesn't stop or is excessive, check the valve switch. If the switch is off, contact Hagie Customer Service Department for repair or parts.

A machine may have six points of disconnection from the boom: the electrical pigtail on the right hand side of the machine (A); three hydraulic disconnects on the left side of the machine (B); the rear wheel nozzle (solution) on the right side (C); and the main solution disconnect on the right side of the machine, above the front wheel (D). If the machine is equipped with the foam marker option, there are two hoses near the electrical pigtail to disconnect (E).

Remember to use the caps that are provided for the hoses. If the cap is missing, cover the opening with a plastic bag secured with tape until a replacement can be ordered from Hagie Customer Service Department (see Parts Manual). Hoses may also be able to be connected together. Do not connect hoses that have different solution flowing through them.

Pull away from the boom after everything is disconnected. The lift arms will hold position because of an auto-block that keeps pressure in the lift cylinders.

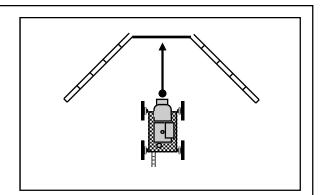
**WARNING:** Turn the engine OFF before disconnecting any hoses or electrical lines! Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.



60-5

### **Connecting the Boom**

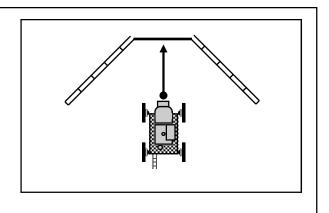
- Square up to the boom. Make sure the quick attach lock assemblies are open.
- 2. Pull into the boom *slowly*.
- 3. After squarely pulling into the boom, check to see that the quick-tach hooks are high enough to go over the lock pins. If the hooks are high enough, no adjustments need to be made to the machine. Continue to pull into the boom until the hook openings are above the lock pins.
- Turn the engine OFF before connecting any hoses or electrical lines.
- 5. Re-attach all solution, electrical, hydraulic, and foam marker lines (if equipped). If you are attaching to something other than the boom, be sure you read and understand the operator's manual for the attachment.
- Start the machine. Lift the boom until the hooks have fully engaged.
- Lock the quick-tach lock assemblies. Be sure that the assembly is fully engaged!
- 8. Put the boom stands in the "travel position".
- 9. Continue with your spray job.



### **Pull Into the Attachment**

Slowly pull into the boom.

A helpful tip to pulling into the boom– use the speed control. Set the speed control to the slowest speed rather than trying to control it with the hydrostatic lever. (see the Hydrostatic system section for information on the speed control)



### Is There Enough Clearance?

Check to see that the quick-tach hooks are high enough to clear the lock pins. Due to soil settling or the difference in the airbag pressure without the boom on, you may need to let some air out of the airbags using the relief valves. If the machine is not equipped with the valves, call Hagie Customer Service and purchase airbag relief valve kits and install them on the front leg assemblies.

Once the necessary adjustments have been made, continue to drive into the boom until the hooks are above the lock pins.

### Reconnect All Hydraulic, Electrical, Solution, and Foam Marker (if equipped) lines

Reconnect all the necessary lines between the machine and the boom. If connecting to another attachment other than the boom, make sure that you read and understand the operator's and parts manuals for the attachment.





### Lift the Boom

Lifting the boom will allow the weight of the boom to pull the hooks over the lock pins. Once the hooks are fully over the lock pins, be sure to engage the lock assemblies. **Do not operate the boom without the full engagement of the lock assemblies!** 

You will notice the change of weight again as the machine begins to support the boom.





### **Boom Stands**

This would also be a good time to put the boom stands (if equipped) in "travel" position by removing the pin and sliding the leg all the way up. Re-insert the pin above the bracket to keep the leg in place.

Do not try to move the machine a great distance without doing this step! There is risk of catching the stands on the ground causing unnecessary damage to the stands and to the boom. This may also damage the machine.

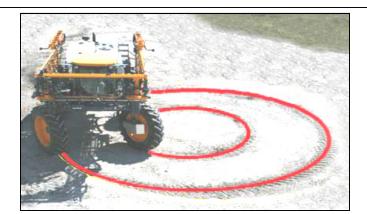


#### **Continue With the Spray Job**

DO NOT FORGET to adjust the booms before moving the machine. Continue with your spray job.



### ALL WHEEL STEER <sup>A</sup>



#### Introduction

It is very important that you study this section if AWS (All Wheel Steer) is installed on the machine.

The AWS system is set up to keep the machine safe, however, each driver's experience behind the wheel of a Hagie Machine may be different. Hagie Manufacturing Company strongly suggests driving a machine in Conventional Steer initially to get a feel of the machine. Get a feel for how different the machine turns at different speeds and at different steering angles in both forward and reverse. It would probably be in your best interest o make sure you are very comfortable in driving the machine on the road and in the field, with the booms in the transport position and in the spray position, and by doing a lot of different turning scenarios before attempting to drive the machine with the AWS.

After all of the test driving is done and you feel comfortable with the machine, you can begin to un-

derstand how to put the machine into an AWS state. Hagie Manufacturing uses the term "Coordinated Steering" to describe the AWS feature. Coordinated Steering refers to the situation created when the front

wheels turn one direction and the rear wheels turn in the opposite direction to create tighter turn angle and allow the rear wheels to follow the front wheel tracks. Coordinated Steering should make turning more efficient and less damaging to your crops.

Coordinated Steering mode (AWS) needed to be limited in relation to speed, and you will notice that the new "LOW" gear allows for this limitation. If the machine is above the first gear (speed range), the AWS system will not engage (even if speed is less in a higher gear at times). You will want to see how this works in a wide open and flat area first so you can understand what to expect.

A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

# ALL WHEEL STEER <sup>▲</sup>

#### Terminology

**Conventional Steering**– only the front wheels turn

**Coordinated Steering**– all wheels turn and do so in a relationship to where the rear tire should follow in the front tires' tracks

Drive State (Road vs. Field)- this is controlled by through the MD3 (F1 button) (the machine must be in neutral for these drive state to be changed)

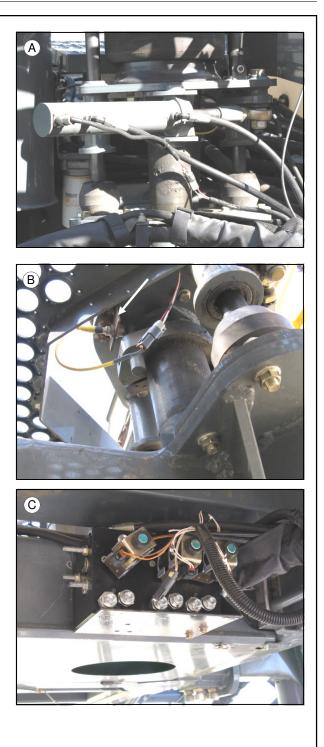
Steering State (Coordinated Steering vs. Conventional Steering)- this is controlled by several things, but first the AWS must be engaged through the MD3 (F3 button)



#### Components

The rear legs of an AWS machine are equipped with steering cylinders (A). The cylinders have internal position sensors and external proximity sensors (B) to track the rod extension of the cylinder.

The rear hydraulic steering is controlled by a valve block (C) located on the belly of the machine.



A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

# ALL WHEEL STEER <sup>A</sup>

#### **Operating All Wheel Steer**

To engage the AWS, make sure that the machine's drive state is "field". The machine must also be in the first gear (speed range) for AWS to engage. Press the F3 button until "ON" appears beside AWS. The machine will stay in AWS mode, which basically allows the system to be maintained ON until either a limitation in the system is reached or the operator pushes the button to turn it off. Limitations include:

- Machine is shifted out of first speed range while in field drive state. There is no warning message associated with this, the machine will just automatically switch to conventional steering (normal).
- Machine must be in field drive state. If the machine is in road drive state, then the AWS is off. There is no warning associated with this, the machine will just be in conventional steering mode.
- System fault– system not working properly (sensor malfunction, hydraulic issue, etc.). A message will appear on the MD3 and the machine may be limited on speed and other functions.
- \*\*\* If a machine has Auto Steer\*\*\* When an Auto Steer system is engaged it will turn the AWS system off and move the rear wheels back to straight.



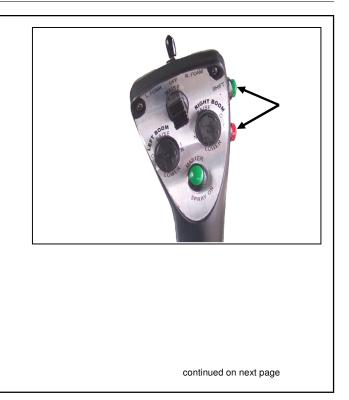
A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

# ALL WHEEL STEER <sup>A</sup>

#### Tips

Recommendations for best operating practices:

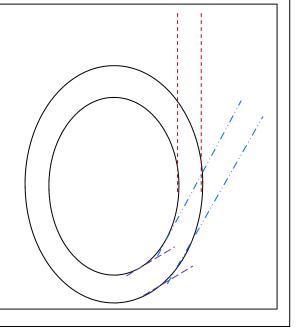
 Try to use the shift buttons to slow down at the end rows. Know that the first speed range in "field state" will get you down to a slow enough speed to turn and you can always use the hydrostatic lever to slow down more if needed. By doing this, you will see how the AWS speeds will not really slow down much more than you would want for turning. If you move the hydrostatic lever first and then shift down to get to the AWS, you will notice that the machine may slow down more than you wanted to.



# ALL WHEEL STEER <sup>A</sup>

- 2. Make sure that you understand how the machine feels when the machine is still in a turn and is shifted out of the first gear. You will notice that to stay away from these scenarios, you can wait to shift up out of first gear until the front wheels are closer to the straight position. The machine will still operate just fine at whatever turn angle that you want to shift out at, but you may feel that this situation is causing operation that you may not want (possibly getting the machine off the line intended because the rear wheels move back to straight position and the total turning radius will change) See figure below to better understand this.
- Contact Hagie Customer Service with any and all questions you may have regarding the operation of the AWS system.

The two circles represent a full turn with the AWS on. The ---lines represent the direction the operator wants the front tracks to go (assume that the operator wants to pull the machine back into rows that are running straight up/down with regards to this page). The---- lines represent the direction that the front wheels are pointed when the operator shifts up out of AWS speed range. If this occurs, then the rear wheels will shift back to the straight position and the machine will no longer have to two tire tracks ( the two circles). The rear wheels will begin to follow the ----path during this shift.



# ALL WHEEL STEER <sup>A</sup>

Hagie Manufacturing Company once again recommends trying this system out before planning on going straight to the first field with it so you can get a feel for what to expect. Some situations to try include:

- Driving the machine with both an empty and a full solution tank with the AWS on.
- Driving the machine on hills- make sure to remember the precautions stated earlier in the manual.
- Driving the machine at different turn angles and speeds to see how the limitations work. You will notice that if you go over any of the limitations that you can slow back down and the system will turn itself back on.
- \*\*\*If the machine has Auto Steer\*\*\*- Notice how the machine feels when in AWS mode and switching from Auto Steer ON to OFF especially when turning.

Hagie Manufacturing Company wants the AWS system to be a great benefit to our customer and would like to hear your feedback.



A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

#### Introduction

It is important to apply chemicals as recommended by the manufacturer's of the product. In order to do so, the spraying system must be properly calibrated.

Determine the speed at which the sprayer will be driven while applying chemicals. To select the best speed, consider the lay of the land, the condition of the soil, the type of crops, the height of the crop, etc.

Select the nozzle spacing (distance between each nozzle on the spray boom) best suited for the intended spraying job. For help in determining the nozzle spacing and height of the boom, refer to the Spray Product Catalog that accompanies this manual.

There are several types and sizes of nozzles. Select (as recommended by the catalog) and install the type and size of nozzle best suited for the intended spraying job., The type of nozzle will be based on the product being sprayed and the type of crop it is being used on. The size of the nozzles selected will be based upon the speed the sprayer will travel, the nozzle spacing, and the number of gallons per acre that will be applied.

# NOTICE

The key to an effective spray job starts with the selection of the spray tip! Refer to the Spray Product Catalog that accompanies this manual for more information.

#### **Tip Selection:**

There are several things to consider when selecting the type of nozzle needed for the intended spray job. Whatever your personal preference is, be sure that the nozzle complies with the chemical manufacturer's standards for spray control and also any environmental standards that might be in place for your region. (some regions may have restrictions on "drift" control).

Once you have chosen a type of nozzle, you must choose the size of the nozzle. There are **3** main things to consider when choosing the size: **1**) recommendation of gallons per acre, **2**) the speed in which you intend to travel across the field while spraying, **3**) and the nozzle spacing (distance between tips). Refer to the following page for information on how to select a tip size.

# NOTICE

Remember that the performance of the nozzle and the spray system is dependant on the performance of the operator. If the system is operated within the set parameters of the nozzle type and the machine/console set up, you will see greater success with your application. Operating the machine even one or two miles per hour faster or slower than intended will greatly change the outcome of the programmed spray job.

Since all tabulations in the catalog are based on spraying water, you will need to use a conversion factor when spraying liquids other than water. This information is found in the Spray Product catalog.

Below is an example of how to choose the proper nozzle:

Joe is spraying 28% nitrogen. The chemical manufacturer recommends that the chemical be sprayed at 20 GPS. Joe knows that he can run his sprayer at 10 MPH across his field. He has a 20 inch nozzle spacing on his booms. Joe has narrowed his tip search to the flat spray tips.

Use the following conversion formula:

# 20 GPA (liquid other than water) x 1.13 (conversion factor)=22.6 GPA (water)

Joe determined that he needs an application rate of 22.6 GPA to determine the correct nozzle to apply 28% nitrogen at 20 gallons per acre.

To figure out which nozzle is better for his use, Joe has to figure out the GPM he needs to spray.

# GPM= <u>GPA x MPH x Spacing</u> → 5940 (constant)

#### GPM= <u>22.6x10x20</u> → GPM= <u>4520</u> → GPM= 0.76 5940 5940

The nozzle that best matches the specifications set by Joe is the TP8008, spraying 22 GPA at a rate of 0.75 GPM. If Joe maintains a constant speed, he should have a successful application.

	CAP. 1 GPA													
NOZZLE SIZE	PSI	S	<b>ROP</b>   <b>ZE</b>   <sup>110</sup>	CAP. 1 NOZZLE IN GPM	NOZZLE IN OZ./MIN	4	5	6	M 8	РН 10	12	15	20	
TP8004	30 35 40 50 60	M M M M	M M F F	0.35 0.37 0.40 0.45 0.49	45 47 51 58 63	26 27 30 33 36	21 22 24 27 29	17.3 18.3 19.8 22 24	13.0 13.7 14.9 16.7 18.2	10.4 11.0 11.9 13.4 14.6	8.7 9.2 9.9 11.1 12.1	6.4 7.0 7.4 8.3 9.1	5.2 5.5 5.9 6.7 7.3	
TP8005	30 35 40 50 60	C M M M M	M M M F	0.43 0.47 0.50 0.56 0.61	55 60 64 72 78	32 35 37 42 45	26 28 30 33 36	21 23 25 28 30	16.0 17.4 18.6 21 23	12.8 14.0 14.9 16.6 18.1	10.6 11.6 12.4 13.9 15.1	8.5 9.3 9.9 11.1 12.1	6.4 7.0 7.4 8.3 9.1	
TP8006	30 35 40 50 60	00000	M M M M	0.52 0.56 0.60 0.67 0.73	67 72 77 86 93	39 42 45 50 54	31 33 36 40 43	26 28 30 33 36	19.3 21 22 25 27	15.4 16.6 17.8 19.9 22	12.9 13.9 14.9 16.6 18.1	10.3 11.1 11.9 13.3 14.5	7.7 8.3 8.9 9.9 10.8	There is more than one option to choose from, but this nozzle offers a broader range @
TP8008	30 35 40 50 60	00000	C C C M M	0.69 0.75 0.80 0.89 0.98	88 96 102 114 125	51 56 59 66 73	41 45 48 53 58	34 37 40 44 49	26 28 30 33 36	20 (22) 24 26 29	17.1 18.6 19.8 22 24	13.7 14.9 15.8 17.6 19.4	10.2 11.1 11.9 13.2 14.6	the speed he wishes to travel.

#### FLAT SPRAY TIPS

These calculations are based on a 20" spacing, refer to the Spray Products catalog for the formula for choosing a spacing other than 20".

# NOTICE

THIS IS JUST A GUIDE TO GET STARTED! REFER TO THE RAVEN INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR MORE INFORMATION AND TROUBLE SHOOTING.

#### **Getting Started**

- The entry sequence is always the same. 1) depress the key in which you wish to enter data, 2) depress the ENTER key, 3) depress the keys corresponding to the number you wish to enter (the numbers will be displayed as they are entered), 4) complete the entry by again pressing the ENTER key.
- 2. When the console is initially turned on, it will flash CAL and display ACRES US. This means that the console must be calibrated or programmed before it can be operated. Once the console is calibrated or programmed, you will not have to do it again unless you wish to make changes. All data is retained if the console is turned off.
- If any error is made during the programming of the area of measurement standard or the valve type, turn the console OFF. Depress CE and hold while turning the console power ON.

**IMPORTANT!** The information contained in this section is not meant to replace the information contained in the Raven's operational manual or the instructions of the chemical manufacturer. The information may need to be adjusted to suit the varying conditions under which the machine is being used. We can not account for the infinitely variable situations that may be unique to each machine, operator, and field/crop.



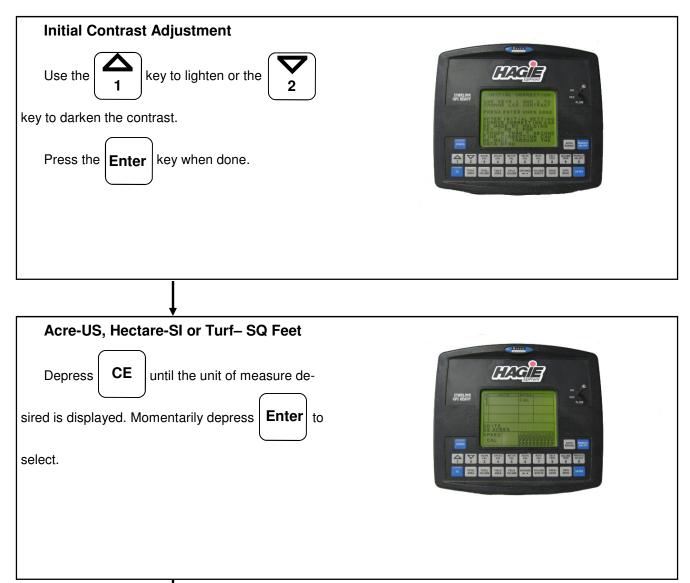
Data must be entered for keys 3 through 7.

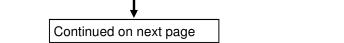
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Momentarily depressing the **CE** key is similar to using an arrow key to scroll through menu selections.

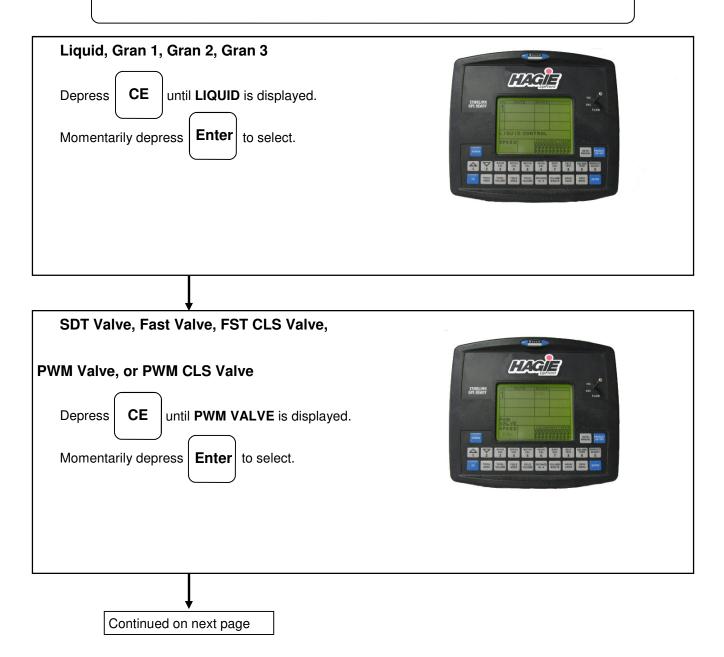






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# Meter Cal, Spreader Constant You will need to enter a Meter Cal for liquid applications. The meter cal is found on the flow meter in the main solution line. Depress Enter to select. Enter this number using the 1-0 keys. Press Enter Continued on next page

# NOTICE

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MANUAL FOR MORE INFORMATION AND TROUBLE SHOOTING.

#### **Rate Cal**

If you are applying multiple products, you must complete the following steps for each product. The active product will be highlighted.



Enter the number of gallons per acre (liters per

hectare) that you wish to apply using the 1-0 number

keys.



This number is based on the preference of the operator, the condition of the field, and the product being applied. Read all chemical manufacturer's instructions before entering this parameter.

Pay attention to the placement of the decimal point! The decimal point can be shifted for greater accuracy, but if in the wrong place can cause great disaster.



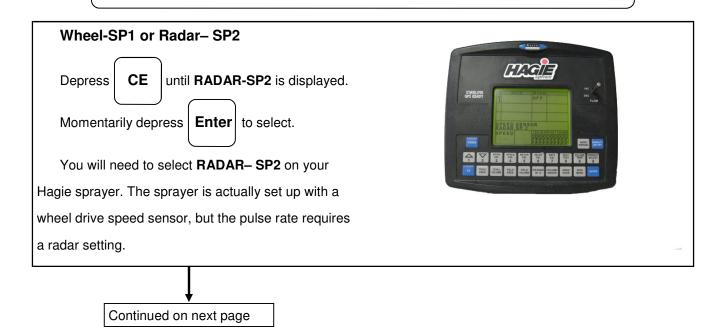


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STARLINK GPS READY

#### **Speed Cal**

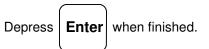
The initial **SPEED CAL** is dependent on the size of tires installed on your machine. Below is a chart to get you started.

Depress Enter to select. Enter the number

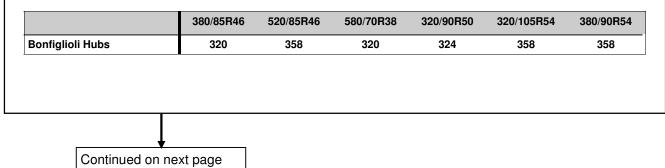
using the 1-0 keys.

The speed cal may need to be refined after the initial programming of the console. Refer to the Raven manual for more information.

The speed that is displayed on the Raven console, if the console is programmed correctly and the speed cal is refined as necessary, should closely match the speed displayed on the MD3.



#### **STS 14 RAVEN CALS**



# NOTICE

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#### Boom Cal



key and the

key will

allow you to scroll through the different boom num-

bers.

To determine the **Boom Cal** number, you will need to know how the boom is divided (the number of valves and which section they control), the spacing option installed, and eth number of nozzles per section.

The diagrams on the following pages show a wet and a dry boom example.

The boom is numbered from left to right and that is your boom number. The number also corresponds with the spray section switches on the side console.

To get the boom cal number, multiply the number

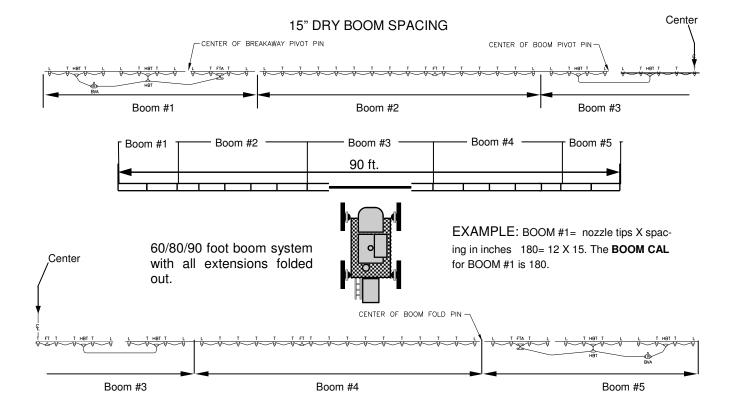


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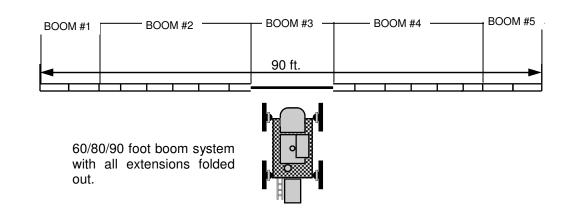
MANUAL FOR MORE INFORMATION AND TROUBLE SHOOTING.

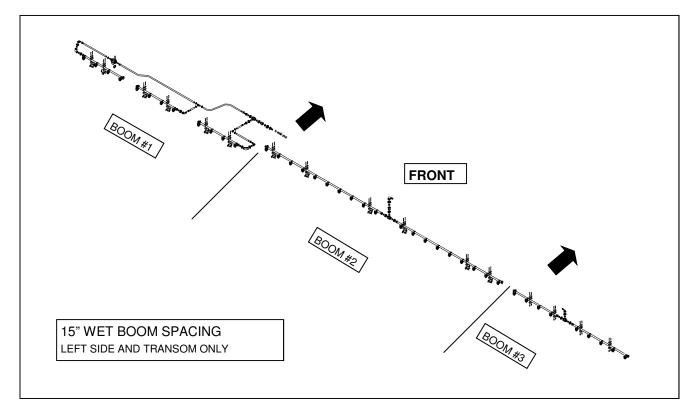




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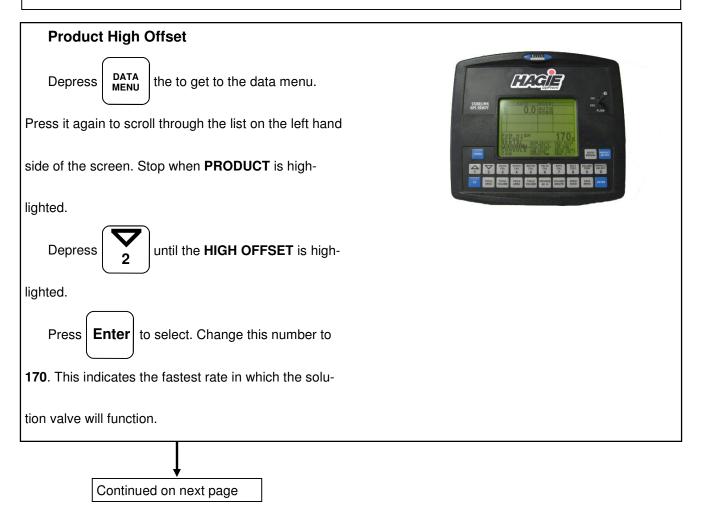
The difference between the dry boom (previous page) and the wet boom is that the dry boom's section 3 includes 4 nozzles on either side of the transom that are not included in the in the same section of a wet boom.

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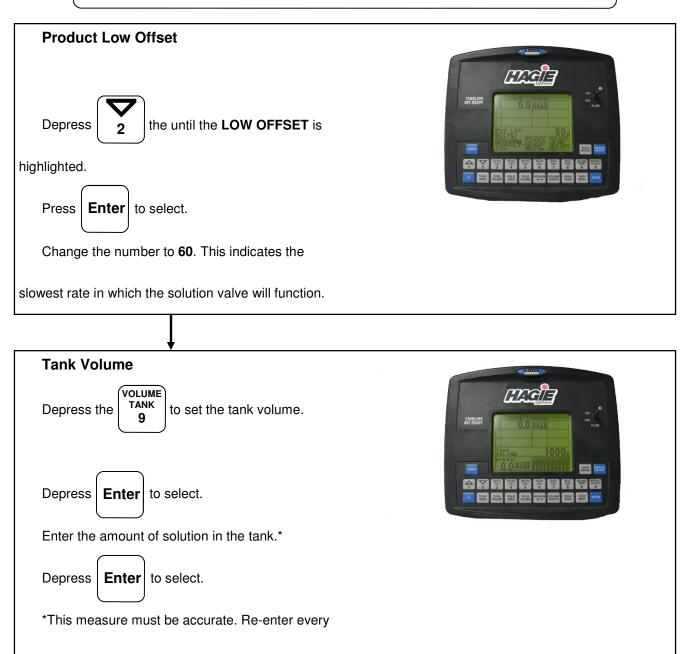
To complete calibration you will need to enter some additional information.



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time you fill the tank.

The initial programming is now complete. You may have to refine some of the numbers to better suit your unique situation. This is just a guide to get you started, these numbers may not be specific to your machine. We can not account for every individual situation.

# NOTICE

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# NOTICE

#### DO NOT ADD CHEMICALS UNTIL

### **CALIBRATION IS COMPLETE!**

#### Verifying Calibration

To test your system, fill the solution tank with clean water. Do not add chemicals until calibration is complete!

- 1. Apply the brake.
- 2. Start the engine of the sprayer.
- 3. Throttle the engine to operating speed.
- 4. Turn on the Raven console.
- 5. Change the drive state of the sprayer to field state on the MD3.
- 6. Turn on the solution tank valve located on the right hand side console.
- 7. Turn on the main solution switch on the hydrostatic lever.
- Turn on all boom section solution switches on the side console.

- 9. Make sure there are no leaks and that all nozzles are spraying a desirable pattern.
- Continue spraying in the stationary position for at least 10 minutes for proper warm up of the sprayer and its system.

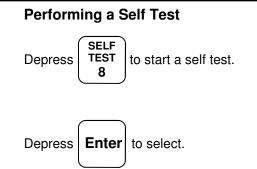
Once the sprayer has had an adequate warm period, you will need to perform a "self test" to simulate speed although the machine will remain stationary. (see the next page on quick instruction for performing a "self test" ) Collect one nozzle's spray for one minute in an adequately sized and marked container.

Verify that the collection equals or is close to the gallons per minute for the nozzle, pressure, speed, gallons per acre, and spacing that you are using.

# OTICE

#### THIS IS JUST A GUIDE TO GET STARTED! REFER TO THE RAVEN INSTALLATION

MANUAL FOR MORE INFORMATION AND TROUBLE SHOOTING.



Enter the speed that you wish to simulate using the 1-0 keys. Verify the speed in the lower corner of the display. The self test speed will clear itself when motion of the vehicle is detected. A speed cal value of

900 or greater is recommended when operating in this mode.

To verify accuracy, you will need to verify the flow meter. To do so, collect one nozzle's spray for one minute and multiply it by the number of nozzles on the booms. This should equal the amount measured through the flow meter.

To get the amount of fluid measured through the

TOTAL flow meter, depress VOLUME

This will be your flow

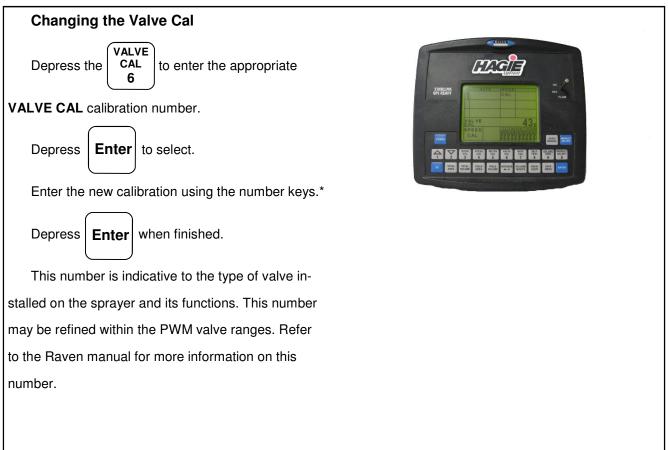
rate.



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\*The VALVE CAL number is preprogrammed as 0043, but can be adjusted to suit your needs. Refer to the Raven manual for instructions.



continued on next page

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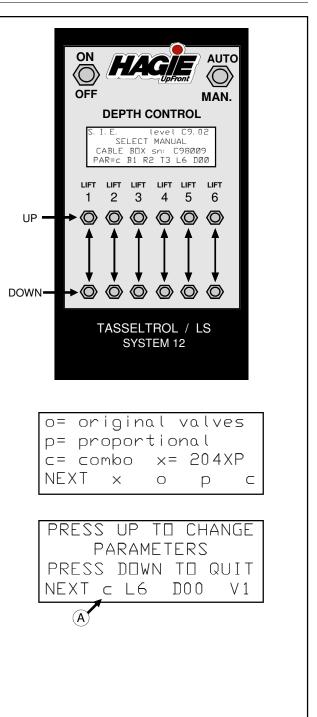
LS System 12 is a trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company.

#### 2. Match the machine valve type.

Press the LIFT 1 UP button under the PAR on the LCD display window two times and the display will show you the machine type that is selected. The "x", "o", "p", or "c" (A) just to the right of the NEXT on the bottom line of the LCD display indicates the type of machine, press the LIFT 2 UP button that is located under this item. The display will now change to the SELECT MA-CHINE TYPE screen .

Select the type of machine that this unit is installed on. For a machine prior to 2007, with the original valve system, press the LIFT 4 button under "o". If the machine has the proportional valves , press the LIFT 5 under the "p". If the machine is a 2007 or newer STS combination sprayer-detasseler with the proportional valves, press the LIFT 6 button under the "c". If the machine is a 2010 204XP machine, press the LIFT 3 button under the "x".

The screen will now revert back to the **SE-LECT MANUAL** screen with the machine type that you have just selected displayed on the bottom line.



## **TASSELTROL**®/LS SYSTEM 12<sup>™</sup>

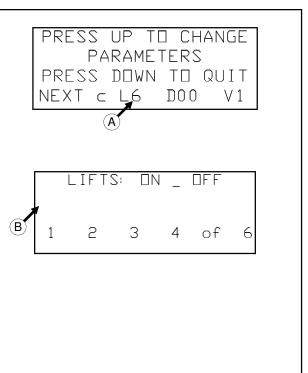
**3.** Match how many lifts are on the machine. (If you are not in parameter mode, do step 1 before doing this step)

Press the **LIFT 1 UP** button under the **PAR** on the LCD display **two times** and the display will show you how many lifts are turned on.

The L6 (A) on the display indicates that all six lifts are on.

To change the number of lifts to match your machine, press the LIFT 3 UP button under the L (A). This will display the LIFTS: ON \_ OFF screen (B).

Now press the **UP** button under the lift that you want to turn on or off. In this example, lift 5 has been turned off. After selecting which lifts are to be on or off, press the **LIFT 1 DOWN** button **two times** to exit the screen and save the new parameter setting.



#### 4. Establish "D" and "V".

(If you are not in parameter mode, do step 1 before doing this step) Press the LIFT 1 UP button under the PAR on the LCD display two times and the display will show the current setting of the Dwell (A) for all up and the Valve Compensation (B) as either 1= on, or 0= off.

The **D** value indicates how many seconds that the lifts will travel up after the **ALL-UP** button on the hydrostatic lever is pressed momentarily. The time can be changed by pressing the **LIFT 4 UP** button. It is normally set to **zero** before delivering the machine to the customer, but can be set to a value of **20** while adjusting the machine valves. Pressing the **LIFT 4 UP** button will add **5 seconds** to the value each time until **D25** and then will return to **D00**.

When the value is set at **D00**, the up motion stops as soon as the hydrostatic lever **ALL-UP** button is released. If the value is set to anything greater than **D00**, the **ALL-UP** will only need to be pressed momentarily and the lifts will continue the up move until the parameter has been reached.

The **V** value indicates whether or not the valve automatic compensation is performed. Press the **LIFT 6 UP** button to change this value. This is normally left at **V1**.

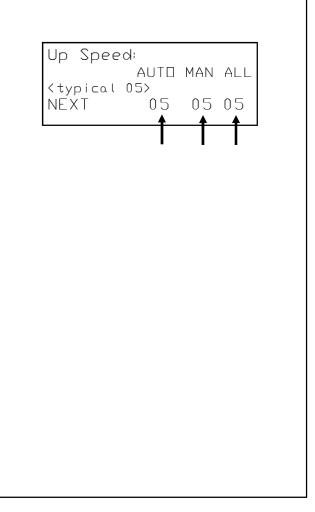
#### PRESS UP TO CHANGE PARAMETERS PRESS DOWN TO QUIT NEXT c L6 D00 V1 (A) (B)

#### 5. Set the lift up speeds.

(if you are not in parameter mode, do step 1 before doing this step) Press the LIFT 1 UP button under the PAR on the LCD display screen three times and the display will show the current setting of the up speed for an auto move, a manual move, and an all-up move with a value from **01** to **10**.

With the value set to **01** in the **MAN** or to **03** in the **AUTO** and **ALL**, the lifts will move slow enough to see if any are moving slower than the rest. These settings are useful for adjusting the offset of the valves to get all the lifts to move at the same speed. Typically these values are set to **05** for a fairly fast speed. The values can be changed by pressing the up and down buttons under the **AUTO**, **MAN**, or **ALL**.

The values can be saved by pressing the **LIFT 1 DOWN** button to exit this screen and save the new parameter setting.



#### 6. Set the lift up offset.

(If you are not in parameter mode, do step 1 before doing this step) Press the LIFT 1 UP button under the PAR on the LCD display screen four times and the display will show the current setting of the UP OFFSET for the first three lifts. Pressing NEXT again will show the offset setting for the last three lifts. The UP OFFSET for each valve can be set from -19 to +20 as needed to get that lift speed to match the speed of the other lifts. The more positive the number, the faster the lift will move. Typically the offset is initially adjusted at a very slow speed by setting the LIFT UP SPEED to either 01 or 03.

Exit the parameter mode and check the speed of each lift by moving it manually with the up/down buttons. Now correct the fastest and slowest lifts to match the average speed by changing the offset value with the up/down buttons for that lift while in the **LIFT UP OFFSET** parameter. When finished setting the offset values, return the speed setting back to approximately **05**.

Now with all the lifts at their lowest points, select **AUTO.** Now press the **ALL-UP** button on the hydrostatic lever so they will all move up at the same time. Correct the valves for any lifts that are not close to the speed of the others.

The values can be saved by pressing the **LIFT 1 DOWN** button to exit the screen and save the new parameter setting.

Up Speed	۰k		
	AUTO	MAN	ALL
<typical NEXT</typical 	05> 03	01	03
Up Offse	≥t:		

Up ∐ffs	et:		
-	1	2	3
<typical< th=""><th>00&gt;</th><th></th><th></th></typical<>	00>		
<typical NEXT</typical 	+01	-06	00

These values are for demonstration only, actual values are determined by the operator.

Up Offs	et:		
	4	5	6
<typical< th=""><th>00&gt;</th><th></th><th></th></typical<>	00>		
≺typical NEXT	-07	+05	00

These values are for demonstration only, actual values are determined by the operator.

# NOTICE

To get all the lift speeds even, you may need to lower the sift speed below 05. This will ensure that the flow is being controlled by the valve rather than restricted by the .042" orifice. After adjusting the offset parameters for even up speeds, the up speed value can be increased back to 05.

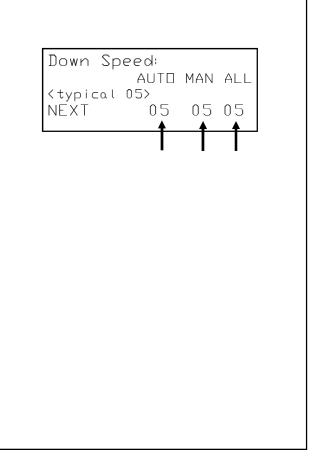
continued on next page

#### 7. Set the lift down speeds,

(If you are not in parameter mode, do step one before doing this step) Press the **LIFT 1 UP** button under the **PAR** on the LCD display screen **six times** and the display will show the current setting of the down speed for an auto move, a manual move, and an all-resume move with a value of **01-10**.

With the value set to **03** the lifts will move a little slower. This setting of **03** is useful for adjusting the offset of the values for getting all the lifts the same speed. Typically these values are set to **05** for a fairly fast speed. The values can be changed by pressing the up and down buttons under the **AUTO**, **MAN**, or **ALL**.

The values can be saved by pressing the LIFT 1 DOWN button to exit this screen and save the new parameter setting.



#### 8. Set the lift down offset.

(If you are not in the parameter mode, do step 1 before doing this step) Press the **LIFT 1 UP** button under the **PAR** on the LCD screen **seven times** and the display will show the current setting of the down offset for the first three lifts (A). Pressing the **NEXT** again will show the offset setting for the last three lifts (B).

The down offset for each valve can be adjusted for a value from -19 to +20. The more positive the value, the faster the lift will move. Typically the offset is initially adjusted at a slower speed by setting the lift down speed to **03**.

Exit the parameter mode and check the speed of each lift by moving it manually with the up/down buttons. Now correct the fastest and slowest lifts to match the average speed by changing the offset value with the up/down buttons for that lift while in the **DOWN OFFSET** parameter. When finished setting the offset values, return the speed setting back to approximately **05**.

Now with all the lifts at their highest points, select **AUTO** so all lifts will move down together. Correct the values for any lifts that are not close to the speed of the others.

The values can be saved by pressing the LIFT 1 DOWN button to exit this screen and save the parameter setting.

Down Spe	ed:		
	AUTO	MAN	ALL
<typical (<="" td=""><td>)5&gt;</td><td></td><td></td></typical>	)5>		
<typical (<br="">NEXT</typical>	03	03	03

Down 🛛 f	fset:		
	1	2	3
<typical< th=""><th>00&gt;</th><th></th><th></th></typical<>	00>		
NEXT	+01	-06	00
		Down Offset: 1 <typical 00=""> NEXT +01</typical>	1 2

These values are for demonstration only, actual values are determined by the operator.

Down 🛛 f	fset		
	4	5	6
<typical NEXT</typical 	00> -07	+05	00

These values are for demonstration only, actual values are determined by the operator.

NOTICE

Once the parameters have been set, very

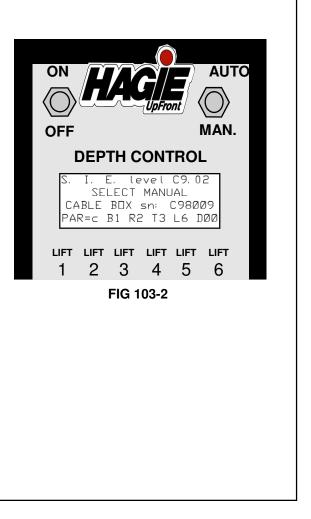
little adjustment will be required.

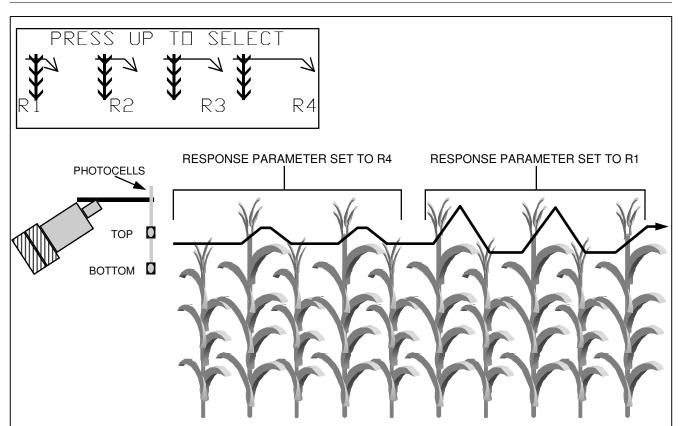
Once you have set the operating parameters you can adjust the response parameters. These parameters are used to adjust the response of the controller and **seldom** need changing. The parameter values are stored in flash memory and will be retained even when no battery power is present. Your programmable control box is factory preset with the following parameter defaults:

#### BOTTOM PARAMETER- B1 RESPONSE PARAMETER- R2 TOP PARAMETER- T3

These parameters will always be displayed until the control box is reprogrammed. Once reprogrammed, the new values for the parameters will appear in the window of the control box.

To program the unit, first select the response parameter. If further adjustment is required for top and/ or bottom parameters, continue with their adjustments.



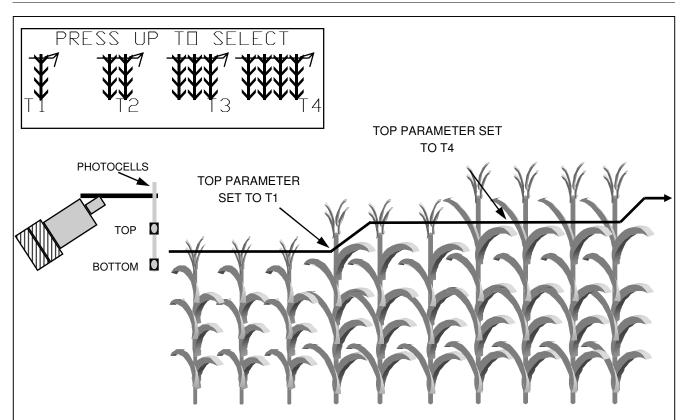


#### **Tasseltrol® Response Parameter**

The response parameter is used to adjust the response time of both photocells. How quickly the down motion starts when no corn is detected by either top or bottom cells, and how quickly the up motion is stopped when corn is no longer detected by the top cell, can be changed by selecting **R1**, **R2**, **R3**, or **R4**. More corrections will occur with **R1** selected and fewer with **R4** selected. The normal or default value for this parameter is **R2**, but can be set to any desired value.

Use the response parameter to adjust overall correction activity and to compensate for ground speed. If the pullers are moving too quickly and frequently, the response parameter can be increased toward **R4**. If the pullers are too slow to respond to changes in the corn depth, decrease the parameters toward **R1**. Generally this parameter can be left at **R2**. To display the response parameter, select **AUTO** and turn the control box power on. Wait three seconds for the **SELECT MANUAL** message, press the **UP** button under **PAR.** Now press the **UP** button under the **R** value.

- The active value of the parameter is indicated by it blinking on and off while the other three options are displayed continuously.
- To select a new value for the parameter, press the UP button under the desired choice.
- After selecting one of the four options, press the LIFT 1 DOWN button to escape this parameter.
- To save new values and escape the parameter mode, press the LIFT 1 DOWN button a second time.



#### **Tasseltrol® Top Parameter**

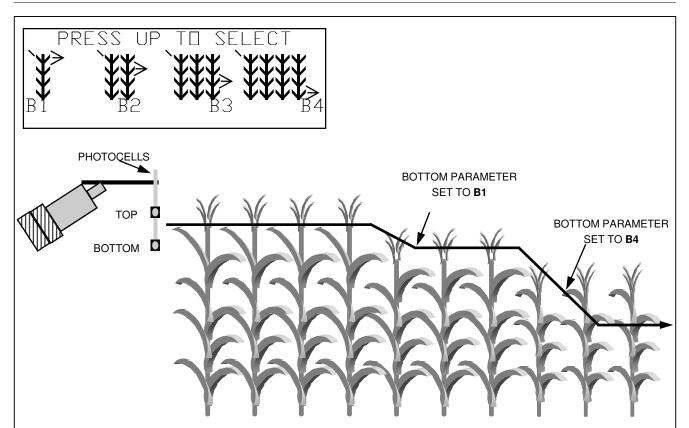
The top parameter is used to adjust the sensitivity time of the top photocell. The top photocell starts the up motion when its lights path is blocked by corn. How much corn it has to see before starting the up move can be changed by selecting one of the four values **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, or **T4**. With **T1** selected, less corn is required to start an up move. The normal or default value for this parameter is **T3**, but can be set to any desired value.

If the pullers move up too easily when a taller stalk of corn passes, increase the parameter toward **T4**. If the pullers stay deep too long when taller corn passes, decrease the parameter toward **T1**. Generally this parameter can be left at **T3**.

To display the top parameter, select **AUTO** and turn the control box power on. Wait three seconds for

the SELECT MANUAL message, press the UP button under PAR. Now press the UP button under the T value.

- The active value of the parameter is indicated by it blinking on and off while the other three options are displayed continuously.
- To select a new value for the parameter, press
   the UP button under the desired choice.
- After selecting one of the four options, press the LIFT 1 DOWN button to escape this parameter.
- To save new values and escape the parameter mode, press the LIFT 1 DOWN button a second time.



#### **Tasseltrol® Bottom Parameter**

The bottom parameter is used to adjust the sensitivity time of the bottom photocell. The bottom photocell stops the down motion when its light path is blocked by corn. How much corn it has to see before stopping the down move can be changed by selecting one of the four values **B1**, **B2**, **B3**, or **B4**. With **B1** selected, the down move will stop as soon as corn is detected. The normal or default value for this parameter is **B1**, but can be set to any desired value.

If the pullers run too shallow after moving down into shorter corn, increase the parameter toward **B4**. If the pullers move too deep when going into shorter corn or oscillates between the top and bottom photocells, decrease the parameter toward **B1**. Generally this parameter can be left at **B1**. and turn the control box power on. Wait three seconds for the **SELECT MANUAL** message, press the **UP** button under **PAR.** Now press the **UP** button under the **B** value.

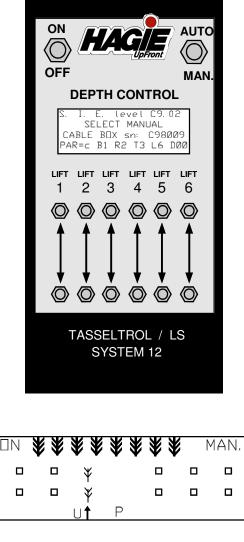
- The active value of the parameter is indicated by it blinking on and off while the other three options are displayed continuously.
- To select a new value for the parameter, press
   the UP button under the desired choice.
- After selecting one of the four options, press the LIFT 1 DOWN button to escape this parameter.
- To save new values and escape the parameter mode, press the LIFT 1 DOWN button a second time.

To display the bottom parameter, select AUTO

To use the control box with its normal parameter setting, use the following procedures:

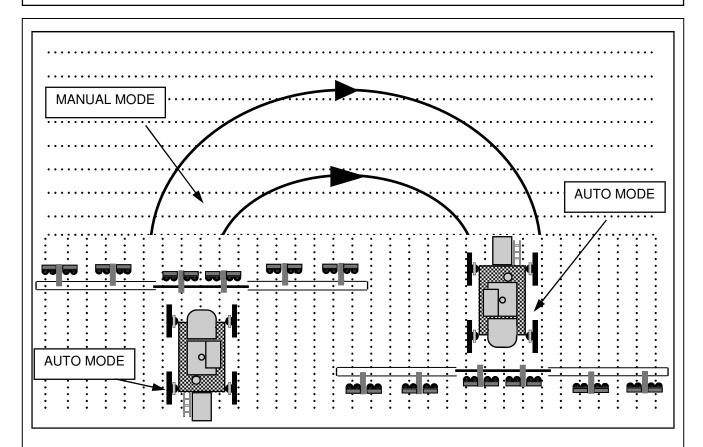
- From the operator's seat, turn the ignition to the **ON** position.
- Turn the control box power switch to the ON position.
- Turn the AUTO/MANUAL switch to MAN-UAL. At this time, the display will read "MANUAL" in addition to other information identifying the control box.
- Press the individual row switches for up and down movement. An arrow in the display will indicate direction of each lift assembly. P indicates pressure, UP only in "o" type machines, and UP and DOWN both in "p", "c", and "x" type machines.
- If the AUTO/MANUAL switch is left in the AUTO position when the unit is first started, the display will tell you to SELECT MANUAL. After you have selected MANUAL, switch back to the AUTO position.
- To override the system, press the desired UP switch to raise the attachment. When the switch is released, the system will go back into the AUTO mode.
- 7. If the ignition is left on and the AUTO/ MANUAL switch is left in the AUTO position, the down coils on the electro-hydraulic valve will lose power after 45 seconds. To reactivate, move the AUTO/MANUAL switch from AUTO to MANUAL and back to AUTO.





continued on next page

8. The control box is set up with a feature so that if a unit loses contact during operation in the AUTO mode, the unit will automatically rise. If this should happen, switch to the MANUAL mode and determine the cause for the malfunction.



#### **Short Corn Operation**

When operating the LS system, always select **MANUAL** when first entering the field. Once you have maintained your operating speed and the cutting and/or pulling depth, select **AUTO**. When you come to an area where the corn is very short, such as a low spot in the field, you may want to switch to the **MANUAL** position until you reach taller corn. Always switch to the **MANUAL** position before you reach the end rows (see figure). This will allow the cutter or puller heads to maintain their cutting or pulling height when re-entering the field. Then you may switch back to **AUTO**.

You may choose to use the **ALL UP/HOLD** function instead of switching to manual. This function will raise all the detasseling heads in one motion.

#### "All UP" and "All Hold" Function

This function can be used to raise or lower all row units at the same time. The switches to control this option are located on the hydrostatic lever (A) and the combo control panel (B). All the row units will move up when the top of either switch is activated and will lower when the bottom of either switch is activated.

The parameters for dwell on the up move can be set to 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, or 25 seconds. The heads will move up this amount of time without having to hold the all-up/hold switch in the up position (only in values greater than 0). All heads will hold this position when the parameter is reached. To resume automatic depth control, activate the all-up/hold switch in the lower position.

To program the **ALL-UP/HOLD** functions, see the instructions for **Dwell**.

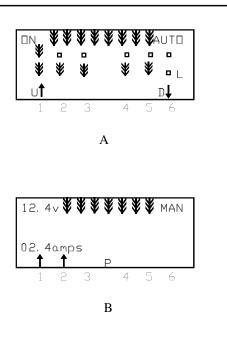
#### **Additional Features**

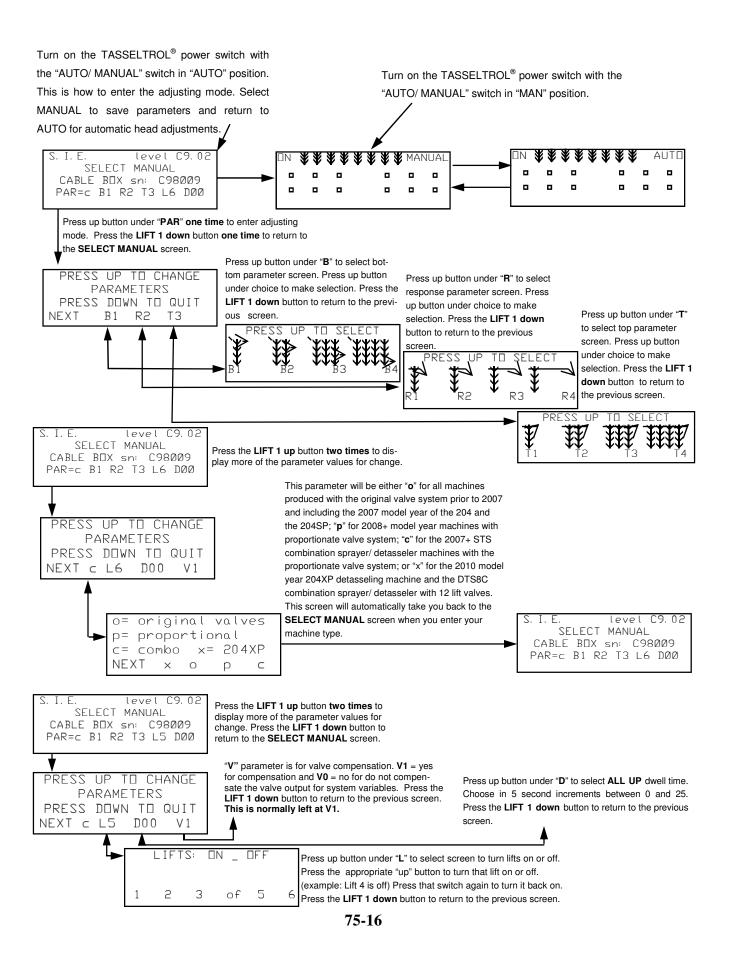
To temporarily lock a lift up, hold the up button for that lift while switching from the manual to auto mode. The display will show an "L" for that lift to indicate that it is locked and will not move down automatically (A). The lift will return back to normal operation when the manual mode is again selected.

To display the supply voltage and current for the controller, press the **ALL-UP** button while in the manual mode (B).

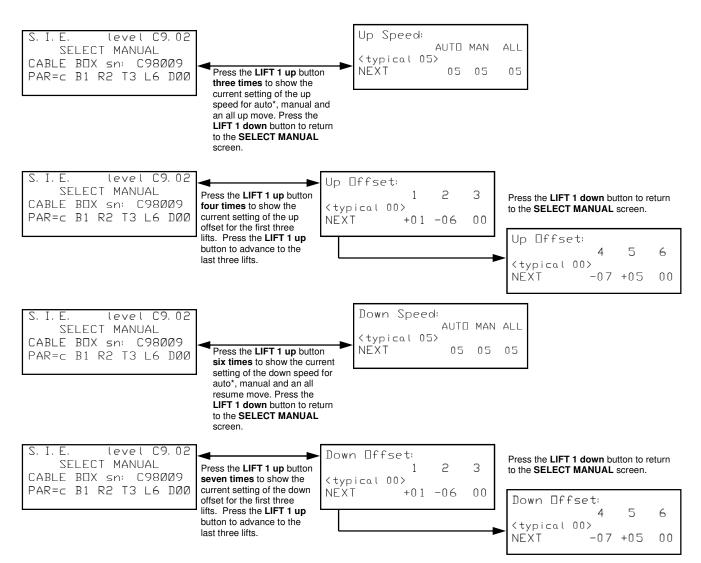




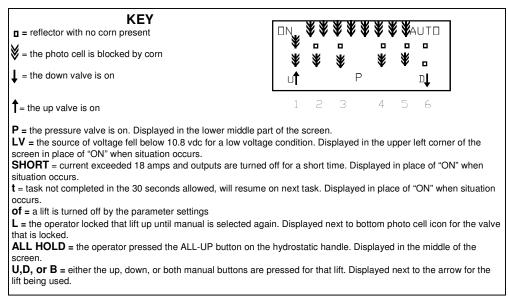




### TASSELTROL®/LS SYSTEM 12™



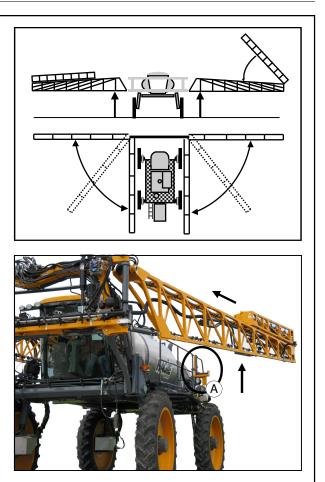
NOTE: With the exception of the machine valve type screen, which automatically reverts upon changing, you may advance through all the parameter settings while making changes without returning to the SELECT MANUAL screen each time by pressing the LIFT 1 up button instead of the down button. LIFT 1 down saves the changes upon exiting the parameter screen.



#### **Cradling the Booms**

The booms should always be cradles before traveling, transporting, or parking for an extended period of time. **The booms must be folded when cradled.** 

To cradle the booms, fold the boom extensions in, raise the transom, and fold the booms in toward the machine. When the boom reaches the last 8-10 degrees of travel, it will automatically slow down to avoid impact with the cradle. Raise each individual boom level until it clears the outer cradle stop. Fold the boom in toward the cradle back-stop. When it touches the back-stop, lower the boom level until the full weight of the boom rests in the cradle (A).







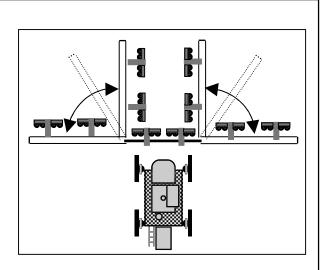
### Folding the Outriggers

Before folding the outriggers, the detasseling heads must be staggered in height. Damage will occur if the detasseling heads are all at the same height and the outriggers are folded!

To properly stagger the heads follow these steps:

- lower the cutting of pulling depth all the way down using the depth command switches.
- 2. lower the center two heads all the way down.
- Raise all the heads on one side to approximately half the fully raised height.
- 4. Raise the heads on the opposite side to fully raised height.

Slowly begin to fold the outriggers in, making adjustments as necessary to the height of the heads. Once the outriggers are folded completely, do not try to make adjustments to the heads as there is risk that you may entangle the stalk guides or depth command sensor bars causing damage.





### TRANSPORTING

#### **Driving the Sprayer On A Public Road**

When driving the sprayer on a public road or

highway, drive carefully and follow these suggestions:

- Always have the booms in the folded and cradled position when driving or transporting.
- Use the flashing hazard/warning lights, day or night, unless prohibited by law, to warn other drivers.
- 3. Know and obey all state laws for driving farm equipment on a public road or highway.
- 4. Adjust the sprayer's speed to suit the conditions.
- 5. Slow down and use turn signals before turning.
- Pull over to the side of the road before stopping.
- Keep a proper lookout and maintain control of the sprayer.
- Do not drive under tress, bridges, wires, or other obstructions unless there is proper clearance.
- Use extra care before entering or leaving a public road or highway.
- Make sure the SMV (Slow Moving Vehicle) emblem is properly displayed, unless prohibited by law, to warn other drivers.
- 11. Do not drive the sprayer at speeds exceeding 20mph with solution in the tank. Operating the machine fully loaded in excess of 20mph may result in tire blow out or wheel motor damage!



**Caution:** Hagie Manufacturing Company does not recommend any form of transportation other than driving the sprayer. Loading the sprayer onto a trailer may result in sprayer rollover.

80-3

### TRANSPORTING

#### Loading

When moving the sprayer onto a trailer, follow these steps completely:

- Pull the trailer to flat ground. Apply the pulling vehicle's parking brakes and turn off the engine. Use tire chocks to keep the trailer from moving.
- 2. Fold the sprayer's booms and lower into the cradles.
- Lower the trailer ramps and set the ramp spacing for the tread width setting.
- Get someone to help guide you onto the trailer. Keep everyone a safe distance from the trailer.
- Allow enough room between the sprayer and the pulling vehicle for turning.
- Secure the sprayer to the trailer. See the trailer's owner and operation manual for instructions. Cover or remove the SMV (Slow Moving Vehicle) emblem when traveling over 25 miles per hour.

**Warning:** Never load or unload a sprayer with solution in the tanks!

**Warning:** Stopping the sprayer on the trailer ramps may result in sprayer tip over!





Be sure to read and understand the trailer's owner and operator manual. Hitch the trailer to the pulling vehicle as shown in the trailer's owner manual.

# NOTICE

The loaded height and width of the trailer must conform to the law of the state in which it is being used. Do not exceed trailer manufacturer's recommendations on loaded weight.

**Caution:** Hagie Manufacturing Company does not recommend any form of transportation other than driving the sprayer. Loading the sprayer onto a trailer may result in sprayer rollover.

80-4

### TRANSPORTING

#### Unloading

When moving the sprayer off of a trailer, follow these steps completely:

- Pull the trailer to flat ground. Apply the pulling vehicle's parking brakes and turn off the engine. Use tire chocks to keep the trailer from moving.
- 2. Lower the trailer ramps and set the ramp spacing for the tread width setting.
- 3. Release the securing restraints carefully.
- Get someone to help guide you off of the trailer. Keep everyone a safe distance from the trailer.
- 5. Uncover or replace the SMV emblem.

 Image: warranty.

**Warning:** Never load or unload a sprayer with solution in the tanks!

**Warning:** Stopping the sprayer on the trailer ramps may result in sprayer tip over!

\* Contact Hagie Customer Support if towing is unavoidable.

**Caution:** Hagie Manufacturing Company does not recommend any form of transportation other than driving the sprayer. Loading the sprayer onto a trailer may result in sprayer rollover.

Page	Service Point	Initial	Daily	As Req	
	Check lug nut torque	•	-		
90-1	Check engine oil level		•		
90-3	Check radiator coolant level		•		
95-2	Check radiator grille screen		•		
	Check engine drive belt		•		
110-2	Check air compressor belt		•		
95-2	Check Filter Minder <sup>®</sup> level		•		
90-1	Check hydraulic reservoir level		•		
95-5	Check solution line strainer		•		
105-1	Check batteries		•		
85-3	Check for leaks around the sprayer		•		
95-4	Check and drain fuel filter (water separator)		٠		
125-1	Drain wet tank/air tank		•		
90-5	Check windshield washer fluid level		•		
100-2	Grease quad-puller bearings		2x		
55-4	Check quad-puller tire PSI		٠		
55-5	Check cutter blade retaining bolt (tighten)		•		
100-3	Check detasseling lift arm pivot points		•		
95-3	Clean poly tank strainer basket			•	
95-3	Check hydraulic fill screen			•	
125-3	Replace windshield wiper blades			•	
90-5	Fill windshield washer fluid			•	
95-2	Clean radiator grille screen			•	
90-4	Change coolant concentration			•	
110-1	Change engine drive belt			•	
110-2	Change A/C compressor belt			•	
90-5	Charge A/C compressor*			•	
95-4	Change fuel filter (water separator)			•	
95-4	Change remote fuel filter			•	
95-4	Change in-line fuel filter			•	
95-1	Change air intake filter (Filter Minder®)			•	
95-5	Change solution line strainer			•	
115-2	Change tread adjustment bearing torque			•	
105-1	Change batteries			•	
95-6	Change fresh air (paper) cab filter			•	
95-6	Change charcoal cab filter			•	 
125-3	Change spray nozzle diaphragms and tips			•	
105-2	Change or replace fuses and breakers			•	

Filter Minder  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}$  is a registered trademark of Engineered Products Company

\* use proper equipment

\*\* 500 hours or yearly whichever comes first.

95-5         Change inse strainer         •         •           115-1         Check lug nut torque         •         •           90-2         Change wheel hub oil (50 hrs break-in period)         •         •           95-3         Change hydraulic return/suction filter (break-in)         •         •           115-2         Check tire pressure         •         •         •           115-2         Visually inspect tread adjust bearing bolts         •         •         •           110-1         Grease ladder lubrication zerk         •         •         •         •           100-2         Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks         •         •         •         •           110-3         Grease than period pins         •         •         •         •         •           110-3         Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies         •	Page	Service Point	As Req	50 hrs	100 hrs	
115-1Check lug nut torque••90-2Change wheel hub oil (50 hrs break-in period)••95-3Change hydraulic return/suction filter (break-in)••125-2Check tire pressure••115-2Visually inspect tread adjust bearing bolts••100-1Grease all leg lubrication zerks••100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks••100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks••100-3Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks••101-3Grease the outrigger fold pins••110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies••90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)••90-2Check wheel hub oil••105-1Clean batteries••		Change rinse strainer	•			
95-3Change hydraulic return/suction filter (break-in)•125-2Check tire pressure•115-2Visually inspect tread adjust bearing bolts•100-1Grease all leg lubrication zerks•100-1Grease ladder lubrication zerks•100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks•95-1Knock all particles from fresh air intake cab filter•125-1Check air dryer cartridge•110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins•110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies•90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)•90-2Check wheel hub oil•				•		
125-2Check tire pressure•115-2Visually inspect tread adjust bearing bolts•100-1Grease all leg lubrication zerks•100-1Grease ladder lubrication zerks•100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks•100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks•100-3Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks•125-1Check air dryer cartridge•110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins•110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies•90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)•90-2Check wheel hub oil•105-1Clean batteries•	90-2	Change wheel hub oil (50 hrs break-in period)		•		
115-2Visually inspect tread adjust bearing bolts••100-1Grease all leg lubrication zerks••100-1Grease ladder lubrication zerk••100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks••95-1Knock all particles from fresh air intake cab filter••125-1Check air dryer cartridge••110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins••110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies••90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)••90-2Check wheel hub oil••105-1Clean batteries••	95-3	Change hydraulic return/suction filter (break-in)		•		
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100-1Grease ladder lubrication zerk•100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks•95-1Knock all particles from fresh air intake cab filter•125-1Check air dryer cartridge•110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins•110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies•90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)•90-2Check wheel hub oil•105-1Clean batteries•	115-2	Visually inspect tread adjust bearing bolts		٠		
100-2Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks••95-1Knock all particles from fresh air intake cab filter••125-1Check air dryer cartridge••110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins••110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies••90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)••90-2Check wheel hub oil••105-1Clean batteries••	100-1	Grease all leg lubrication zerks		•		
95-1Knock all particles from fresh air intake cab filter•125-1Check air dryer cartridge•110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins•110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies•90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)•90-2Check wheel hub oil•105-1Clean batteries•	100-1	Grease ladder lubrication zerk		•		
125-1Check air dryer cartridge•110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins•110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies•90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)•90-2Check wheel hub oil•105-1Clean batteries•	100-2	Grease transom pivot tube (boom) lubrication zerks		٠		
110-3Grease the outrigger fold pins•110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies•90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)•90-2Check wheel hub oil•105-1Clean batteries•	95-1	Knock all particles from fresh air intake cab filter		•		
110-3Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies•90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)•90-2Check wheel hub oil•105-1Clean batteries•	125-1	Check air dryer cartridge		•		
90-2Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)••90-2Check wheel hub oil••105-1Clean batteries••	110-3	Grease the outrigger fold pins		•		
90-2     Check wheel hub oil       105-1     Clean batteries	110-3	Grease detasseling lift arm assemblies		•		
105-1 Clean batteries	90-2	Change wheel hub oil (break-in period)			•	
	90-2	Check wheel hub oil			•	
115-2       Check tread adjust bearing bolt torque       •<	105-1	Clean batteries			•	
Image: section of the section of th	115-2	Check tread adjust bearing bolt torque			•	
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\*\* 500 hours or yearly whichever comes first.

Page	Service Point	250 hrs	500 hrs**	1000 hrs	
	Check air compressor belt	•			
	Change hydraulic return/suction filters	•			
90-3	Check coolant concentration		•		
95-4	Change fuel filter		•		
	Change hydraulic reservoir oil		•		
	Change wheel hub oil		•		
125-3	Check spray nozzle diaphragms and tips		•		
90-1	Change engine oil		•		
95-4	Change in-line fuel strainer		•		
95-4	Change remote fuel filter		•		
95-3	Change engine oil filter		•		
95-3	Change hydraulic return/suction filters		•		
90-4	Change radiator coolant			•	
125-1	Change air dryer cartridge			•	
125-3	Change spray nozzles and tips			•	
	Call Cummins for exhaust brake service			•	

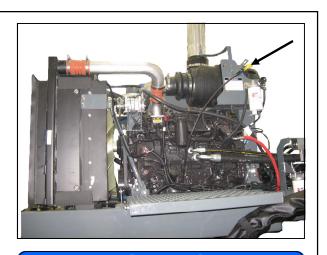
\*\* 500 hours or yearly whichever comes first.

Inspection Point	Action (if necessary)
Check	
Engine oil level	Add oil
Radiator coolant level	Add antifreeze solution
Engine drive belt	Replace belt
Filter Minder®	Replace air filter element/reset gauge
Hydraulic reservoir oil level	Add hydraulic oil
Solution line strainer	Remove and clean
Batteries	Clean and/or tighten
Radiator grille screen	Clean
Look for loose or missing items such as shields	Tighten or replace
Look for any fluid leaks on machine or ground	Determine cause and correct
Check quad-puller tire PSI	Add air if necessary
Check quad-puller bearings	Lubricate twice daily
Check cutter blade retaining bolt	Tighten id necessary
Drain	
Fuel/water separator	See page 95-4
Wet tank/air tank	See page 125-2

### **Engine Oil**

**Oil level**– The engine oil level dipstick is located on the left-hand side of the engine. Never operate the engine with the oil level below the "L" (low) mark or above the "H" (high) mark. Wait at least five minutes after shutting the engine to check the oil level, this allows the oil to drain to the oil pan. Check the engine oil level daily.

**Capacity**– Low to high mark capacity is 2.0 quarts. The engine oil pan capacity is 17 quarts. Change the engine oil every 500 hours or yearly. Refill with 15W40 diesel engine oil.



The engine must be level when checking the oil level to make sure the measurement is correct.

#### Hydraulic Oil Reservoir

**Oil level**– Check the sight gauge level on the hydraulic oil reservoir daily. Add just enough fluid so the level is in the center of the sight gauge. Always check the hydraulic oil level when it is cool. Hydraulic will expand when heated.

**Type–** Premium hydraulic fluids containing high quality rust/oxidation/ and foam inhibitors are requires. Hydraulic oil must conform to one of the following types: anti-wear hydraulic oil, type F automatic transmission fluid, or agricultural hydraulic transmission fluid. Replace the oil in the hydraulic reservoir at 500 hours or at the beginning of each spraying season, whichever comes first.





Cleanliness Standard: Always make sure area is clean before changing filter or hydraulic oil.

#### Wheel Hub Oil

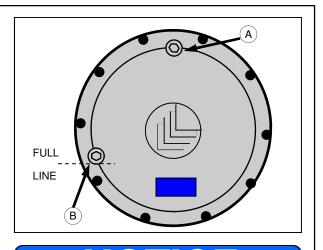
**Bonfiglioli: Oil level**– Each wheel hub should maintain a proper oil level at all times. Less than that would limit lubrication and over full would cause overheating and damage. To check the oil level, position the hub so one of the face plugs is positioned at 12 O'clock (A). The other plug will be at 8 O'clock (B). (When positioned correctly the arrows in the center of the hub should make an "L") Remove the lower plug, if no oil comes out, the oil level is too low. Check the hub oil level every 100 hours.

If SAE 80W/90 or SAE 85W/140 with EP features oil is needed, remove the top plug also and fill just until it starts to come out the lower hole (approximately 40 ounces). With the oil at a satisfactory level, re-install plugs.

**Change-**The wheel hub oil should be changed after the first 50 hours of field operation. Subsequently, it should be changed every 500 hours or yearly (whichever comes first).

To change the wheel hub oil, position the plugs so that one is at the 6 O'clock position and the other is between the 2 and 3 O'clock positions. Remove the bottom plug to drain the oil. Once all of the oil is drained, rotate the hub so that the plugs are in the filling position. Refill wheel hub with gear oil as described above.

**General Maintenance**– If your sprayer is going to sit for an extended period of time, occasionally rotate the hubs by driving the sprayer forward and backward at least 1/2 of a tire rotation to adequately coat all internal hub parts. This will prevent rusting if moisture inadvertently entered the hub during an oil change.



Failure to rotate the hub and disperse oil may cause rusting and internal damage to the hub.

### **Cooling System**

**Coolant type**– Your cooling system should always be sufficiently charged with an adequate mixture of antifreeze and water, regardless of the climate, in order to maintain a broad operating temperature range. Your cooling system has been factory charged with an ethylene-glycol based antifreeze.

Checking Concentration– The radiator cap is located toward the rear of the engine compartment (A). Never remove the cap from a hot engine. Always allow the engine to cool before servicing the cooling system.

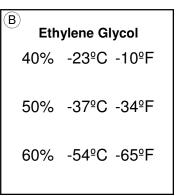
A 50/50 antifreeze water mixture is a conservative mixture which allows good protection against both overheating and freezing. If a stronger antifreeze mixture is required, be sure not to exceed the engine manufacturer's guidelines for antifreeze mixing. The table (B) gives a few examples of ethylene-glycol antifreeze/water mixture protection values. Consult the engine manufacturer's handbook for further information.

Concentration should be checked every 500 hours or at the beginning of a spray season whichever comes first. A refractometer should be used to check concentration, "floating ball" type density testers are not accurate enough for use with heavy duty diesel cooling system.

continued on next page

## A CAUTION Pressure cooling system. Remove cap slowly.





**Changing coolant**– Your coolant should be changed periodically to eliminate the buildup of harmful chemicals. Drain and replace the coolant every other spraying season or 1,000 hours of service, whichever comes first. Refill only with soft water because hard water contains minerals which break down the anti-corrosion properties of antifreeze.

#### Fuel

**Type**– No. 2 diesel fuel is recommended for the best economy and performance under most operating conditions. In operating conditions under 32 °F, use a blend of No.1 and No. 2 diesel fuel. The addition of No.1 diesel fuel may cause loss of power and/or fuel economy.

Storing– See the section on storing the machine.
Refueling– Always turn off the engine and allow
it to cool before refueling. Never smoke while fueling.
Keep a fire extinguisher within reach while refueling.

The fuel cell on a STS holds 150 gallons– do not fill it completely, fuel can expand and run over. Wipe up all spilled fuel and clean with detergent and water before starting the engine.



#### Windshield Washer Fluid

**Reservoir**– The windshield washer reservoir is located on the rear of the cab. check it occasionally and refill it with non-freezing automotive windshield cleaner as required.

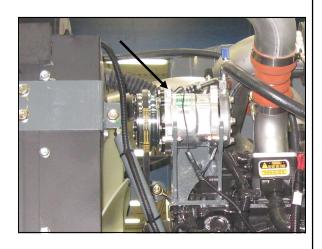


#### **Air Conditioning**

**Type**– The cab on the sprayer is equipped with a R-134a air conditioning system.

**Recharging-**Recharge it only with R-134a refrigerant. If your air conditioning system is mistakenly charged with R-12 refrigerant, serious problems, such as compressor seizure, may result. Therefore, confirm refrigerant before recharging the system.

If you do not have the proper equipment, it is recommended that you allow and independent service agent service your air conditioning system.



### FLUID CAPACITIES AND TYPES

Engine oil pan, including filter	
Engine oil dipstick, L-H mark	SAE 15W-40 .2 quarts
Hydraulic oil reservoir	.32 gallons anti-wear hydraulic oil
Hydraulic system (reservoir, lines, filter, cooler, etc)	,
Wheel hub oil level	
Bonfiglioli wheel hub (4)	.approx. 40 oz. ea
Engine cooling system	.18 gallons ethylene glycol
Fuel cell	.150 gallons No. 1 or 2 diesel

#### **Engine Air Intake**

**Location**– The engine air intake filter is accessed by opening the door on the front of the engine compartment (A).

**Removal**– The engine air intake filter element should only be removed if it is going to be replaced. After loosening the air cleaner and removing the end cap, carefully remove the filter so as not to knock any dust off the filter and into the air intake passage (B). The secondary filter does not need to be replaced if the primary is intact.

**Replacement**– Your sprayer is equipped with a Filter Minder® to notify you of filter element efficiency. Follow its guidelines for servicing (see next page). At appropriate service time, install the new element carefully to ensure proper sealing.

**Cleaning**– It is not recommended to clean the air intake filter element. However, a clean damp cloth should be used to wipe away dust and foreign material from the air cleaner housing.





NOTICE

Do not tap to remove dust. Engine damage may occur due to crushed filter caused by tapping. If the Filter Minder® indicates restriction, remove old filter, discard and install new filter only.

#### Filter Minder®

**Location**– The Filter Minder® is an air restriction monitoring system that progressively and constantly indicates how much air filter capacity remains. It is mounted on the foam marking tank mount bracket. Check its reading daily.

**Service**– Service the air cleaner when the Filter Minder® reads 20" (80% of dirt holding capacity). Service the air cleaner before the yellow indicator reaches the red line of the Filter Minder®. Be sure to reset the system after servicing.

#### **Radiator Screen**

In order to maintain air flow through the engine cooling system's radiator, oil cooler, and air conditioning condenser, the cooling air intake grille must be inspected often and periodically cleaned.

When the engine hood has been opened for servicing, use compressed air to dislodge most large trash and dirt. Blow out the screen AWAY from the machine. Water from a pressurized hose may also be used, or if necessary the screen may be soaked with soapy water and scrubbed gently with a brush.

When cleaning the cooling fins of the radiator, oil cleaner, or A/C condenser with compressed air or water, be careful not to damage the cooling fins which may impair cooling capabilities.





## NOTICE

Failure to keep cooling systems clean can cause overheating and damage to the hydrostatic system and/or engine.

#### Hydraulic Filter and Strainers-

**Return Filter-**Remove and install a new 10 micron rated return filter at the end of the first 50 hours of use, subsequently replace the filter every 250 hours, or once a year, whichever comes first.

Suction Strainers– The suction strainers located inside of the tank should be examined for wear and blockage when the tank is empty for fluid service.

**Fill Screen**– Replace the fill screen immediately if there are any signs of a tear or break. The screen is the first defense against foreign materials entering the tank.



### **Engine Lube Filter**

The engine lube filter (oil filter) should be changed every 500 hours or anytime that the oil is changed.

The filter is located under the service platform, behind the right rear wheel. It is accessible from the ground level.

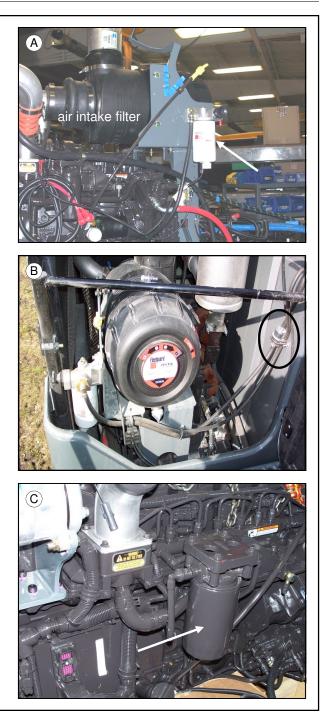


#### **Fuel Filters and Strainers**

**Remote Fuel Filter-** (A) Located near the air intake filter, this filter should be replaced every 500 hours or once a year, whichever comes first.

In-Line Strainer- (B) located on the right hand side of the engine, above the air filter. Note the direction of the fuel flow arrow when replacing.

**Primary Fuel Filter (Water Separator)-** (C) Located on the right side of the engine, this filter should be drained daily of water and other deposits. Replace the filter every 500 hours or as necessary.



#### **Other Strainers**

**Poly Rinse Tank Strainer**– If you have the pressure washer option on your sprayer you will have a 100 mesh strainer in the line from the rinse tank to the pressure washer (refer to Hagie Parts Manual for location). Check the strainer for blockage if you are unable to get pressure.

**Solution Line "Y" Strainer**– To help maintain consistent application rates, check the solution line strainer (A) daily for blockage. Clean the strainer screen as required. Be sure to wear appropriate clothing while removing and cleaning the line strainer screen. Confirm the gasket is in place before reinstalling the screen.

Check all strainers occasionally for blockage and replace them if they show signs of deterioration. Refer to the Hagie Parts Manual for replacement part numbers and specific locations.



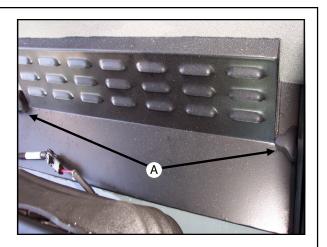
### **Fresh Air Cab Filters**

**Paper Filter**– The paper filter should be cleaned every 50 hours, or more often if necessary. Remove the paper element and gently tap it against a flat surface. Direct low pressure compressed air through the filter to remove larger particles. Replace the paper filter if necessary.

**Charcoal Filter**– Remove and replace the charcoal filter at the first signs of chemical odor entering the cab.

To remove, clean, or replace the filters in the cab, undo the thumb screws on the cover (A) behind the operator's seat and carefully remove the filters. Wipe the cover clean with a damp cloth and allow to dry before replacing.

Figure B shows the air tube that allows fresh air into the cab. Check it often for any material blocking the opening.





### **SERVICE: LUBRICATION**

#### Legs and Steering

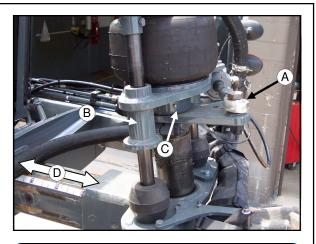
The front legs have a grease zerk in the tie rod ball (A) that needs greased every 50 hours or weekly.

Both the front and rear legs have two grease zerks, one in each of the tower bearings (B) that must be greased every 50 hours or as necessary. There is a grease zerk in the collar (C) under the air bag mounting plate that needs greased every 50 hours also. Do not use air-type grease gun to lube leg towers as this may result in seal distortion.

The slide path of the tread adjust (D) should be greased every 50 hours depending on the amount of usage.

Each leg also has two grease zerks on the outside of the leg tube that should be greased every 50 hours. Tall crops may wipe away much of the grease, be sure to check each leg daily.

If AWS has been installed on your machine, the steering cylinders on the rear legs will also have the grease zerks in the tie rod ends.  $\blacktriangle$ 

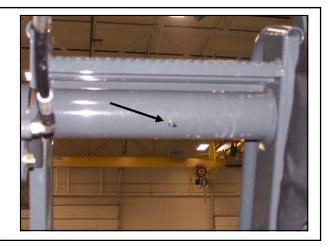


Failure to properly lube pivot and friction points may result in unnecessary wear

and damage.

#### Ladder

The ladder pivot tube has a grease zerk that needs to be lubed every 50 hours or as needed.



### **SERVICE: LUBRICATION**

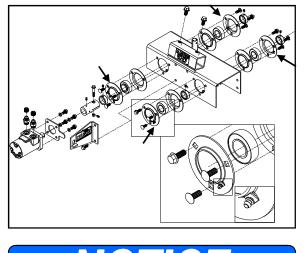
#### **Transom Pivot Tubes**

The transom pivot tube that attaches the booms to the transom has a grease zerk that should be greased every 50 hours or as needed depending on the amount of use. There is one on each side.



#### **Quad Pullers**

Each quad puller head has four bearings equipped with grease zerks. To ensure the longest life and best performance, grease each bearing twice a day. Suggested times are morning and noon.



NOTICE

Failure to properly lube pivot points may

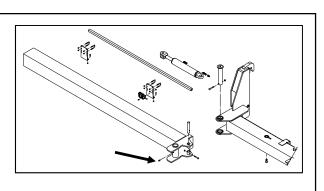
result in unnecessary wear and damage.

### **SERVICE: LUBRICATION**

### **Outrigger Fold**

The left and right outriggers have a grease zerk in the folding joint between the center tool bar and either outriggers.

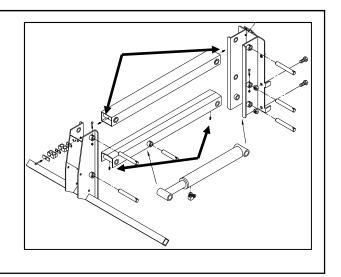
When the combo is being used, this zerk should be greased a minimum of every 50 hours.



#### Lift Arm Assemblies

Each lift arm assembly has four grease zerks. There is one zerk at each end of the upper and lower lift arms.

When the combo is being used, these pivot points need to be checked daily and greased a minimum of every 50 hours.



### SERVICE: ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

#### **Batteries**

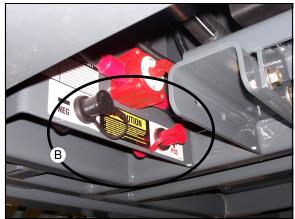
**Service Access**– The batteries are located at the rear of the machine behind the battery service access panel (A). When servicing the electrical system, always remove the batteries. Remove the ground cable first and connect it last.

**Cleaning**– Disconnect the battery cables from the batteries. Remove the corrosion with a wire brush or battery post brush. Wash the cable connections and battery posts with a weak solution of baking soda and ammonia. Apply dielectric grease or grease to prevent further corrosion. Reconnect the batteries making sure that they are tight. Clean every 100 hours.

**Charging**– To ease charging of the batteries, there is a set of auxiliary battery charging posts on the rear of the sprayer's mainframe (B). Connect your charging cables to them just as you would to the battery, positive cable to the positive terminal, and negative cable to the negative terminal. Keep these terminals clean and their caps in place when not in use.

> **Caution:** Batteries contain sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not inhale fumes or ingest liquid. Batteries contain gases which can explode. Keep sparks and flame away while servicing.



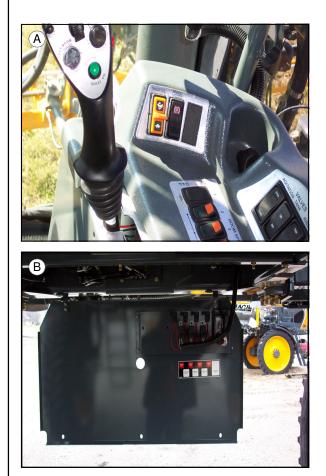


To ensure the best electrical contact, battery terminal connections should be as clean and as tight as possible.

at 25 amps

#### **Circuit Breakers & Fuses**

The STS has a circuit breaker and fuse systems in various locations. Under the right hand console (A) for the cab functions, under the cab (B) for the light functions, and the engine compartment (C) for the engine functions.



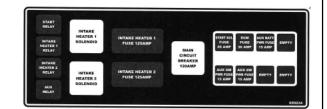




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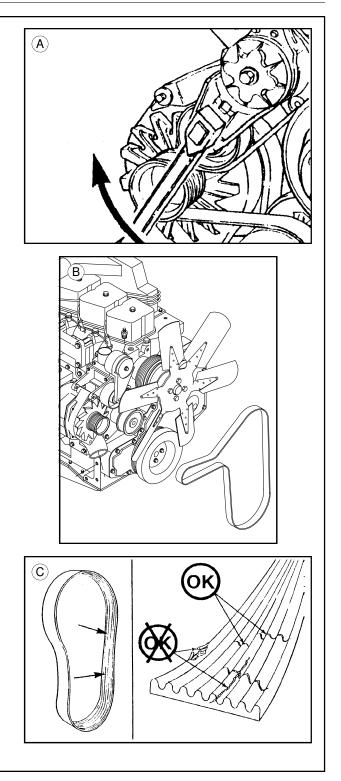
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### **SERVICE: BELTS**

### **Engine Drive Belt**

**Removal**– Insert a 1/2 inch square ratchet drive into the belt tensioner (A) and lift upward to remove the belt (B).

**Inspection**– Visually inspect the belt daily. Check the belt for intersecting cracks (C). Transverse (across the belt width) cracks are acceptable. Longitudinal (direction of the belt length) cracks that intersect with transverse cracks are not acceptable. Replace the belt if it is frayed or has pieces of material missing.

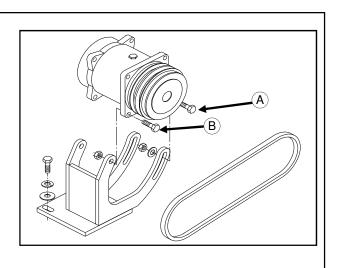


### **SERVICE: BELTS**

### A/C Compressor Belt

To tighten air conditioner compressor belt loosen the pivot bolt (A) just enough to allow movement. Then loosen the adjustment bolt (B). Using a prying tool, adjust the tension of the belt to the desired tautness. While maintaining tension, re-tighten the bolts.

Visually inspect the belt daily. Replace the belt if it is frayed or missing material.



### **SERVICE: BOLT TORQUE**

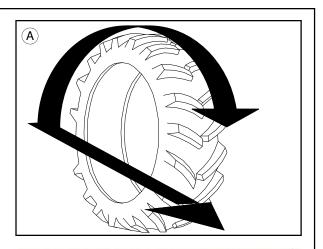
### Wheel Bolts

If you do not have the proper equipment to mount a tire, let your local qualified tire sales/service dealer mount the tire for you. The tire should be mounted on the rim according to figure A for best traction and tread cleaning action. To install wheel and tire assembly on the wheel hub, lubricate the studs with an antiseize grease. Align the wheel bolt holes with the wheel hub studs and mount the wheel on the hub.

Start all of the lug nuts and tighten them until they are just snug. Following the torque sequence shown in figure B, first turn each lug nut to a torque value of 120 dry foot pounds. Use slow, even pressure on the torque wrench. Quick or jerky movements cause inaccurate values. Repeat the same sequences to 150 dry foot pounds and again finally to 400 to 500 dry foot pounds.

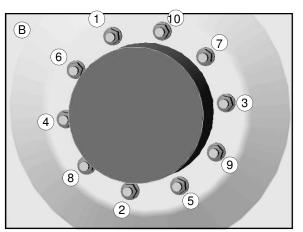
If the wheel turns during lug nut torquing, lower the machine to the ground just enough for the tire to touch and prevent rotation, or more preferably, place a suitable wedge between the tire and the ground. Lower the machine and resume operation. Recheck torque after 30 minute of operation.

**!** Caution: Check lug nut torque immediately after receiving the machine and every 50 hours thereafter.



Keep wheel bolts tight. See owner's manual for torque specifications.





### SERVICE: BOLT TORQUE

### Hydraulic Tread Adjust Units

With the engine turned off, visually inspect the tread bearing bolts on both the bottom and side tread adjust bearing plates every 50 hours. Torque check them every 100 hours.

To torque check the tread adjust bearing bolts:

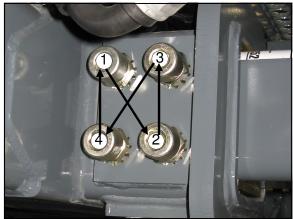
- Loosen the jam nut (A) on each tread adjust bearing bolt.
- Using an "X" pattern (B), verify that current torque on each tread adjust bearing bolt is equivalent to the last check from 100 hours previous.
- Repeat pattern 3 to 4 times until last sequence shows no movement of the bolts to achieve desired torque.
- 4. Tighten jam nut.

Typically a torque value of 20 to 25 foot pounds is required to stabilize the axle and still allow tread width adjustment.

Never operate the unit with loose or missing tread adjust bolts.

continued on next page





If hydraulic tread adjust will never be used on your machine or you do not have hydraulic tread adjust, set all bolt torque settings to 50 foot pounds using the same procedure as stated at the left.

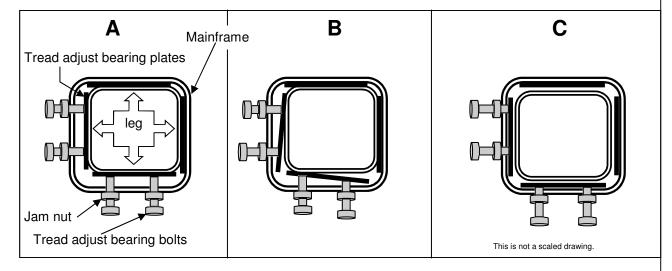
NOTICE

### **SERVICE: BOLT TORQUE**

### Hydraulic Tread Adjust Units

#### Even pressure of the tread adjust bearing

plates is required for proper operation! Figure A shows the correct position of the tread adjust bearing plates and bolts as well as the outer leg. Figure B shows the plates when there is not even torque on each of the tread adjust bearing bolts. Figure C shows a situation in which there is not enough torque on the tread adjust bearing bolts. Both figure B and C will cause the tread adjust to operate incorrectly or not at all.



### SERVICE: TOE-IN

### **Gauging Toe-In\***

To correctly gauge toe-in, phase the cylinders first (page 40-7).Then use a tape measure to measure the wheel from the ground to the center of the wheel hub. Mark that distance on both the front and rear rim lip of all four tires (A). The measurement should be the same on all four tires.

Using the lines drawn on the tires, measure from the front rim lip of the left front tire to the rear rim lip of the right front tire (B, 1-d). Then measure from the front rim lip of the right front tire to the rear rim lip of the left front tire (B, 1-c). These measurements should be the same and will verify that the wheels are straight ahead. If the measurements are not the same, make small corrections to the steering until they are.

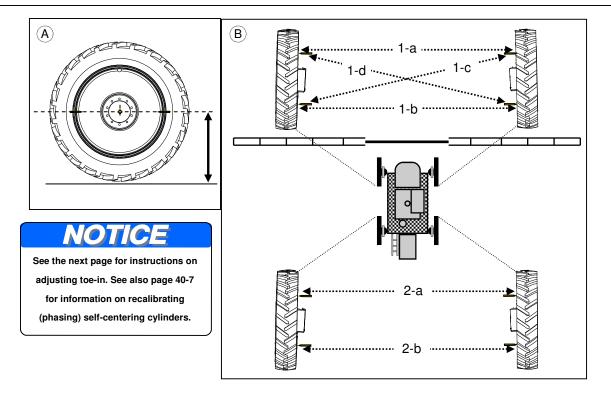
To gauge toe-in, again using the marks on the rims, measure from the right rear mark on the front

tire to the left rear rim lip on the front tire (B, 1-b). Measure from the right front rim lip to the left front rim lip on the front tire (B, 1-a). Subtract the value of 1-a from the value of 1-b. The result should be between  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$  inches (front wheels only).

Repeat the process on the rear wheels. The measurements should be the same resulting in zero toe-in.

Toe-in is preset at the factory and should not have to be adjusted unless the steering cylinders are removed. Difficulty steering one way versus the other or "darting" during operation, may indicate incorrect toe-in and may require adjustment.

\* Toe-in procedures are intended for conventional steering machines only. Customers with AWS will need to contact Hagie Customer Service for toein information.



A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!

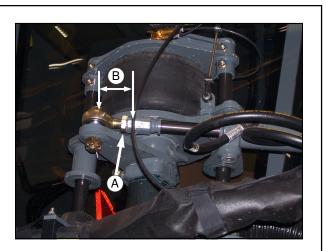
### **SERVICE: TOE-IN**

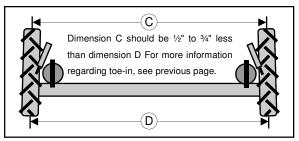
### Toe-in Adjustment \*

To adjust toe-in of the front tires follow these instructions for both front steering cylinders carefully:

- 1. Phase the cylinders, stopping at "center".
- 2. Loosen jam nut (A).
- Screw swivel assembly in or out on steering cylinder until the measurement from the center of the rod end to the collar (B) is the same on both of the front steering cylinders.
- 4. Tighten jam nut.
- Phase cylinders again, re-check toe-in measurement. The cylinders must be phased anytime an adjustment is made to the cylinders.
- 6. Drive forward 30 to 50 feet and recheck toe-in.
- 7. Repeat steps 2-6 until a correct toe-in measurement is reached.

\*Toe-in procedures are intended for conventional steer machines only. If AWS is installed on the machine, contact Hagie Customer Service for assistance.





### SERVICE: MISC.

### Air Bag Pressure

The airbags (A) automatically adjust pressure to compensate for load weight and field conditions. The system includes an air dryer (B) that dries the air coming from the air compressor before sending it to a collection tank. Check the dryer cartridge every 50 hours to make sure that it is purging with compressor unload. Change the cartridge as needed or every other season (1000 hours).

From the collection tank, the air is sent to the airbags located on the legs (A) as needed to maintain a level pressure. There are control valves on each leg that open and close to allow air in.

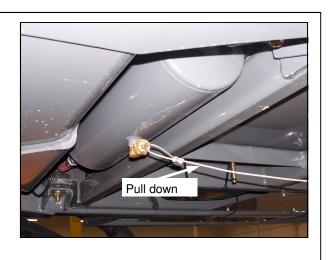
Visually check the air bags daily for leaks and cracking. If an air bag seems to be low check the bag for any punctures or leaks. Call Hagie Customer Service for repairs.

#### Air Tank

Drain the air tank daily by slowly releasing the drain cock. Check for moisture in the system. If there is excessive moisture in this tank, there may be a problem with the system. Call Hagie Customer Support for assistance.







### SERVICE: MISC.

#### Wet Tank

Drain the wet tank daily to prevent system condensation from contaminating the engine air compressor or dryer.



#### **Tire Pressure**

!

Check the pressure once a week or every 50 hours of operation (A). Never inflate a tire more than the recommended maximum air pressure. Use an air line with a locking air chuck and stand behind the tire tread while filling (B).

Tire pressure will depend on type of tire and size of load in the solution tank.

**Caution:** When inflating tire use extension with in-line air gauge and clip on air chuck which will allow the operator to stand clear of tire side wall explosion trajectory.



### SERVICE: MISC.

### Spray Tips

At the beginning of each season, or as required, remove a random sample of spray tip caps (C) and inspect the nozzle tips. If they are plugged or worn, clean or replace them. **DO NOT** put your mouth to a spray tip to try to unplug it!

#### Nozzle Diaphragms

At the beginning of each season, remove each nozzle body cap (A) and inspect the diaphragm (B) for wear or fit. Replace if necessary. Refer to accompanying manual containing nozzle information.

#### Wiper Blade

Change the wiper blade as often as necessary. Do not allow the wiper blade to run on a dry windshield as this will shorten the life of the blade or cause scratching of the windshield.

Replace the blade with a 39 inch heavy duty blade of your choice.



Ć

## STORAGE

#### **Preparing For Storage**

- Perform daily level checks, lubrication, and bolt and linkage inspections as required in this manual in section seven on maintenance.
- Every other season, drain the coolant from the engine and radiator. Probe the drain holes during draining to ensure they are not clogged by sludge, scale, or other deposits. Fill the cooling system to the top with a 50/50 water/antifreeze mixture. Run the engine to operating temperature and re-check the level.
- 3. Add a fuel stabilizer to the fuel and fill the tank.
- Run the engine until it is at operating temperature, then drain the engine oil. Refill with fresh oil of recommended weight and install a new lubricating oil filter element.
- With the engine at normal operating temperature, cycle all hydraulic functions including the steering.
- 6. Release tension on all belts.
- Use plastic bags and water resistant adhesive tape to seal the air intake opening, all exhaust manifold openings, engine oil filter cap, hydraulic oil tank breather cap, and fuel tank caps.
- Disconnect and remove batteries. Completely clean and charge the batteries. Coat the terminals with dielectric grease and store the batteries in a cool, above freezing place.
- Thoroughly clean the sprayer. Touch up any painted surfaces that are scratched or chipped.
   For touch up paint recommendations contact the

Hagie Manufacturing Customer Support Department.

- 10. Replace worn or missing decals. See Section 1 for proper location of warning decals and their corresponding part number. Warning decals and all other Hagie decals are available through the Hagie Customer Support Department.
- 11. Use a multi-purpose grease to coat exposed hydraulic cylinder rods.
- 12. To winterize the spray system, it is recommended that you use an environmentally safe type antifreeze and water mixture that will give you adequate protection to minus 30 degrees below zero. Drain any remaining solution in the spray system and run the antifreeze mixture through the spray system until it comes out all boom openings. Repeat the above process with both the foam marker and rinse systems.
- Refer to the Raven manual for detailed information on storage procedures for the console and flow meters.
- If the sprayer must be stored outside, cover it with a waterproof cover.

For replacement decals contact: Hagie Manufacturing Company 721 Central Ave. West Box 273 Clarion, IA 50525-0273 Ph. 1-800-247-4885

## STORAGE

#### **Removing From Storage**

- Inspect the condition, and test the air pressure of all the tires.
- Carefully unseal all openings that were sealed in the storage process.
- 3. Clean and reinstall the batteries. Be sure to attach the battery cables to the proper terminals.
- 4. Tighten all belts. Inspect and replace any worn belts.
- Check the engine oil, hydraulic oil, and engine coolant levels; add if necessary. A mixture of 50/50 antifreeze and water will cool adequately in summer as well as protect in winter.
- 6. Completely clean the sprayer.
- 7. Review section seven on maintenance and perform all needed services as instructed.
- 8. For starting instructions, refer to section 4 on operating information.

# NOTICE

Protective compounds such as grease can harden under exposure to weather conditions. Be sure to remove any dried grease and re-apply new if necessary.

A CAUTION Start engine from operator s seau When running engine in a buildir sure there is adequate ventilation.

Start engine from operator's seat only. When running engine in a building, be

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Engine won't crank	Dead battery	Recharge or replace battery
	Poor battery connections	Clean and tighten
	Starter or starter relay	Test; rebuild or replace
	Blown fuse in engine electric	Check 20 amp fuse
	box	
	Battery switch in OFF position	• Turn battery switch to ON posi-
		tion
Engine won't start	Out of fuel	Fill fuel tank
	Clogged fuel filter	Replace fuel filters
	Cold weather	Refer to engine manual for cold
		weather starting
	Low starter speed	Check starter and battery
	Blown fuse in engine electric	Check 20 amp fuse
	box	
Engine overheats	Engine overloaded	Reduce load
	Dirty radiator core or dirty grill	Remove all foreign material
	screen	and clean all items
	Faulty radiator cap	Replace cap
	Loose or faulty fan belt	Tighten or replace fan belt
	Faulty thermostat	Replace thermostat
	Low coolant level	Refill to proper level with rec-
		ommended coolant



Start engine from operator's seat only.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Engine misfires: runs uneven, low	Water in fuel	Drain, flush, replace filter, fill
power		system
	• Dirty air cleaner element	Replace element
	Poor grade of fuel	• Drain system, change to a bet-
		ter grade fuel
	Fuel tank vent clogged	Open fuel tank vent in cap
	Clogged fuel filter	Replace fuel filter
Engine knocks	Low oil level in crankcase	Add oil to full mark
	Cold engine	• Allow proper warm-up period;
		refer to engine owner's hand-
		book



PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Solution pump will not prime	Low water level in pump	Make sure the solution tank is not empty, solution pump is self
	<ul><li>Air leak in suction line</li><li>Solution tank valve closed</li></ul>	<ul> <li>-priming</li> <li>Inspect and tighten all fittings on suction line</li> <li>Open solution tank valve, allow air to leave the system</li> </ul>
Erratic reading on pressure gauge	<ul> <li>Orifice in back of gauge clogged</li> <li>Faulty gauge</li> <li>Air leak in suction line</li> <li>Glycerin leaking from gauge</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Remove gauge; clean orifice; reinstall</li> <li>Replace gauge</li> <li>Inspect and tighten all fittings in suction line</li> <li>Replace gauge</li> </ul>
Malfunction of electric solution valve	<ul> <li>Faulty ground</li> <li>Dirty contact terminals</li> <li>Separation in wire</li> <li>Faulty switch</li> <li>Short in solenoid coil</li> <li>Bad valve</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clean and tighten ground</li> <li>Clean contact terminals</li> <li>Check continuity and replace wire</li> <li>Replace switch</li> <li>Replace valve</li> <li>Replace valve</li> </ul>

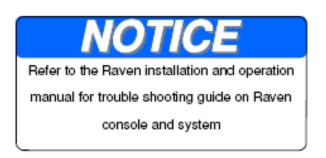


If your machine is equipped with a high-pressure system,

call the Hagie Manufacturing Customer Service Department

for possible causes and suggested remedies.

PROBLEM		POSSIBLE CAUSE		SUGGESTED REMEDY
Solution pump not producing nor-	•	Clogged line strainer screen	•	Remove screen; clean thor-
mal pressure				oughly; tighten strainer cap to
				avoid air leak
	•	Air leak in suction flow to pump	•	Inspect and tighten all fittings
				on suction line
	•	Restricted solution flow to	•	Main solution tank shut-off
		pump		valve not completely open
	•	Suction hose collapsed	•	Obstruction at inlet end of hose
				causing high vacuum on hose
	•	Internal restriction of diaphragm	•	Disassemble; inspect; clean;
		such as build up of chemical		reassemble
	•	Hydraulic failure	•	Call Hagie Customer Service





PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Machine won't move in either direc-	Speed control set too low	Adjust speed control knob
tion	Engine speed too low	Set engine at operating RPM
		before trying to move machine
	Oil level in reservoir too low	• Fill reservoir to proper level
		with approved oil; see section
		on service and maintenance
	Clogged filter	Replace filter
	Hydrostatic pump not turning	
External oil leaks	<ul> <li>Loose or faulty fittings</li> </ul>	Tighten or replace
	Damaged O-ring	<ul> <li>Inspect; if damaged replace</li> </ul>
	Faulty hose	Replace hose



PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Machine will move in only one di-	Speed control set too low	Adjust speed control knob
rection	Hydrostatic system failure	Call Hagie Customer Service
Hydrostatic system responding	Engine speed too low	Set engine at operating RPM
slowly		before trying to move machine
	Oil in reservoir low	• Fill reservoir to proper level
		with approved oil; see section
		on service and maintenance
	Cold oil	Allow adequate warm up period
	Plugged filter	Check and replace filter
	Partially restricted suction line	Inspect for collapsed suction
		hose
	Hydrostatic system failure	Call Hagie Customer Service
Noisy hydrostatic system	Cold oil	Allow adequate warm up period
	Low engine speed	Increase engine speed
	Oil level in reservoir low	• Fill reservoir to proper level
		with approved oil; see section
		on service and maintenance
	Hydrostatic system failure	Call Hagie Customer Service



PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Entire hydraulic system fails to	Oil level in reservoir too low	Fill reservoir to proper level
function		with approved oil; see section
		on service and maintenance
	Auxiliary hydraulic system fail-	Call Hagie customer Service
	ure	
Noisy hydraulic pump	Oil level in reservoir too low	Fill reservoir to proper level
		with approved oil; see section
		on service and maintenance
	• Auvilians budroulia asotom fail	
	Auxiliary hydraulic system fail-	Call Hagie Customer Service
	ure	

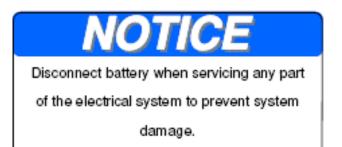


PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Lifting mechanism won't lift	Bad cylinder	Check cylinder; remove and
		rebuild or replace
	Blown relief valve	• Remove, check, replace w/new
	Relief valve set too low	Contact Hagie Customer Ser-
		vice
	Lift arms seized	Loosen mounting bolts; lubri-
		cate grease fittings if equipped
	Faulty electro-hydraulic valve	• See Tasseltrol®/LS and/or Tas-
		seltrol® trouble shooting guide
Cutter head blades, quad pullers,	Oil level in reservoir too low	Fill reservoir to proper level
rollers, or tires won't turn		with approved oil
	Oil not reaching pump	Remove suction hose from
		pump, check for proper flow.
		Re-install hose and all suction
		fittings
	Faulty hydraulic pump	Replace hydraulic pump
	Faulty hydraulic motor or mo-	Replace motor or motors
	tors	
Hydraulic motor leaking	Seal failure	Replace seal; turn heads on
		with low engine RPM
	Restricted case drain hose	<ul> <li>Inspect or replace hose</li> </ul>



Batteries contain sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not inhale fumes or ingest liquid. Batteries contain gases which can explode. Keep sparks and flame away while servicing.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Entire electrical system is dead	Dead battery	Replace battery
	Poor battery connection	Clean and tighten battery con-
		nections
	Low charging rate	Tighten alternator belt
	No charging rate	Replace alternator
	• Battery master switch is in OFF	• Turn battery master switch to
	position	ON position
Light system does not function	Poor ground	Clean and tighten ground
	Burned out bulb	Replace bulb
	Separation or short in wire	Check continuity and replace
		wire
	Blown fuse	Replace fuse
	Faulty switch	Replace switch
	Ignition switch is off	• Turn ignition switch to ON posi-
		tion





Be sure to make yourself familiar with the

machine in both coordinated and conven-

tional steering before attempting to use the

machine for its intended purposes!

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
AWS system will not turn ON	AWS switch not ON	Turn switch ON
	Machine not in WORK mode	Bring the machine to the neu-
		tral positions and turn the
		WORK mode switch ON
	Machine is not in first speed	Use the shift buttons to shift
	range	down into the first speed range
	Sensor or valve malfunction	Contact Hagie Customer Ser-
		vice
AWS system is ON, but rear tires	Machine is being shifted out of	• This is left up to the operator's
do not follow behind the front tires	the first speed range before	discretion
	turn is complete	
	Sensor or valve malfunction	Contact Hagie Customer Ser-
		vice
AWS system does not work, ma-	Operator should see sensor	Contact Hagie Customer Ser-
chine will only move slow	malfunction message	vice

A Operators with machines equipped with All Wheel Steer pay special attention!



PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
No units will lift	Oil in reservoir low	Fill tank to proper level
	Faulty valve	Repair or replace valve
	• Relief valve in electro-hydraulic	Contact Hagie Customer Ser-
	valve set too low	vice
No units will lower	All lift arm pivots too tight	Lubricate and loosen pivot
		points
Only one unit will not lower	Faulty valve	Replace valve
	Lift arm pivot too tight	Lubricate and loosen pivot
		point
All units lift slowly	Hydraulic oil not at operating	Allow time for oil to warm up
	temperature	
	Faulty valve	Replace valve
	Lift arm pivots too tight	Lubricate and loosen pivot
		points
	• Relief valve in electro-hydraulic	Contact Hagie Customer Ser-
	valve system set too low	vice
Only one unit lifts slowly	Faulty valve	Replace valve
	Lift arm pivot points too tight	<ul> <li>Lubricate and loosen pivot</li> </ul>
		point
	1	I



PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Only one unit will not hold position	Oil leak between valve and cyl- inder	Repair leak or replace hose
	Faulty valve	Replace valve
	• Faulty lower poppet on lift valve	Remove, clean, replace
No units will hold position	Problem is not hydraulic	See Tasseltrol®- electrical sec- tion
Only one unit lowers slowly	Faulty valve	Replace valve
	<ul> <li>Faulty lower poppet on the lift valve</li> </ul>	Remove, clean, replace
All units lower slowly	Hydraulic oil not at operating temperature	Allow time for oil to warm up
In "MANUAL" mode, more than one unit lifts or lowers from one up/ down switch	Faulty valve	Replace valve
In "AUTO" mode, more than one unit raises from photo sensor	Faulty valve	Replace valve
In "AUTO" mode, wrong unit raises from photo sensor	<ul> <li>Cylinder hoses are connected to the wrong cylinder</li> </ul>	Attach correct hoses to proper cylinder

#### MACHINE VALVE TYPE

- o = any machines with the original valve model year 2007 and prior
- p = 204/204SP machines with the new proportionate valve model year 2008 and later
- c = STS Combination sprayer/ detasseler with the proportionate valve model year 2007 and later
- x = 204XP and DTS 8C (combination sprayer detasseler) with 12 valves model year 2010

## NOTICE

Make sure that the machine valve is correctly selected to match the machine that

the Tasseltrok® control box is installed on.



Disconnect the battery when servicing any

part of the electrical system to prevent damage.

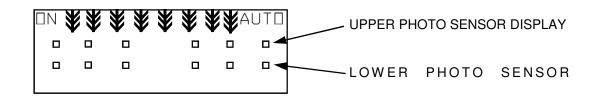
PROBLEM		POSSIBLE CAUSE		SUGGESTED REMEDY
No units will lift	•	Faulty "AUTO/MANUAL" switch	•	Replace switch
	•	Blown fuse	•	Find short in wire, repair, and
				replace fuse
	•	Faulty #1 valve, coil, or loose	•	Tighten or replace coil
		coil mounting nut		
	•	Loose wire connections	•	Find loose connection, tighten
	•	Faulty wire connections	•	Replace or repair
	•	Faulty main wire assembly	•	Replace or repair
Only one unit will not lift	•	In "MANUAL" mode: faulty "UP/	•	Replace control box
		DOWN" switch		
	•	Light photo sensor assembly	•	Replace photo sensor
	•	Faulty valve, coil, or loose coil	•	Tighten nut or replace coil
		mounting nut		
	•	Loose wire connections	•	Find loose connections, tighten
	•	Lights of photo sensor not lined	•	Line up sensor with reflector
		up with reflector		
	•	Faulty row wire assembly	•	Replace or repair
	•	Faulty sensor connector wire	•	Replace or repair

PROBLEM		POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY		
No units will lower	•	Faulty "AUTO/MANUAL" switch	•	Replace switch	
	•	Blown fuse	•	Find short in wire, repair, and	
				replace fuse	
	•	In "AUTO " mode: LS valve as-	•	Plug in wire assembly	
		sembly unplugged			
	•	Loose wire connections	•	Find loose connection, tighten	
Only one unit will not lower	•	Faulty "UP/DOWN" switch	•	Replace control box	
	•	Light photo sensor assembly	•	Replace photo sensor	
	•	Faulty valve, coil, or loose coil	•	Tighten nut or replace coil	
		mounting nut			
	•	Loose wire connections	•	Find loose connections, tighten	
	•	Lights of photo sensor not lined	•	Line up sensor with reflector	
		up with reflector			
	•	Faulty row wire assembly	•	Replace or repair	
	•	Faulty sensor connector wire	•	Replace or repair	
		assembly			
No units will hold position	•	In "AUTO" mode: no crop mov-	•	Drive forward or select	
		ing under assemblies		"MANUAL" mode	
In "AUTO" mode, wrong unit raises	•	Row LS wire assembly plugged	•	Plug correct wire assembly into	
from sensor assembly		into wrong sensor connector		proper row sensor connector	
				assembly	

To gain further information on the status of the Tasseltrol<sup>®</sup>/LS system before operation: while sitting in the operator's seat, turn the ignition key to the "ON" position (do not start the engine); turn the Tasseltrol<sup>®</sup> box to the "ON" position; turn the "AUTO/MANUAL" switch to "MANUAL."

Make sure there is nothing physically blocking any upper or lower sensor's path to its reflector. The display will show the status of the upper and lower photo sensor on each lift assembly. If the display shows a box ("□") in all upper and lower areas, the unit is ready for operation. If the display shows a corn stalk ("¥") in one or more areas, refer to the following information for troubleshooting.

The LEFT-CENTER sensors are used as examples.



#### TASSELTROL<sup>®</sup> DISPLAY

MANUAL MODE							
ΠN	₩	¥₩	¥	₩₩	₩	MAN	
		¥					
		¥					

AU	ГО МС	DE					
ΠN	¥₩	₩	¥	₩	₩	¥	AUTO
		¥	-	-			
∎	ļ	¥  ∪		Ρ	↓	□	Ţ

Unit rises automatically.

PHOTO SENSOR STATUS LIGHTS	POSSIBLE CAUSE
Lights at both photo sensors	Photo sensors not in line with reflector, call Hagie Manufacturing Customer Service.
No lights at either photo sensor	Faulty connector cable (See Hagie Parts Man- ual) Faulty wire in connector cable (See Hagie Parts Manual)

#### TASSELTROL<sup>®</sup> DISPLAY

MAN	MANUAL MODE							
DN	[ ♥	₩	₩₩	₩	₩₩	MAN		
		¥						

AUTC	D MC	DDE				
on 🕉	₩	₩₩	♥	₩	¥₩	AUTO
			-	-		
↓	↓	¥		↓	₽	↓

Unit does NOT rise automatically.

PHOTO SENSOR STATUS LIGHTS	POSSIBLE CAUSE
Lights at lower photo sensor	Faulty wire in connector cable (See Hagie Parts Manual) Photo sensor not in line with reflector, call Hagie Manufacturing Customer Support. Faulty wire in sensor assembly (See Hagie Parts Manual)
No lights at lower photo sensor	Faulty wire in connector cable (See Hagie Parts Manual)

#### TASSELTROL<sup>®</sup> DISPLAY

MANUAL MODE							
	₩	₩	¥	₩	₩	₩₩	MAN
		¥					

AU	TO M	DDE					
ΠN	₩ ₩	₩	₩	₩	₩	¥	AUTO
		¥					
↓	□↓	□ U <b>1</b>		Ρ	┇	□↓	↓

Unit rises automatically.

PHOTO SENSOR STATUS LIGHTS	POSSIBLE CAUSE
Lights at upper photo sensor	Faulty wire in sensor assembly (See Hagie Parts Manual)
No lights at upper photo sensor	Faulty wire in connector cable (See Hagie Parts Manual)

Tasseltrol is a registered trademark of Hagie Manufacturing Company.

## IX. TROUBLE SHOOTING

NOTES

#### Hagie Manufacturing Company Product Warranty

Hagie Manufacturing Company warrants each new Hagie (including Vammas by Hagie) product to be free under normal use and service from defects in workmanship and materials for a period of lesser of: two (2) years or 1000 hours from the date of delivery on all Agricultural Products and two (2) years or 2000 hours on all Vammas By Hagie Snow Removal Equipment (SRE). Hagie Manufacturing Company makes this warranty from the original delivery date and is transferable to a purchaser from the original purchaser of this equipment, given there is remaining time left under the year and hour warranty standard stated above. This warranty shall be fulfilled by repairing or replacing free of charge any part that shows evidence of defect or improper workmanship, provided the part is returned to Hagie Manufacturing Company within thirty (30) days of the date that such defect or improper workmanship is discovered, or should have been discovered. Labor to repair said items will be covered by standard labor time rates. Freight charges of defective parts are not covered by this warranty and are the responsibility of the purchaser. No other express warranty is given and no affirmation of Hagie Manufacturing Company, by words or action, shall constitute a warranty.

Hagie Manufacturing Company limits its warranty to only those products manufactured by Hagie Manufacturing Company (including Vammas by Hagie) and does not warrant any part or component not manufactured by Hagie Manufacturing Company (including Vammas by Hagie), such as parts or components being subject to their manufacturer's warranties, if any. Excluded from this warranty are parts subjected to accident, alteration, or negligent use or repair. This warranty does not cover normal maintenance such as engine tune ups, adjustments, inspections, nor any consumables such as tires, rubber products, solution system valves, wear parts, wiper blades, etc.

Hagie Manufacturing Company shall not be responsible for repairs or replacements which are necessitated, in whole or in part; by the use of parts not manufactured by or obtainable from Hagie Manufacturing Company nor for service performed by someone other than Hagie authorized personnel, unless authorized by Hagie Manufacturing Company. Customer acknowledges that it is not relying on Hagie Manufacturing Company's skill or judgment to select finish goods for any purpose and that there are no warranties which are not contained in this agreement.

In no event shall Hagie Manufacturing Company's tort, contract, or warranty liability exceed the purchase price of the product. The foregoing limitation will not apply to claims for personal injury caused solely by Hagie Manufacturing Company's negligence.

Hagie Manufacturing Company shall not be liable for damages, including special, incidental or consequential damages or injuries (damage and repairs of equipment itself, loss of profits, rental or substitute equipment, loss of good will, etc.) arising out of or in connection with performance of the equipment or its use by customer, and Hagie Manufacturing Company shall not be liable for any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of or in connection with Hagie Manufacturing Company's failure to perform its obligation hereunder. HAGIE MANUFACTUR-ING COMPANY'S ENTIRE LIABILITY AND THE CUSTOMER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE REPAIR OR RE-PLACEMENT OF PARTS COVERED UNDER THIS WARRANTY. THIS WARRANTY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WAR-RANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MER-CHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

#### Α

A	
A/C Compressor Belt	
ACE (Automatically Controlled Engine)	35-6
Adjusting Service Intervals	30-14
Air Bag Pressure	. 125-1
Air Ride Seat	<sup>•</sup> 25-25
Absorber Adjustment	25-25
Armrest Tilt Adjustment	.25-25
Backrest Adjustment	.25-25
Fore/Aft Adjustment	
Fore/Aft Isolator	
Height and Weight Adjustment	
Lumbar Support Adjustment	
Seat Depth Adjustment	
Seat Pan Angle Adjustment	
Air Tank.	
Agitation Operation	
Agitation Switch	
All-Up/Hold Button25-1	
All-Up/Hold, Tasseltrol®	
All Wheel Steer	
Components	
Operating	
Switch	
Terminology	
Tips	
Auxiliary Hydraulic System	
B	
Batteries	105-1
Charging	. 100-1
Cleaning	
Service Access	
	05.6
Battery Acid Accident Prevention	
Battery Disconnect	
Boom Control Valve	
Boom Extension Switch	
Boom Solution Valve L.E.D Indicators	
Boom Solution Valve Switch	
Boom Stands	
Bottom Parameter, Tasseltrol®	
Buddy Seat	25-23
С	
Cab Glass	
Charcoal Cab Filter	
Chemical Safety	
Circuit Breakers	
Climate Controls	
Clock	30-6

	Combo Control Panel	
	Cooling System	
i	Courtesy Light/ Interior Work Light	25-14
	Cradling the Booms	80-1
	Cutter Heads	55-5
,	D	
	Decals	
	Depth Command	40-23, 55-6
	Detasseling Heads	
	Detasseling Switch Panel	
	Detasseling System	
	All-Up/Hold Button	
	Components	
	Combo Control Panel	
	Cutter Heads	
	Depth Command	
)	Detasseling Heads	
)	Electro-hydraulic Lift Control Valve	
	LS Photo Light Indicators	
	LS System	
,	Motor Control Valve	
	Operating Instructions	
	Outrigger Fold Valve	
	Quad Pullers	
,	Relief Manifold	
	Tasseltrol® Control Box	
	Drive State	
	Driving the Sprayer	
	Dwell, Tasseltrol®	
	E	10.10
	Electro-hydraulic Lift Control Valve	
	Emergency Exit Tool (Res-Q-Me)	
	Engine	
	Starting	
	Engine Air Intake Filter	
)	Engine Diagnostic Port	
	Engine Drive Belt	
	Engine Lube Filter	
	Engine Oil	
	F	
	"F" Buttons	
	All Wheel Steer (F3)	
	Drive State (F1)	30-10
i	F2	
	Float (F4)	30-12
	Fence Row Applicator	
i	Fence Row Switch	25-10
i	Field Lights	25-18

Filter Minder®	95-2
Flow Meter	45-6
Fluid Capacities and Types	90-5
Foam Marker	
Filling.	50-2
Operation	50-1 * 50-2
Switch	25-12
Forward	25-8
Fresh Air Filters	
Charcoal Filter	
Paper Filter	
Front Console	
Hazard/Warning Lights	
Highway Running Lights	
Horn	
Ignition Switch	
Steering Column Release Pedal	
Tilt Adjust Handle	
Turn Signals	
Fuel	
Fuel Filters and Strainers	
In-Line Strainer	
Primary Fuel Filter (Water Separator)	
Remote Filter	
Fuel Gauge	30.0
Fuses	
G	105-2
•	20.0
Gear Display	
Gear Pump	
Grease Zerks	. 100-1 * 100-2
Ladder	
Legs and Steering	100-1
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling)	100-1 100-3
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold	100-1 100-3 100-3
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers	100-1 100-3 100-3 100-2
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold	100-1 100-3 100-3 100-2
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers	100-1 100-3 100-3 100-2
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes <b>H</b>	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes H Hagie Diagnostic Port	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes <b>H</b> Hagie Diagnostic Port Hand Washing System	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes <b>H</b> Hagie Diagnostic Port Hand Washing System Hazard/Warning Lights	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes <b>H</b> Hagie Diagnostic Port Hand Washing System Hazard/Warning Lights Highway Running Lights	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes Hagie Diagnostic Port Hand Washing System Hazard/Warning Lights Highway Running Lights Home Page	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes Hagie Diagnostic Port Hand Washing System Hazard/Warning Lights Highway Running Lights Home Page Horizontal Extension Horn	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes Hand Pullers Hand Washing System Hazard/Warning Lights Home Page Horizontal Extension	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes Hagie Diagnostic Port Hand Washing System Hazard/Warning Lights Highway Running Lights Home Page Horizontal Extension Horn Hydraulic Filters and Strainers Fill Screen	
Legs and Steering Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling) Outrigger Fold Quad Pullers Transom Pivot Tubes Hagie Diagnostic Port Hand Washing System Hazard/Warning Lights Highway Running Lights Home Page Horizontal Extension Horn Hydraulic Filters and Strainers	

Hydraulic Oil Reservoir	90-1
Hydraulic System	40-1 * 40-23
Auxiliary Hydraulic System	40-3
Boom Control Valve	40-9
Components	
Basic	40-1 * 40-2
Detasseling System	40-17*40-18
Spray System	
Depth Command	
Detasseling Heads	
Detasseling System	
Depth Command	
Detasseling Heads	
Electro-hydraulic Lift Control Valve	
Motor Control Valve	
Outrigger Fold Valve	
Relief Manifold	
Electro-hydraulic Lift Control Valve	
Gear Pump	
Horizontal Extension	
Hydraulic Tread Adjust	
Ladder	
Level	
Lift	
Manual Fold (boom)	
Motor Control Valve	
Outrigger Fold Valve	
Power Steering System	
Recalibrate Toe-In (phasing)	
Relief Manifold	
Spray System	
Boom Control Valve	
Components	
Horizontal Extension	40-14
Level	40-13
Lift	
Manual Fold (boom)	
Vertical Extension	40-15
Solution Pump	
Spray Booms	40-10*40-16
Solution Pump	40-9
Spray Booms	40-10*40-16
Vertical Extension	40-15
Hydraulic Tread Adjust	40-6
Bolt Torque	. 115-2 * 115-3
Hydrostatic Drive System	35-1 * 35-7
ACE (Automatically Controlled Engine).	
Battery Disconnect	35-5

Components	35-1
Engine	35-2
Parking Brake	35-5
Pre-operational Checks	35-3
Speed Control	
Starting the Engine	35-4
Wheel Hubs	
Wheel Motors	
Hydrostatic Lever	25-6
I	
Identification	15-1 * 15-2
Ignition Switch	25-3
Individual Boom Solution Valve Switches	45-7
Inductor Operation	45-12
Introduction	i
L	

L	
ľ	۰
-	-

L Lift Lift Down Offset, Tasseltrol®.....75-8 Lift Down Speeds, Tasseltrol®.....75-7 Lift Up Speeds, Tasseltrol®.....75-5 Lights Field Lights.....25-18 Hazard/Warning Lights.....25-2 Highway Running Lights ......25-2 Turn Signals......25-2 Locking Lifts, Tasseltrol® ......75-15 LS Photo Light Indicators ......55-7 LS System......55-6 М

# Machine Hours30-13Main Solution Switch25-12, 45-10Main Spray Indicator30-7MD325-15Operating Instructions30-1 \* 30-15Adjusting Service Intervals30-14All Wheel Steer (F2)30-11Buttons30-1Changing Tire Sizes30-4Changing Unit of Measure30-5

Clock	
Display Lighting	
Drive State (F1)	30-10
F2 Function Button	30-11
Float (F4)	30-12
Fuel Gauge	30-9
Gear Display	30-9
Home Page	30-6
Machine Hours	30-13
Main Spray Indicator	30-7
Menu Screens	30-3
Misc. Page	30-15
Pages	
Refer to Operator's Manual	30-7
Resetting Service Hours	
Software Version	
Speedometer	
Tachometer	
Temperature Gauge	
Tread Setting (Misc. Page)	
Warning Light Indicator	
Manual Fold (boom)	
Misc. Page (MD3)	
Motor Control Valve	
NI	
N	25.0
Neutral	
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol®	75-13*75-14
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms	75-13*75-14 125-3
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol®	75-13*75-14 125-3
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® O	75-13*75-14 125-3 75-3
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System	75-13*75-14 125-3 75-3
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station	75-13*75-14 125-3 75-3 
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console	75-13*75-14 125-3 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch	75-13*75-14 75-3 
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console	75-13*75-14 75-3 
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch	75-13*75-14 125-3 
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch	75-13*75-14 125-3 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 25-2 25-3
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® O Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Horn	75-13*75-14 75-3 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-3
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Horn Ignition Switch	75-13*75-14 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-4
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Horn Steering Column Release Pedal	75-13*75-14 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-4 25-4
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Ignition Switch Steering Column Release Pedal Tilt Adjust Handle	75-13*75-14 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-4 25-4 25-4 25-4 25-2
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Ignition Switch Steering Column Release Pedal Tilt Adjust Handle Turn Signals	75-13*75-14 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-4 25-4 25-4 25-2 25-2
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Horn Ignition Switch Steering Column Release Pedal Tilt Adjust Handle Turn Signals Other Features and Controls	75-13*75-14 75-3 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-4 25-4 25-2 .25-21 * 25-25 .25-23 * 25-25
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Horn Ignition Switch Steering Column Release Pedal Tilt Adjust Handle Turn Signals Other Features and Controls Air Ride Seat	75-13*75-14 25-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-2 * 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-4 25-4 25-4 25-2 .25-21 * 25-25 .25-23 * 25-25 25-25
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® O Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Ignition Switch Steering Column Release Pedal Tilt Adjust Handle Turn Signals Other Features and Controls Air Ride Seat Absorber Adjustment	75-13*75-14 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-1 * 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-4 25-4 25-4 25-2 .25-21 * 25-25 .25-23 * 25-25 25-25
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Horn Ignition Switch Steering Column Release Pedal Tilt Adjust Handle Turn Signals Other Features and Controls Air Ride Seat Absorber Adjustment	75-13*75-14 75-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-1 * 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-4 25-4 25-4 25-4 25-2 .25-21 * 25-25 25-25 25-25 25-25
Neutral Normal Parameter Setting, Tasseltrol® Nozzle Diaphragms Number of Lifts, Tasseltrol® <b>O</b> Operating Instructions, Detasseling System Operator's Station Front Console Hazard/Warning Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Highway Running Lights Switch Horn Ignition Switch Steering Column Release Pedal Tilt Adjust Handle Turn Signals Other Features and Controls Air Ride Seat Absorber Adjustment Backrest Adjustment	75-13*75-14 25-3 55-1 25-1 * 25-4 25-1 * 25-2 25-2 25-3 25-3 25-3 25-4 25-25 25-25 25-25 25-25 25-25 25-25 25-24

Lumbar Support Adjustment		.25-24
Seat Depth Adjustment		.25-24
Seat Pan Angle Adjustment		.25-24
Buddy Seat		.25-23
Cab Glass		.25-22
Emergency Exit Tool (Res-Q-Me)		.25-22
Fresh Air Filters		.25-22
Rear Viewing Mirrors		.25-22
Overhead Monitors and Controls	25-13 *	25-20
Climate Controls		
Courtesy Light/ Interior Work Light		.25-14
Field Lights		.25-18
MD3		.25-15
Raven Spray Systems Console		.25-19
Spray System Indicator Light		
Stereo		
Tasseltrol ® Control Box & Switch Pa	nel	.25-20
Vents		.25-16
Warning Indicator Message		.25-14
Windshield Wiper/ Washer Fluid Swit	ches	.25-17
Work Lights		
Side Console	25-5 *	25-12
Agitation		
Boom Extension Switch		25-9
Boom Solution Valve Switch		25-9
Engine Diagnostic Port		
Fence Row Switch		
Foam Marker Switch		.25-12
Forward		
Hagie Diagnostic Port		
Horizontal Extension		
Hydrostatic Lever		
Level		.25-12
Lift		
Main Solution Switch		
Neutral		
Parking Brake		
Power Ports		
Speed Control		
Reverse		
Rinse Switch		
Tank Switch		
Throttle Switch		
Tread Adjust Switch		
Warning Buzzer		
Other Features and Controls		
Air Ride Seat		
Absorber Adjustment		.25-25

Armrest Tilt Adjustment	25-25
Backrest Adjustment	25-25
Fore/Aft Adjustment	25-24
Fore/Aft Isolator	25-23
Height and Weight Adjustment	25-23
Lumbar Support Adjustment	25-24
Seat Depth Adjustment	25-24
Seat Pan Angle Adjustment	25-24
Buddy Seat	25-23
Cab Glass	25-22
Emergency Exit Tool (Res-Q-Me)	25-22
Fresh Air Filters	25-22
Rear Viewing Mirrors	22-22
Outrigger Fold	100-3
Outrigger Fold Valve	40-21
Overhead Monitors and Controls25-13 * 2	25-20
Climate Controls	25-16
Courtesy Light/ Interior Work Light	25-14
Field Lights	25-18
MD3	25-15
Raven Spray Systems Console	25-19
Spray System Indicator Light	25-16
Stereo	25-14
Vents	25-16
Warning Indicator Message	25-14
Windshield Wiper/ Washer Fluid Switches	25-17
Work Lights	25-18
Р	

Paper Cab Filter	95-6
Parameter Mode, Tasseltrol®	75-1
Parking Brake	25-7, 35-5
Phasing (Recalibrate Toe- In)	40-7
Poly Rinse Tank Strainer	95-5
Power Ports	25-11
Power Steering	40-4
Pre-operational Checks	35-3
Proposition 65 Warning	inside cover

#### Q

Quad Pullers	55-4,100-2
Quick Reference, Tasseltrol®	75-16*75-17
Quick-Tach System	60-1 * 60-9
Boom Stands	60-3, 60-9
Disconnect	60-5
Lock Assemblies	60-4
Lowering the boom	60-4
Opening the Boom	60-4
Storage	60-2

Radiator Grille Screen		Ser
Raven Spray Control Console		
Boom Cal		
Contrast Adjustment		
Introduction		
Meter Cal	70-6	
Product High Offset	70-13	
Product Low Offset	70-14	
Product Type	70-5	
Rate Cal	70-7	
Self Test	70-16	
Speed Cal	70-9	
Tank Volume	70-14	
Tip Selection	1 * 70-2	
Unit of Measure		
Valve Cal	70-17	
Valve Type		
Verifying Calibration		
Wheel Sensor Type		
Rear Viewing Mirrors		
Relief Manifold		
Resetting Service Hours		Ser
Response Parameter, Tasseltrol®		001
Reverse.		
Rinse Strainer		
Rinse Switch		
Rinse System	45-15	
S		
Safety 05-1		•
Seat (Air Ride)		Ser
Absorber Adjustment		
Armrest Tilt Adjustment	25-25	
Backrest Adjustment	25-25	Ser
Fore/Aft Adjustment	25-24	
Fore/Aft Isolator	25-23	
Height and Weight Adjustment	25-23	
Lumbar Support Adjustment	25-24	
Seat Depth Adjustment	25-24	
Seat Pan Angle Adjustment	25-24	
Service: Belts 110-1	* 110-2	Ser
A/C Compressor Belt	110-2	
Engine Drive Belt		
Service: Bolt Torque		
Hydraulic Tread Adjust		
Wheel Bolts		
Service: Electrical		
Batteries		
Fuses and Circuit Breakers		Ser
		501

Service: Filters	
Engine Air Intake	95-1
Engine Lube Filter	
Filter Minder®	
Fresh Air Cab Filters	
Charcoal Filter	
Paper Filter	
Fuel Filters and Strainers	
In-Line Strainer	
Primary Fuel Filter (Water Sepa	irator)
Remote Fuel Filter	
Hydraulic Filters and Strainers	
Fill Screen	
Return Filter	
Suction Filter	
Other Strainers	
Poly Rinse Tank Strainer	
Rinse Strainer	
Solution Line "Y" Strainer	
Radiator Screen	
Strainer Basket	
Service: Fluids	
Air Conditioning	
Cooling System	
Engine Oil	
Fuel	
Hydraulic Oil	
Wheel Hub Oil	
Windshield Washer Fluid	
Service Intervals	
Adjusting Service Intervals	
Resetting Service Hours	
Service: Lubrication	
Ladder	
Legs and Steering	
Lift Arm Assemblies (detasseling)	
Outrigger Fold	
Quad Pullers	
Transom Pivot Tubes	
Service: Misc.	
Air Bag Pressure	
Air Tank	
Nozzle Diaphragm	
Spray Tips	
Tire Pressure	
Wet Tank	
Wiper Blade	
Service Toe- In	

Gauging Toe-In	120-1
Toe-In Adjustment	
Short Corn Operation, Tasseltrol®	75-14
Side Console	25-5 * 25-12
Agitation Switch	25-9
Boom Extension Switch	25-9
Boom Solution Valve Switch	25-9
Engine Diagnostic Port	25-11
Foam Marker Switch	25-12
Fence Row Switch	25-10
Forward	25-8
Hagie Diagnostic Port	25-11
Horizontal Extension	25-12
Hydrostatic Lever	25-6
Level .	25-12
Lift	25-12
Main Solution Switch	25-12
Neutral	25-8
Parking Brake	25-7
Power Ports	25-11
Speed Control	25-6
Reverse	25-8
Rinse Switch	25-9
Tank Switch	25-9
Throttle Switch	25-7
Tread Adjust Switch	25-10
Warning Buzzer	25-11
Software Version	
Solution Line "Y" Strainer	
Solution Pump	40-4
Solution Pump Pressure Gauge	45-6
Solution Quick Fill	45-11
Solution Tank	45-4
Solution Tank Valve	45-8
Specifications	. 20-1 * 20-9
Auxiliary Hydraulic System	20-3
Cab and Instruments	20-7
Capacities	20-7
Detasseling System	
Dimensions	20-1
Electrical System	. 20-5 * 20-6
Engine	20-2
Foam Marking System	20-4
Hydrostatic Drive	
Rinse System	
Spray System	
Tires	
Speed Control	

Speedometer	
Spray Booms	
Horizontal Boom Extension	
Level	
Lift	
Manual Folding	
Vertical Extension	
Spray System	
Agitation	
Boom Solution Valve L.E.D. Indicators	45-7
Components	45-2 * 45-3
Fence Row Applicator	45-13
Flow Meter	45-6
Hand Washing System	45-14
Individual Boom Solution Valve Switches	45-7
Inductor Operation	
Main Solution Switch	
Rinse System	
Solution Pressure Gauge	
Solution Pump	
Solution Tank	
Solution Tank Valve	
Solution Quick Fill	
Tank Sump Valve	
Spray System Indicator Light	
Spray Tips	
Starting the Engine	
Steering Column Release Pedal	
Stereo	
Storage	
Strainer Basket	95-3
т	
Table of Contents	iii
Tachometer	30-8
Tank Sump Valve	45-8
Tank Switch	25-9
Tasseltrol® Control Box	
Tasseltrol®/LS System 12™	
Bottom Parameter	
Response Parameter	
Setting up	
All-Up/Hold	
Dwell	
Lift Down Offset	
Lift Down Speeds	
Lift Up Offset	
Lift Up Speeds	
Locking	

Number of Life
Number of Lifts
Parameter Mode75-1
Quick Reference
Short Corn Operation
Using the Normal Parameter Setting 75-13*75-14
Valve Compensation75-4
Valve Type75-2
Voltage
Top Parameter
Temperature Gauge
Throttle Switch
Tilt Adjust Handle25-4
Tire Pressure125-2
Tire Sizes 20-8 * 20-9
Changing Tire Sizes
Toe-In
Adjusting Toe-In120-2
Gauging Toe-In120-1
Recalibrate (phasing)40-7
Top Parameter, Tasseltrol®75-11
Transporting
Cradling the Booms80-1
Driving the Sprayer80-3
Folding the Outriggers
Loading
Unloading80-5
Tread Adjust (Hydraulic)
Tread Adjust Switch
Tread Setting (Misc. Page)
Trouble Shooting
Turn Signals
U
Unit of Measure (MD3)
Unloading the Sprayer
V
•
Valve Compensation, Tasseltrol®
Valve Type, Tasseltrol®
Vents
Vertical Extension
Voltage, Tasseltrol®75-15
W
Warning Buzzer25-11
Warning Decals 10-1 * 10-7
Warning Indicator Message25-14
Warning Light Indicator
Warning Symbolsii
Warranty140-1
Wet Tank125-2

Wheel Bolts	115-1
Wheel Hub Oil	90-2
Wheel Hubs	35-2
Wheel Motors	35-2
Windshield Washer Fluid	90-5
Windshield Wiper/ Washer Fluid Switches	25-17
Wiper Blade	125-3
Work Lights	25-18
X	

Y

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#### NOTES